

Memory-Centric Computing

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27 September 2022

Microsoft Azure AHA Learning Session 2022

SAFARI

ETH zürich

Carnegie Mellon

Computing

is Bottlenecked by Data

Data is Key for AI, ML, Genomics, ...

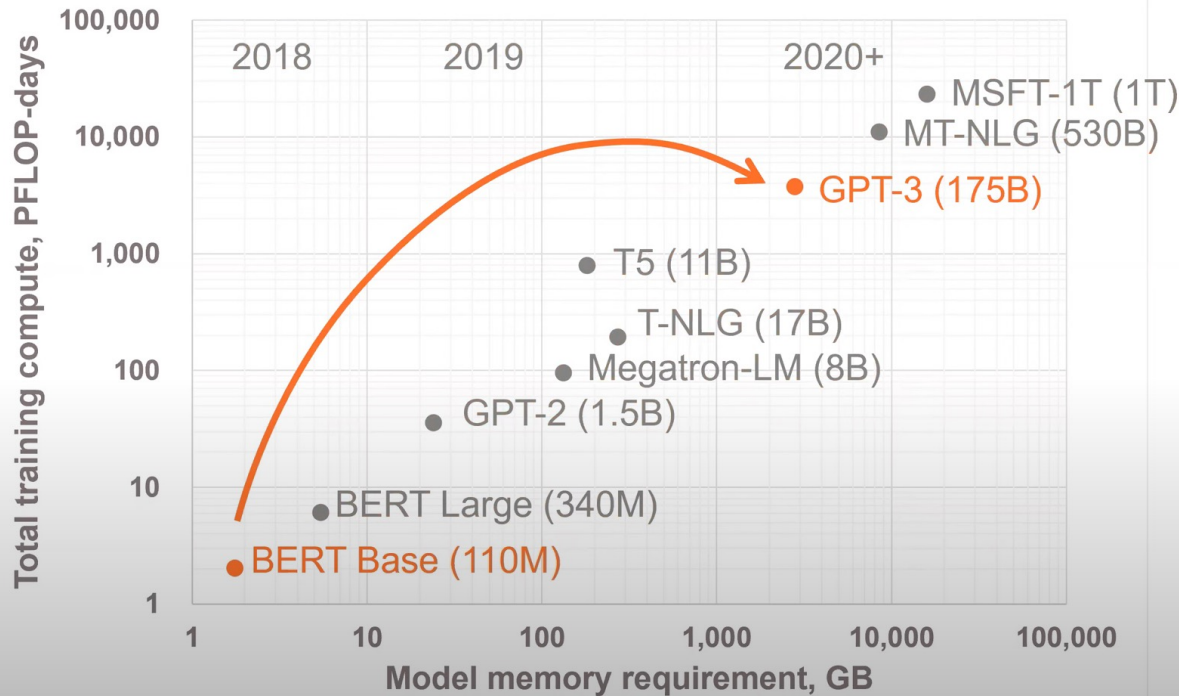
- Important workloads are all data intensive
- They require rapid and efficient processing of large amounts of data
- Data is increasing
 - We can generate more than we can process

Huge Demand for Performance & Efficiency

Exponential Growth of Neural Networks



Memory and compute requirements



1800x more compute
In just **2 years**

Tomorrow, **multi-trillion** parameter models

Data is Key for Future Workloads



In-memory Databases

[Mao+, EuroSys'12;
Clapp+ (Intel), IISWC'15]



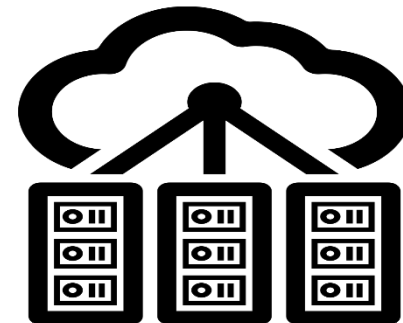
In-Memory Data Analytics

[Clapp+ (Intel), IISWC'15;
Awan+, BDCloud'15]



Graph/Tree Processing

[Xu+, IISWC'12; Umuroglu+, FPL'15]



Datacenter Workloads

[Kanev+ (Google), ISCA'15]

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines



In-memory Databases



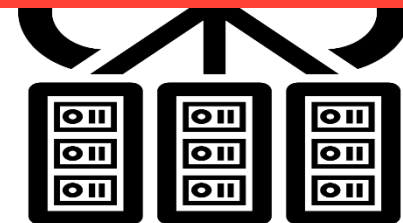
Graph/Tree Processing

Data → performance & energy bottleneck



In-Memory Data Analytics

[Clapp+ (Intel), IISWC'15;
Awan+, BDCloud'15]



Datacenter Workloads

[Kanev+ (Google), ISCA'15]

Data is Key for Future Workloads



Chrome

Google's web browser



TensorFlow Mobile

Google's machine learning
framework



Video Playback

Google's **video codec**



Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines



Chrome



TensorFlow Mobile

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

VP9



Video Playback

Google's **video codec**

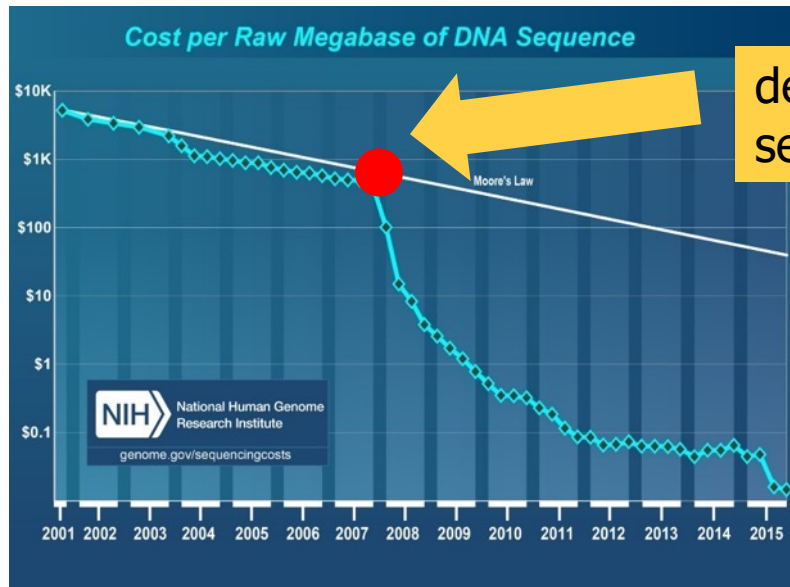
VP9



Video Capture

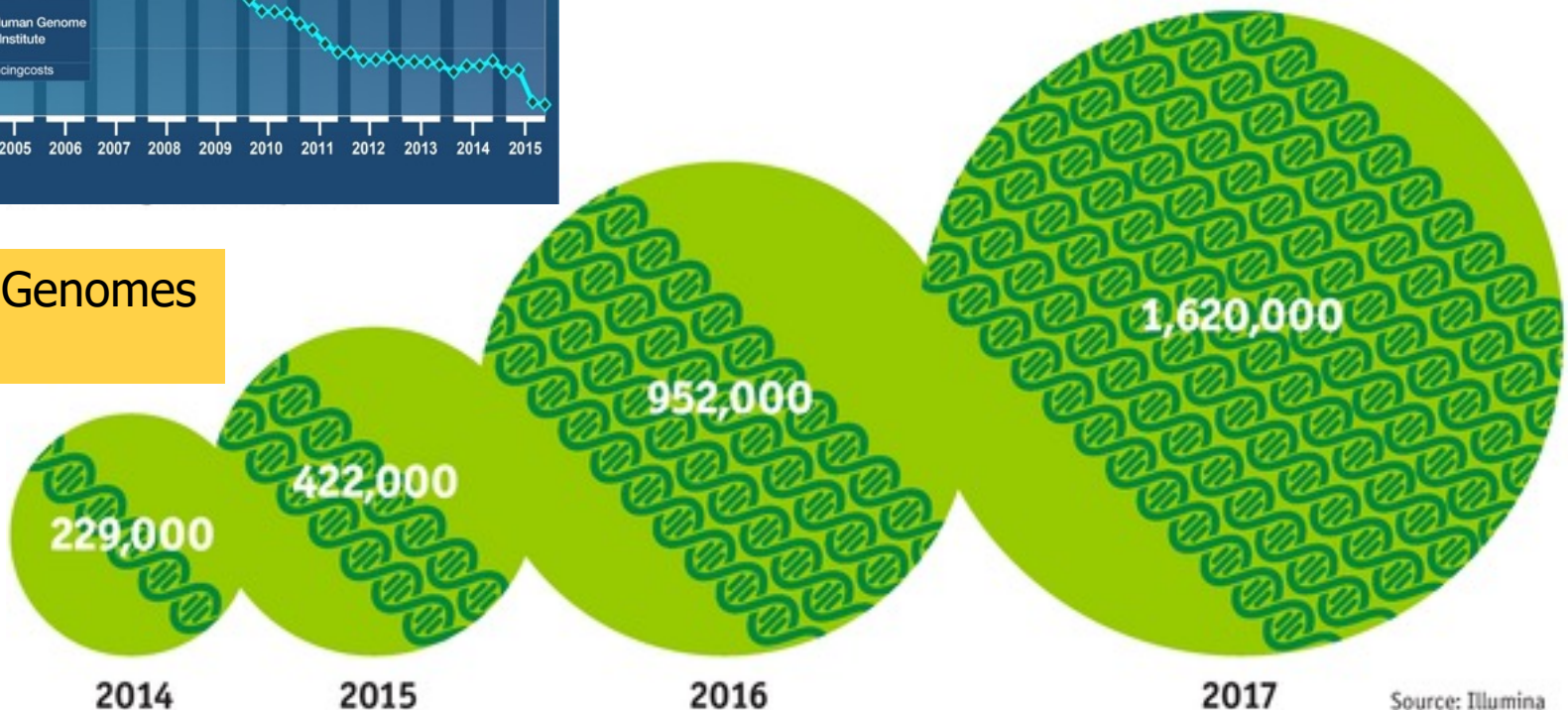
Google's **video codec**

Data is Key for Future Workloads

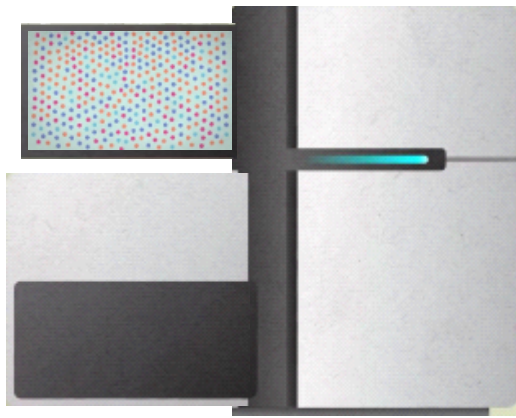


development of high-throughput sequencing (HTS) technologies

Number of Genomes Sequenced

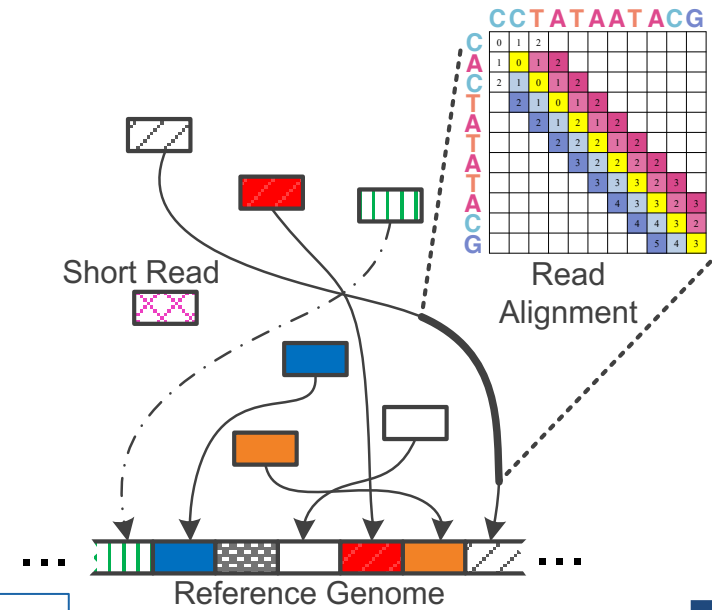


The Economist



Billions of Short Reads

ATATATACGTACTAGTACGT
 TTTAGTACGTACGT
 ATACGTACTAGTACGT
 CGCCCCTACGTA
 ACGTACTAGTACGT
 TTAGTACGTACGT
 TACGTACTAAAGTACGT
 TACGTACTAGTACGT
 TTTAAACGTA
 CGTACTAGTACGT
 GGGAGTACGTACGT



1 Sequencing

Genome Analysis

2 Read Mapping

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

read4: CGCTTCCAT
 read5: CCATGACGC
 read6: TTCCATGAC



3 Variant Calling

4 Scientific Discovery

New Genome Sequencing Technologies

Nanopore sequencing technology and tools for genome assembly: computational analysis of the current state, bottlenecks and future directions

Damla Senol Cali ✉, Jeremie S Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, Onur Mutlu

Briefings in Bioinformatics, bby017, <https://doi.org/10.1093/bib/bby017>

Published: 02 April 2018 **Article history** ▼



Oxford Nanopore MinION

Senol Cali+, “**Nanopore Sequencing Technology and Tools for Genome Assembly: Computational Analysis of the Current State, Bottlenecks and Future Directions**,” *Briefings in Bioinformatics*, 2018.

[[Open arxiv.org version](#)]

New Genome Sequencing Technologies

Nanopore sequencing technology and tools for genome assembly: computational analysis of the current state, bottlenecks and future directions

Damla Senol Cali ✉, Jeremie S Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, Onur Mutlu

Briefings in Bioinformatics, bby017, <https://doi.org/10.1093/bib/bby017>

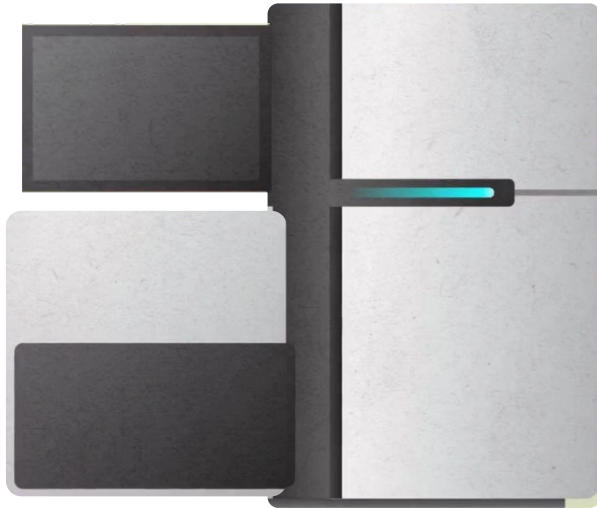
Published: 02 April 2018 **Article history** ▼



Oxford Nanopore MinION

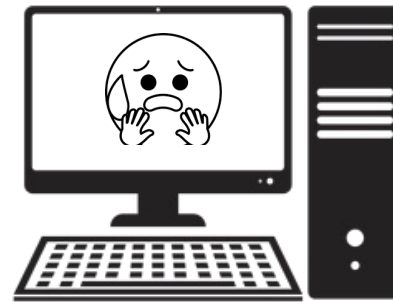
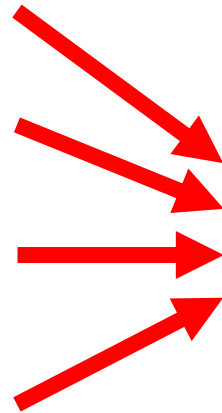
Data → performance & energy bottleneck

One Problem with (Genome) Analysis Today



Special-Purpose Machine
for **Data Generation**

FAST



General-Purpose Machine
for **Data Analysis**

SLOW

Slow and inefficient processing capability

SAFARI This picture is similar for many “data generators & analyzers” today

Accelerating Genome Analysis [IEEE MICRO 2020]

- Mohammed Alser, Zülal Bingöl, Damla Senol Cali, Jeremie Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, and Onur Mutlu,
["Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey"](#)
[IEEE Micro \(IEEE MICRO\)](#), Vol. 40, No. 5, pages 65-75, September/October 2020.
[\[Slides \(pptx\)\(pdf\)\]](#)
[\[Talk Video \(1 hour 2 minutes\)\]](#)

Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey

Mohammed Alser

ETH Zürich

Zülal Bingöl

Bilkent University

Damla Senol Cali

Carnegie Mellon University

Jeremie Kim

ETH Zurich and Carnegie Mellon University

Saugata Ghose

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign and
Carnegie Mellon University

Can Alkan

Bilkent University

Onur Mutlu

ETH Zurich, Carnegie Mellon University, and
Bilkent University

FPGA-based Near-Memory Analytics

- Gagandeep Singh, Mohammed Alser, Damla Senol Cali, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Juan Gómez-Luna, Henk Corporaal, and Onur Mutlu, ["FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications"](#) *IEEE Micro* (**IEEE MICRO**), 2021.

FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications

Gagandeep Singh[◇] Mohammed Alser[◇] Damla Senol Cali[✕]

Dionysios Diamantopoulos[▽] Juan Gómez-Luna[◇]

Henk Corporaal[★] Onur Mutlu^{◇✕}

[◇]*ETH Zürich* [✕]*Carnegie Mellon University*

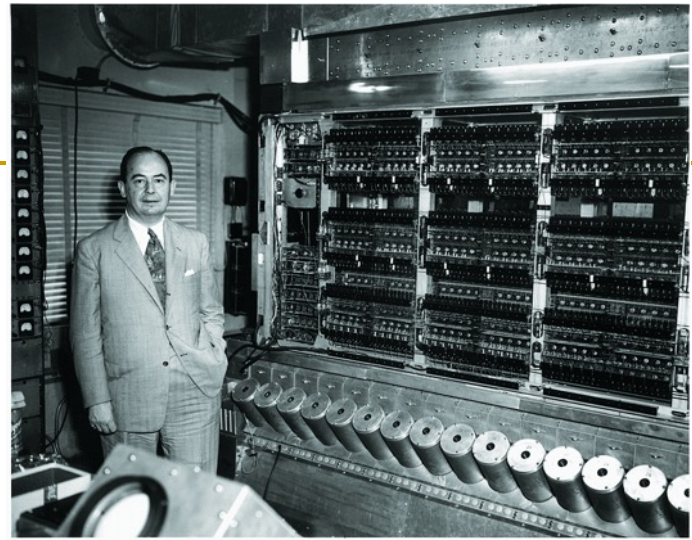
[★]*Eindhoven University of Technology* [▽]*IBM Research Europe*

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines ...

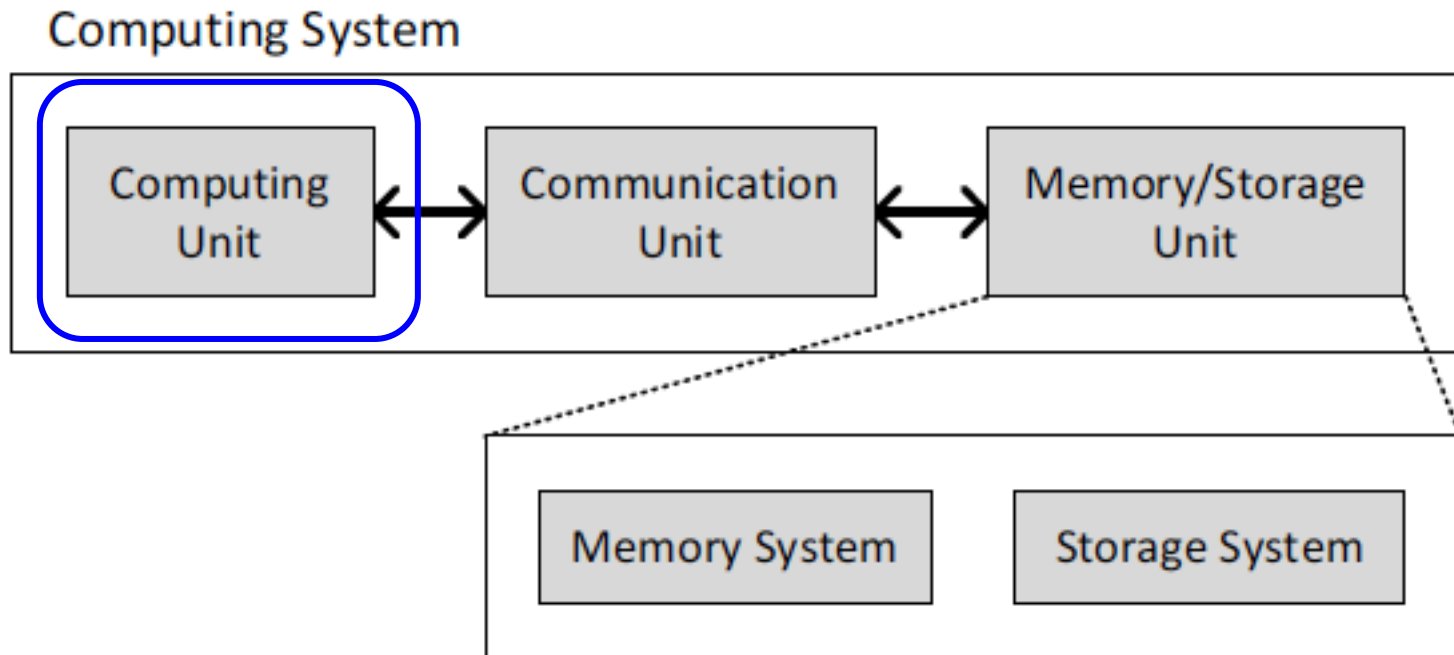
- Storage/memory capability
- Communication capability
- Computation capability
- Greatly impacts robustness, energy, performance, cost

A Computing System

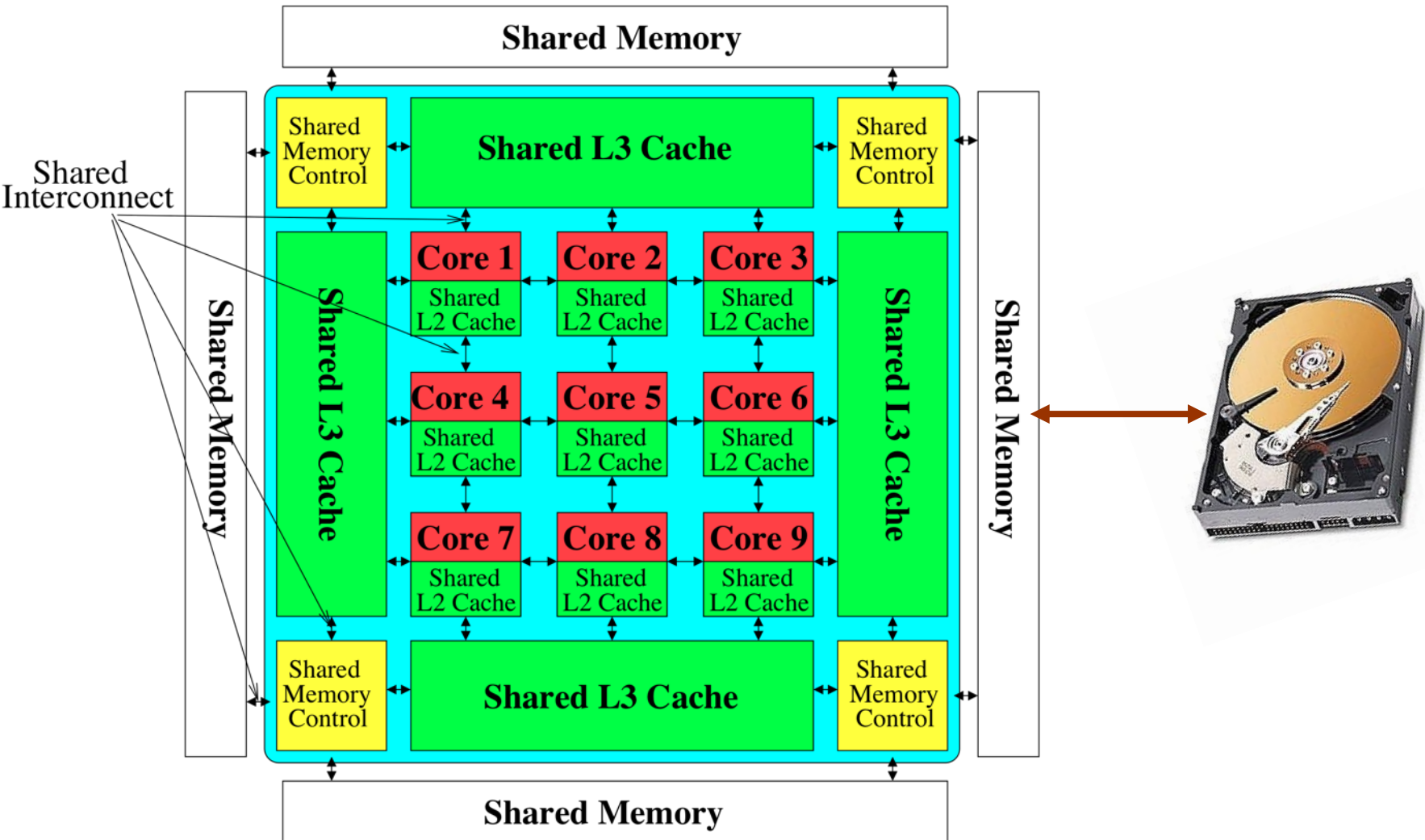
- Three key components
- Computation
- Communication
- Storage/memory



Burks, Goldstein, von Neumann, "Preliminary discussion of the logical design of an electronic computing instrument," 1946.



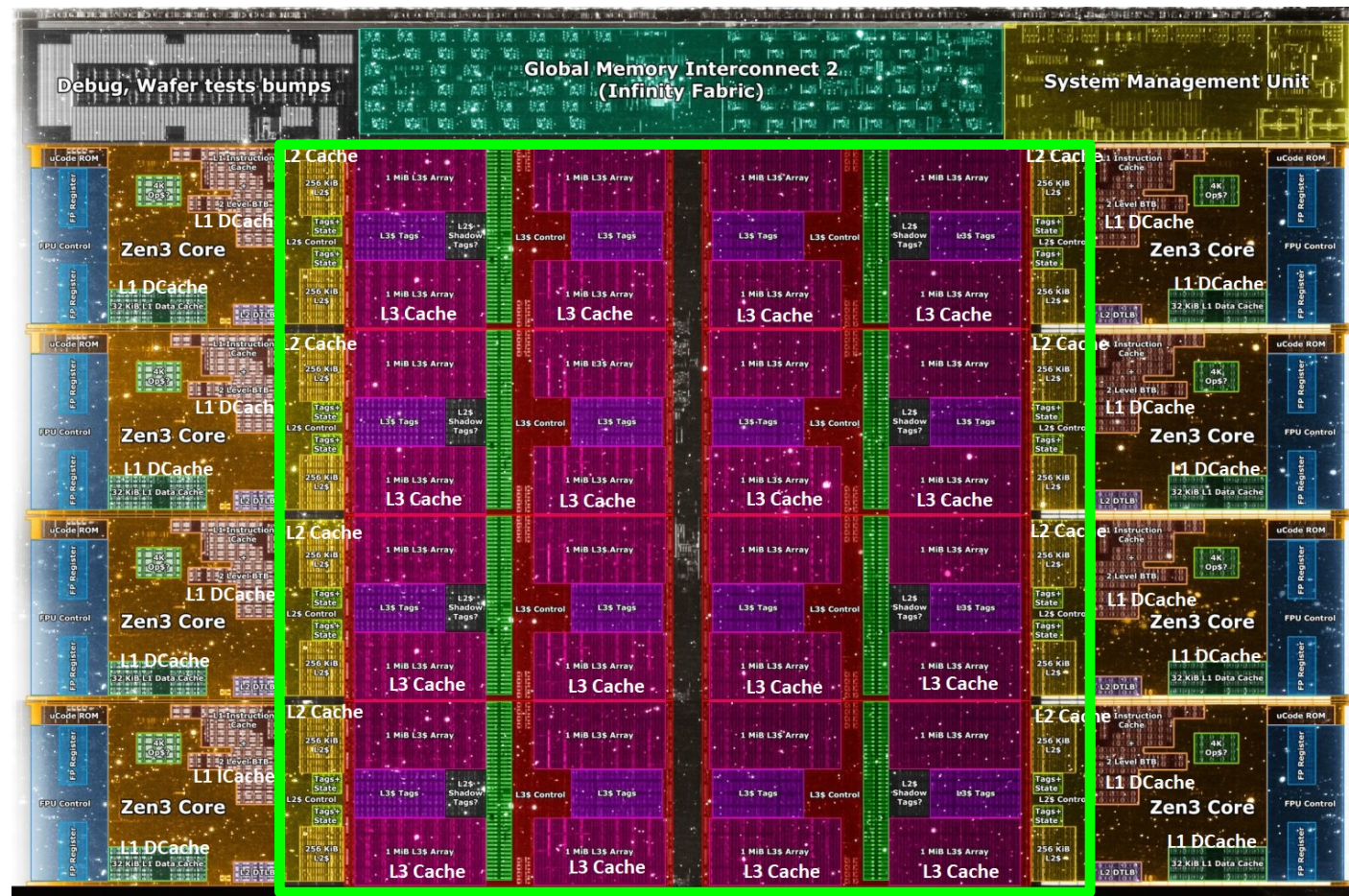
Perils of Processor-Centric Design



Most of the system is dedicated to storing and moving data

Yet, system is still bottlenecked by memory

Deeper and Larger Memory Hierarchies



Core Count:

8 cores/16 threads

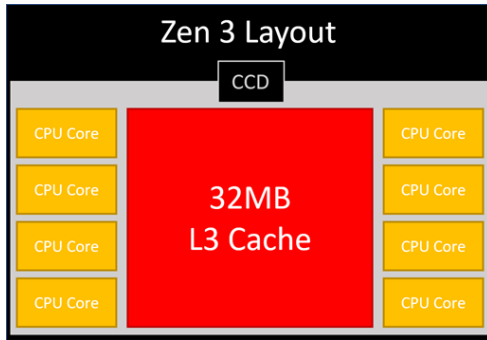
L1 Caches:
32 KB per core

L2 Caches:
512 KB per core

L3 Cache:
32 MB shared

AMD Ryzen 5000, 2020

AMD's 3D Last Level Cache (2021)

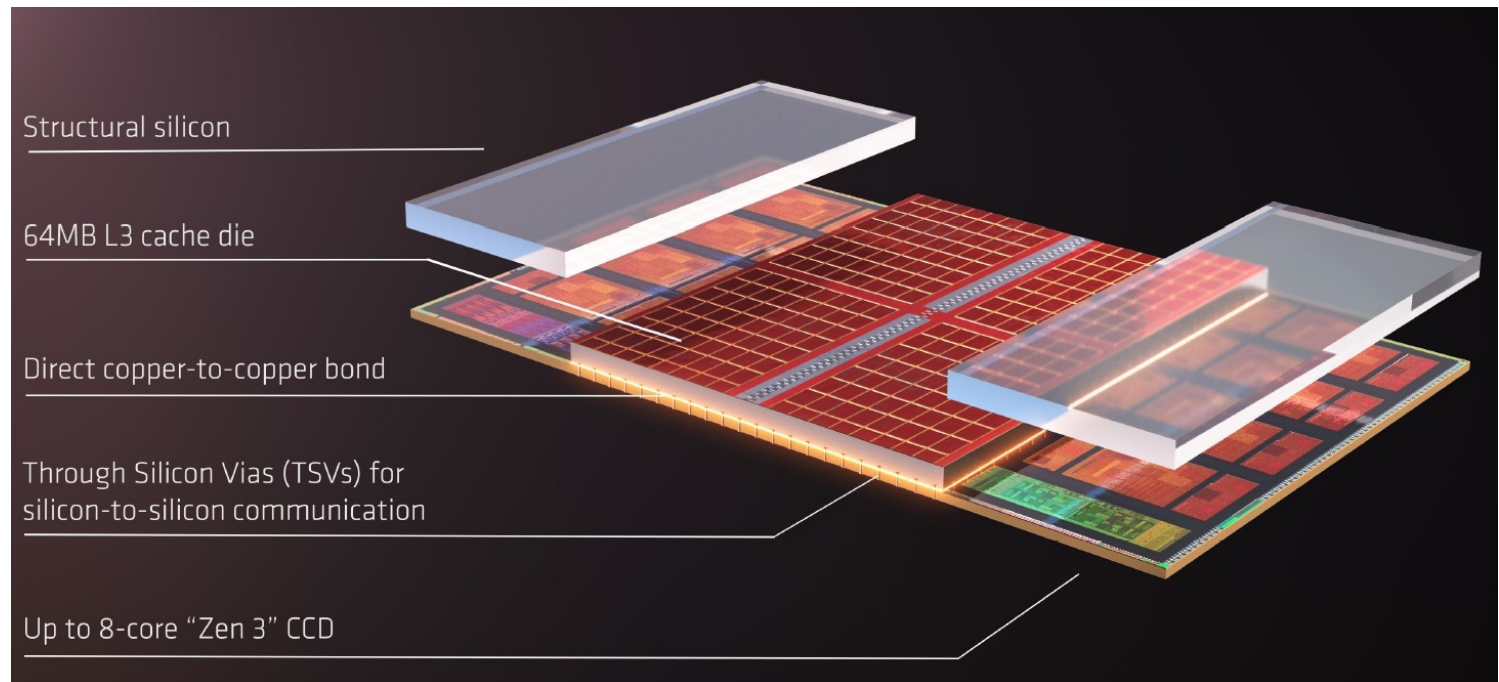


<https://community.microcenter.com/discussion/5134/comparing-zen-3-to-zen-2>

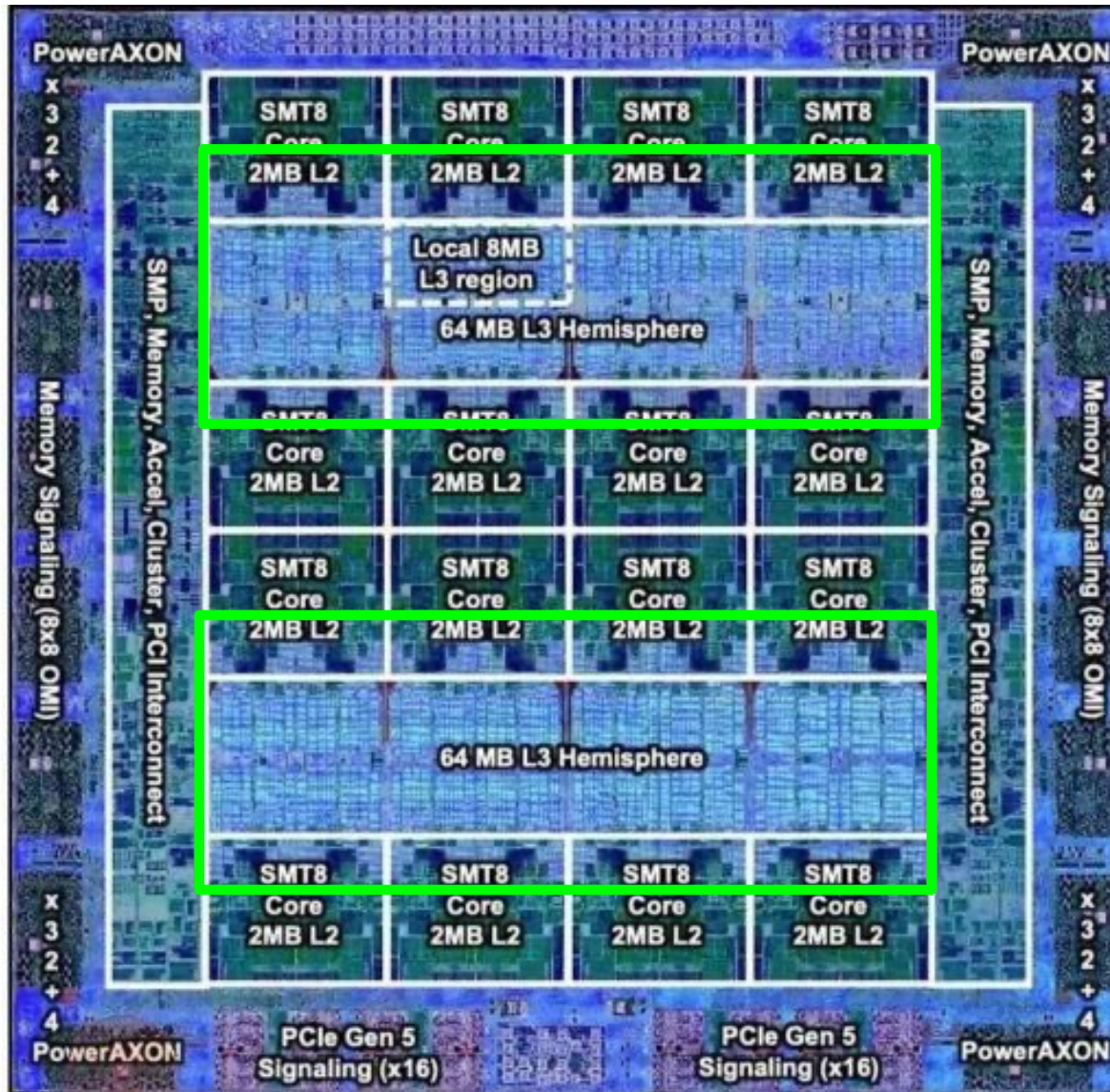
AMD increases the L3 size of their 8-core Zen 3 processors from 32 MB to 96 MB

Additional 64 MB L3 cache die
stacked on top of the processor die

- Connected using Through Silicon Vias (TSVs)
- Total of 96 MB L3 cache



Deeper and Larger Memory Hierarchies



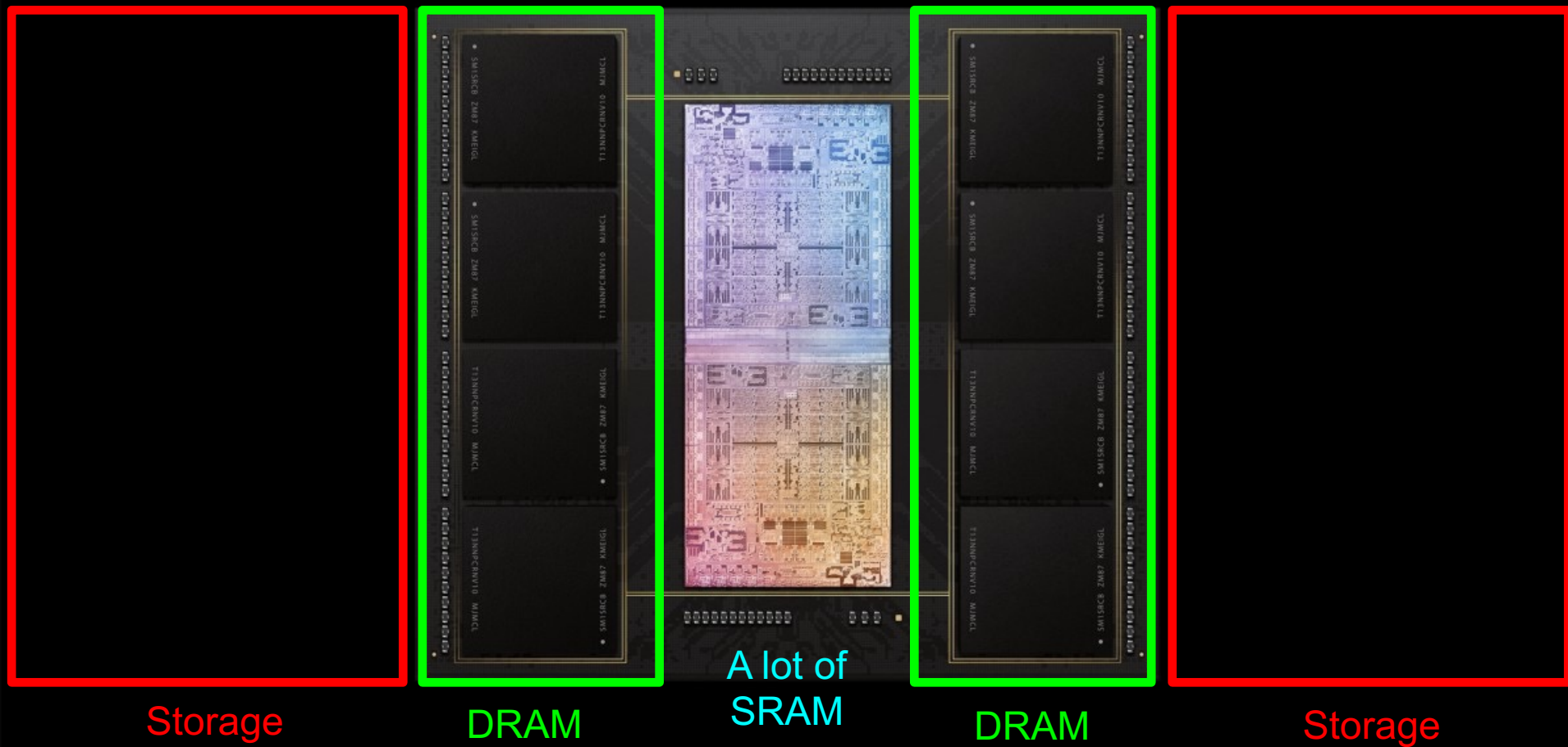
IBM POWER10,
2020

Cores:
15-16 cores,
8 threads/core

L2 Caches:
2 MB per core

L3 Cache:
120 MB shared

Deeper and Larger Memory Hierarchies



Apple M1 Ultra System (2022)

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines



Chrome



TensorFlow Mobile

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

VP9



Video Playback

Google's **video codec**

VP9



Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

Data Movement Overwhelms Modern Machines

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu, ["Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"](#) *Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS)*, Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.

**62.7% of the total system energy
is spent on data movement**

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand¹

Saugata Ghose¹

Youngsok Kim²

Rachata Ausavarungnirun¹

Eric Shiu³

Rahul Thakur³

Daehyun Kim^{4,3}

Aki Kuusela³

Allan Knies³

Parthasarathy Ranganathan³

Onur Mutlu^{5,1}

An Intelligent Architecture Handles Data Well

How to Handle Data Well

- **Ensure data does not overwhelm** the components
 - via intelligent algorithms
 - via intelligent architectures
 - via whole system designs: algorithm-architecture-devices
- **Take advantage of** vast amounts of **data** and metadata
 - to improve architectural & system-level decisions
- **Understand and exploit** properties of (different) **data**
 - to improve algorithms & architectures in various metrics

Corollaries: Computing Systems Today ...

- Are **processor-centric** vs. **data-centric**
- Make **designer-dictated** decisions vs. **data-driven**
- Make **component-based myopic** decisions vs. **data-aware**

Data-centric

Data-driven

Data-aware

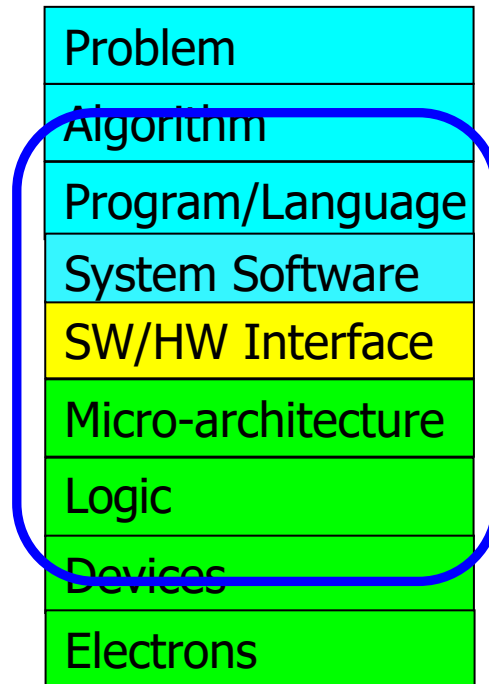
A Blueprint for Fundamentally Better Architectures

- Onur Mutlu,
"Intelligent Architectures for Intelligent Computing Systems"
*Invited Paper in Proceedings of the Design, Automation, and Test in Europe Conference (**DATE**), Virtual, February 2021.*
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[IEDM Tutorial Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[Short DATE Talk Video (11 minutes)]
[Longer IEDM Tutorial Video (1 hr 51 minutes)]

Intelligent Architectures for Intelligent Computing Systems

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zurich
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We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

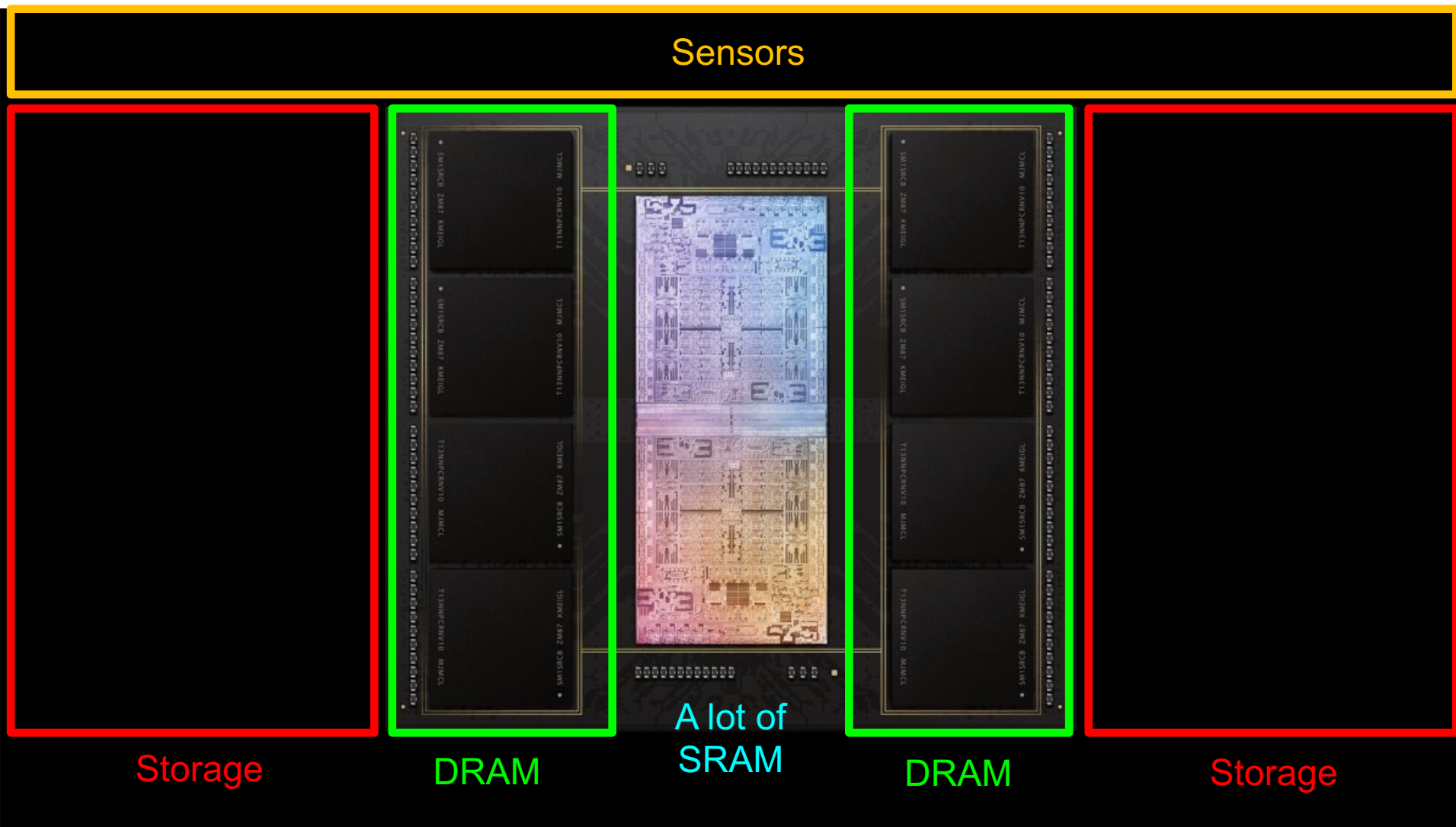
Data-Centric (Memory-Centric) Architectures

Data-Centric Architectures: Properties

- **Process data where it resides** (where it makes sense)
 - Processing in and near memory structures
- **Low-latency and low-energy data access**
 - Low latency memory
 - Low energy memory
- **Low-cost data storage and processing**
 - High capacity memory at low cost: hybrid memory, compression
- **Intelligent data management**
 - Intelligent controllers handling robustness, security, cost, perf.

Processing Data Where It Makes Sense

Process Data Where It Makes Sense



Apple M1 Ultra System (2022)

Processing in Memory: An Old Idea

- Kautz, "Cellular Logic-in-Memory Arrays", IEEE TC 1969.

IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON COMPUTERS, VOL. C-18, NO. 8, AUGUST 1969

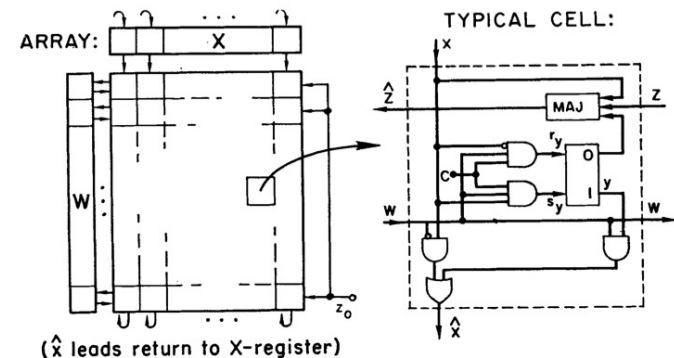
Cellular Logic-in-Memory Arrays

WILLIAM H. KAUTZ, MEMBER, IEEE

Abstract—As a direct consequence of large-scale integration, many advantages in the design, fabrication, testing, and use of digital circuitry can be achieved if the circuits can be arranged in a two-dimensional iterative, or cellular, array of identical elementary networks, or cells. When a small amount of storage is included in each cell, the same array may be regarded either as a logically enhanced memory array, or as a logic array whose elementary gates and connections can be "programmed" to realize a desired logical behavior.

In this paper the specific engineering features of such cellular logic-in-memory (CLIM) arrays are discussed, and one such special-purpose array, a cellular sorting array, is described in detail to illustrate how these features may be achieved in a particular design. It is shown how the cellular sorting array can be employed as a single-address, multiword memory that keeps in order all words stored within it. It can also be used as a content-addressed memory, a pushdown memory, a buffer memory, and (with a lower logical efficiency) a programmable array for the realization of arbitrary switching functions. A second version of a sorting array, operating on a different sorting principle, is also described.

Index Terms—Cellular logic, large-scale integration, logic arrays logic in memory, push-down memory, sorting, switching functions.



$$\begin{aligned}\hat{x} &= \bar{w}x + wy \\ s_y &= wcx, r_y = wc\bar{x} \\ \hat{z} &= M(x, \bar{y}, z) = x\bar{y} + z(x + \bar{y})\end{aligned}$$

Fig. 1. Cellular sorting array I.

Processing in Memory: An Old Idea

- Stone, “A Logic-in-Memory Computer,” IEEE TC 1970.

A Logic-in-Memory Computer

HAROLD S. STONE

Abstract—If, as presently projected, the cost of microelectronic arrays in the future will tend to reflect the number of pins on the array rather than the number of gates, the logic-in-memory array is an extremely attractive computer component. Such an array is essentially a microelectronic memory with some combinational logic associated with each storage element.

Why In-Memory Computation Today?

■ **Push from Technology**

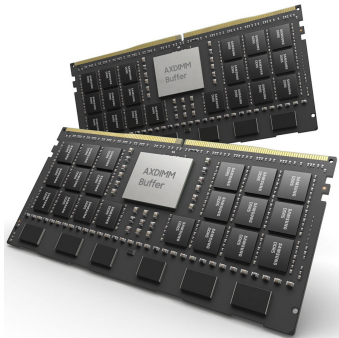
- ❑ Memory technology scaling is not going well (e.g., RowHammer)
- ❑ Many scaling issues demand intelligence in memory

■ **Pull from Applications & Systems**

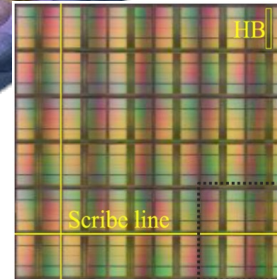
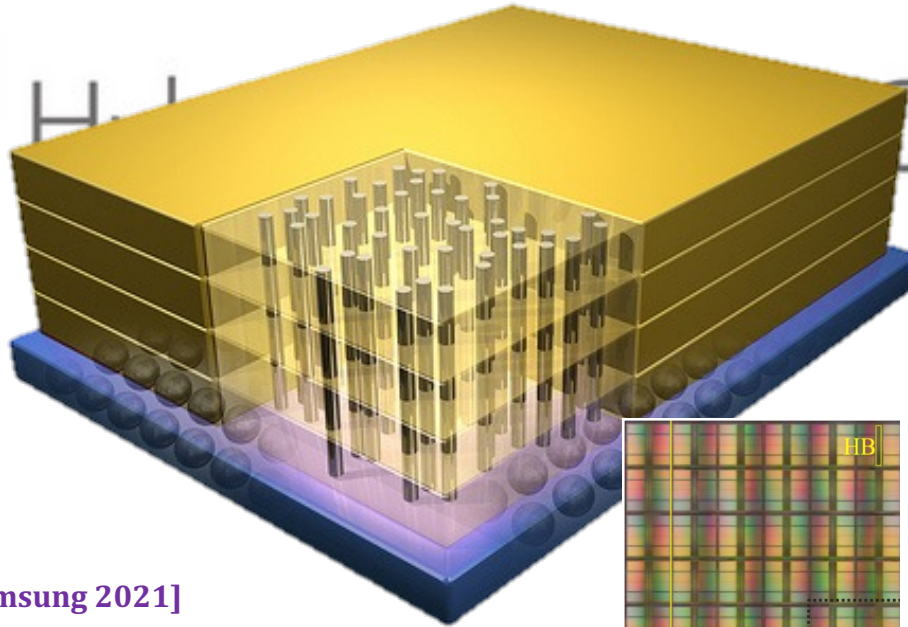
- ❑ Data access is the major bottleneck
- ❑ Systems are energy & power limited
- ❑ Data movement much more energy-hungry than computation
- ❑ Need all at the same time: performance, energy, sustainability
- ❑ We can improve all metrics by minimizing data movement

■ **Designs are squeezed in the middle**

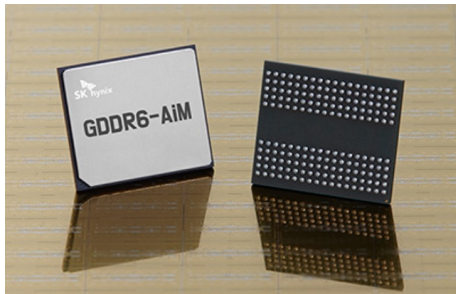
Processing-in-Memory Landscape Today



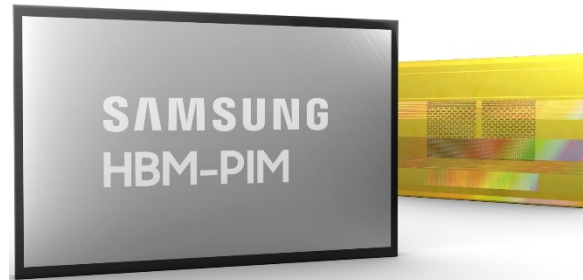
[Samsung 2021]



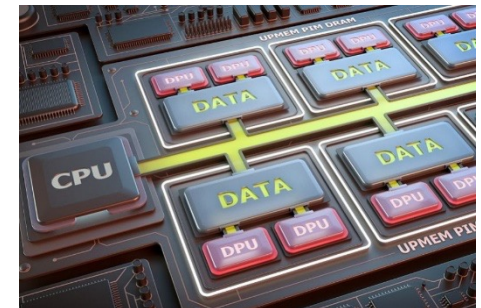
[Alibaba 2022]



[SK Hynix 2022]



[Samsung 2021]



[UPMEM 2019]

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu,
"Memory Scaling: A Systems Architecture Perspective"
Proceedings of the 5th International Memory Workshop (IMW), Monterey, CA, May 2013. Slides
(pptx) (pdf)
EETimes Reprint

Memory Scaling: A Systems Architecture Perspective

Onur Mutlu
Carnegie Mellon University
onur@cmu.edu
<http://users.ece.cmu.edu/~omutlu/>

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu,
"The RowHammer Problem and Other Issues We May Face as Memory Becomes Denser"

*Invited Paper in Proceedings of the Design, Automation, and Test in Europe Conference (**DATE**), Lausanne, Switzerland, March 2017.*

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

The RowHammer Problem and Other Issues We May Face as Memory Becomes Denser

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zürich
onur.mutlu@inf.ethz.ch
<https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu>

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu and Jeremie Kim,
"RowHammer: A Retrospective"
IEEE Transactions on Computer-Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems (TCAD) Special Issue on Top Picks in Hardware and Embedded Security, 2019.
[[Preliminary arXiv version](#)]
[[Slides from COSADE 2019 \(pptx\)](#)]
[[Slides from VLSI-SOC 2020 \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (1 hr 15 minutes, with Q&A)]

RowHammer: A Retrospective

Onur Mutlu^{§‡} Jeremie S. Kim^{‡§}
§ETH Zürich ‡Carnegie Mellon University

The Story of RowHammer Tutorial ...

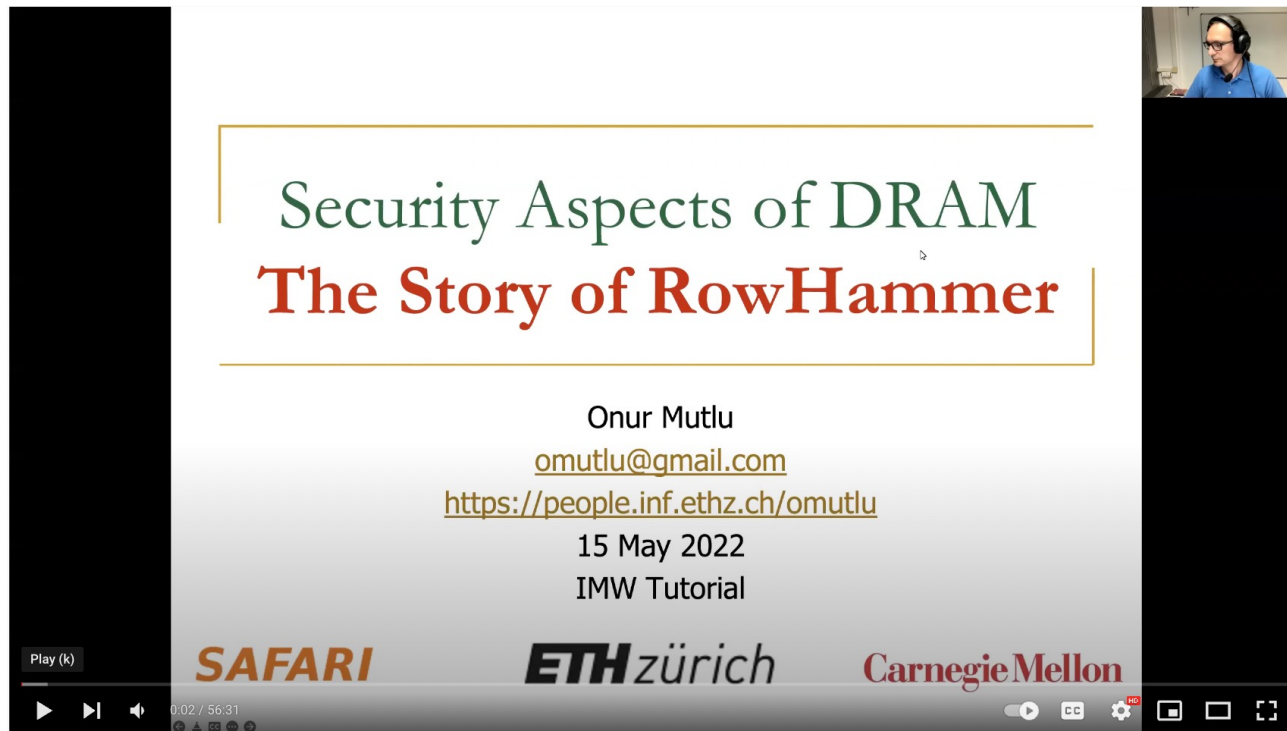
Onur Mutlu,

"Security Aspects of DRAM: The Story of RowHammer"

Invited Tutorial at 14th IEEE Electron Devices Society International Memory Workshop (IMW), Dresden, Germany, May 2022.

[Slides (pptx)(pdf)]

[Tutorial Video (57 minutes)]



Recent Premieres

The Story of RowHammer – Invited Tutorial at IMW 2022 (Intl. Memory Workshop) - Onur Mutlu

598 views • Premiered Jul 27, 2022

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Onur Mutlu Lectures
27.6K subscribers

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=37hWqlkQRG0>

ANALYTICS

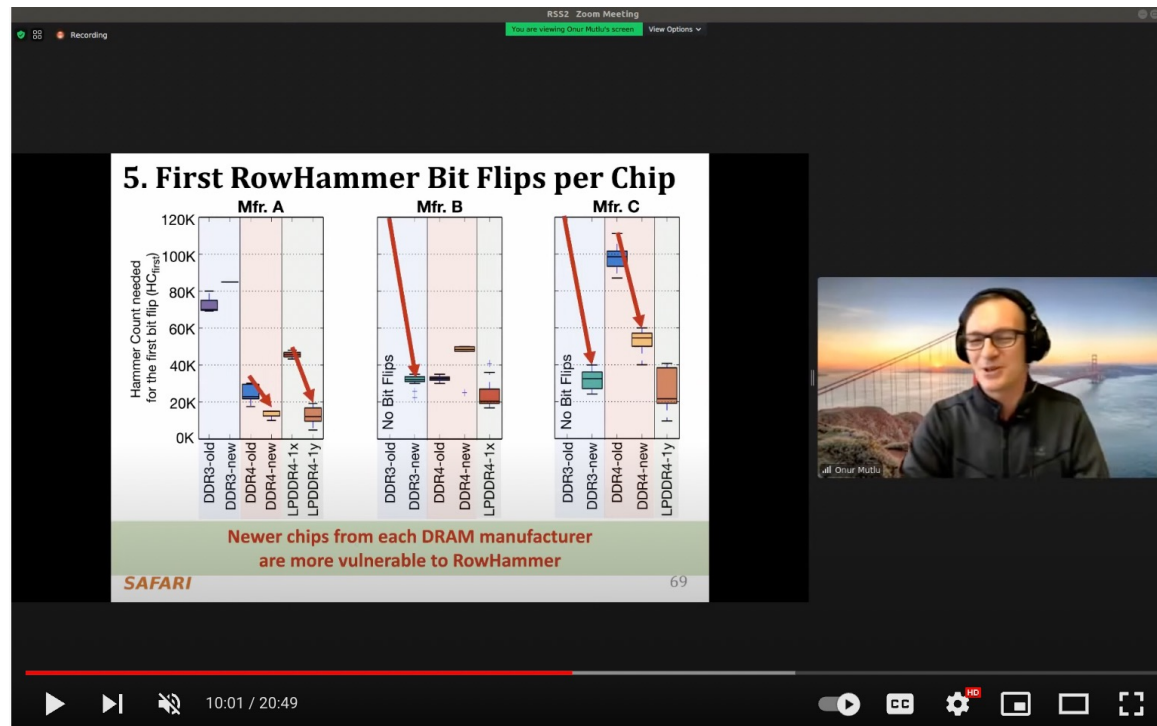
EDIT VIDEO

10 Years of RowHammer in 20 Minutes

- Onur Mutlu,
"The Story of RowHammer"

Invited Talk at the Workshop on Robust and Safe Software 2.0 (RSS2), held with the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Virtual, 28 February 2022.

[Slides (pptx) (pdf)]



The Story of RowHammer - Invited Talk in Robust & Safe Software Workshop (ASPLOS 2022) - Onur Mutlu

402 views • Premiered Apr 27, 2022

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Onur Mutlu Lectures
24.5K subscribers

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ctKTRyi96Bk>

SUBSCRIBED



Main Memory Needs Intelligent Controllers

Emerging Memories Also Need Intelligent Controllers

- Benjamin C. Lee, Engin Ipek, Onur Mutlu, and Doug Burger,
"Architecting Phase Change Memory as a Scalable DRAM Alternative"
Proceedings of the 36th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), pages 2-13, Austin, TX, June 2009. [Slides \(pdf\)](#)
One of the 13 computer architecture papers of 2009 selected as Top Picks by IEEE Micro. Selected as a CACM Research Highlight. 2022 Persistent Impact Prize.

Architecting Phase Change Memory as a Scalable DRAM Alternative

Benjamin C. Lee[†] Engin Ipek[†] Onur Mutlu[‡] Doug Burger[†]

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Microsoft Research
Redmond, WA
{blee, ipek, dburger}@microsoft.com

[‡]Computer Architecture Laboratory
Carnegie Mellon University
Pittsburgh, PA
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Intelligent
Memory Controllers
Can Avoid Many Failures
& Enable Better Scaling

Three Key Systems & Application Trends

1. Data access is the major bottleneck

- ▣ Applications are increasingly data hungry

2. Energy consumption is a key limiter

3. Data movement energy dominates compute

- ▣ Especially true for off-chip to on-chip movement

Do We Want This?



Or This?



High Performance,

Energy Efficient,

Sustainable

(All at the Same Time)

The Problem

Data access is the major performance and energy bottleneck

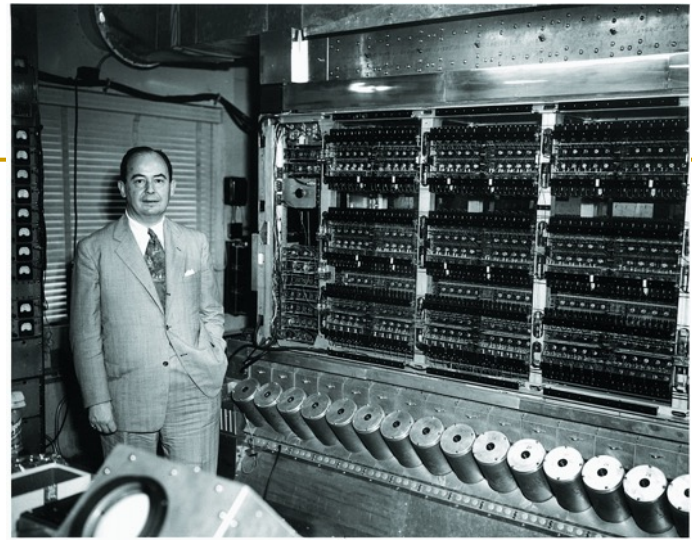
Our current
design principles
cause great energy waste
(and great performance loss)

The Problem

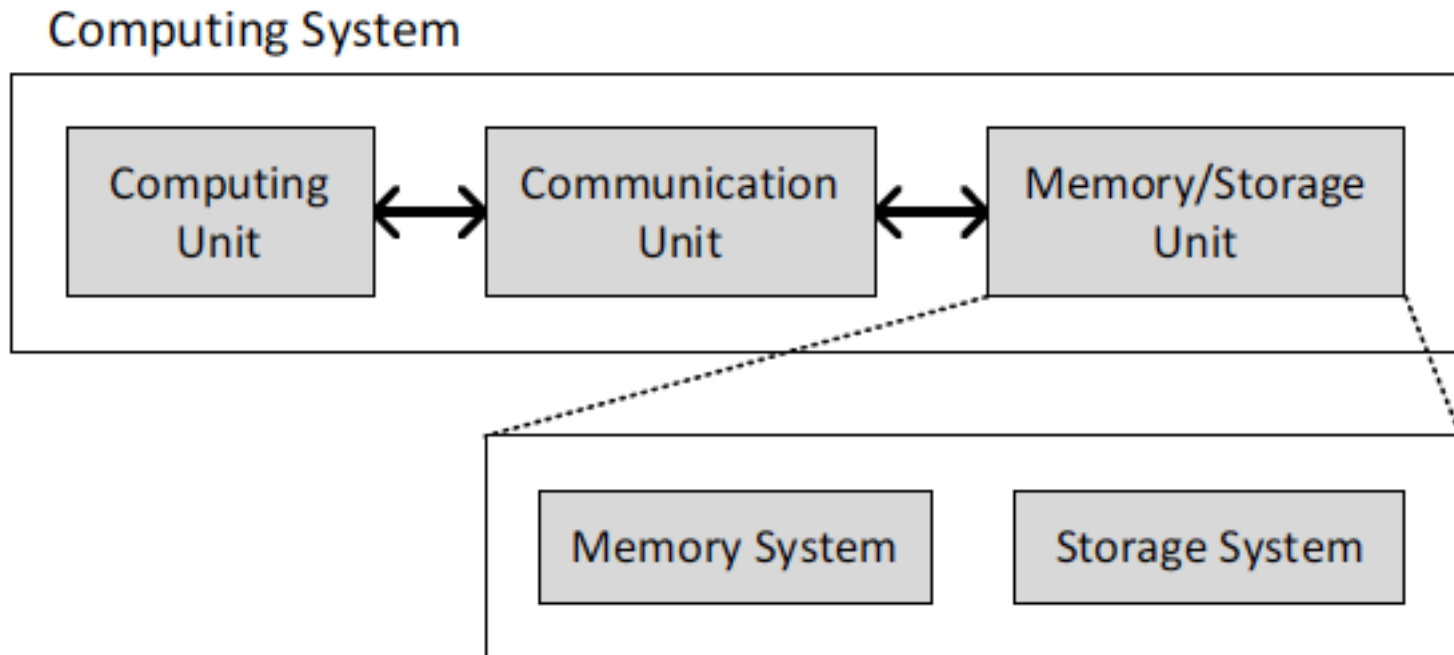
Processing of data
is performed
far away from the data

A Computing System

- Three key components
- Computation
- Communication
- Storage/memory

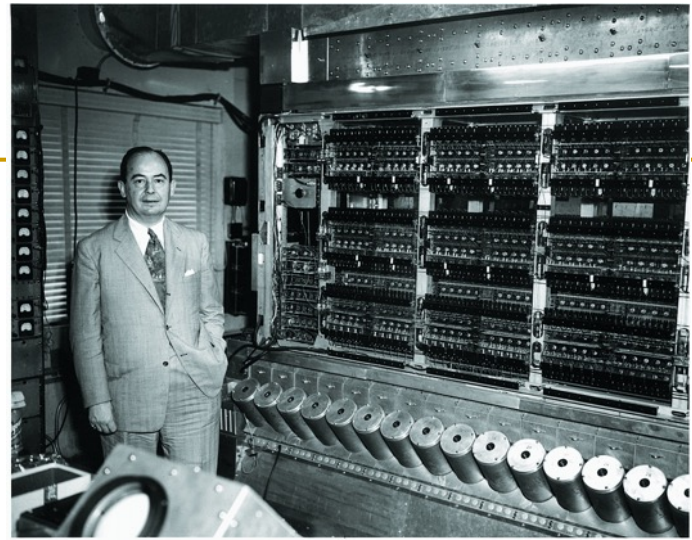


Burks, Goldstein, von Neumann, "Preliminary discussion of the logical design of an electronic computing instrument," 1946.



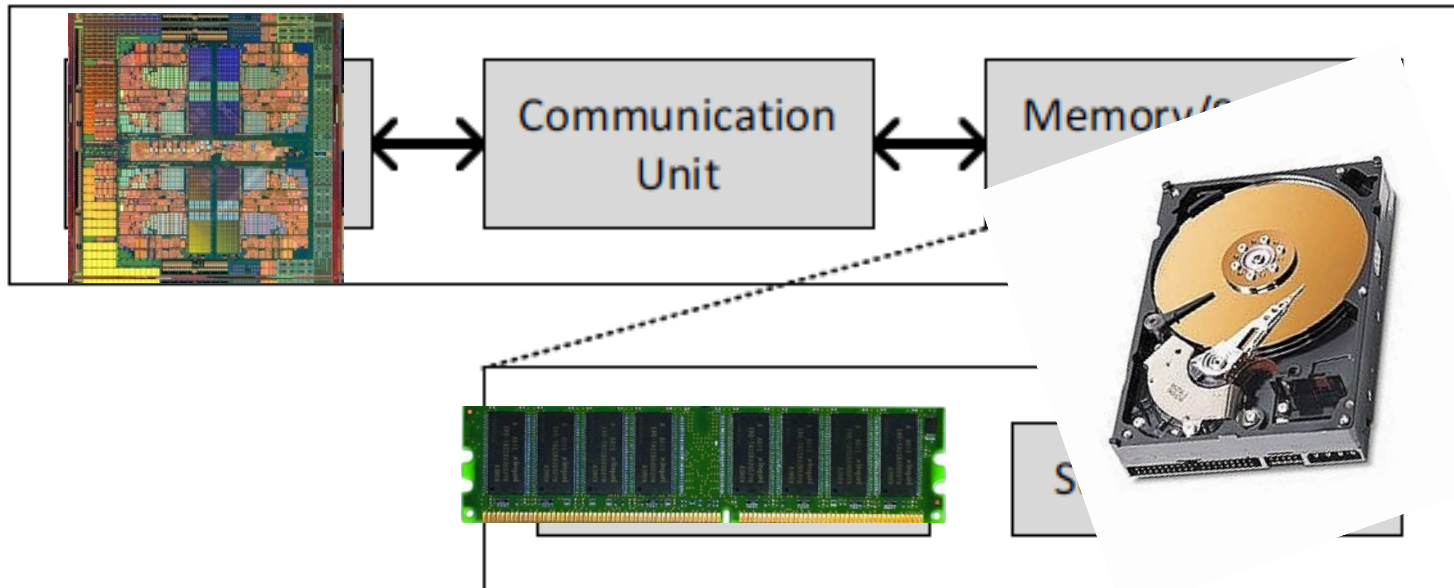
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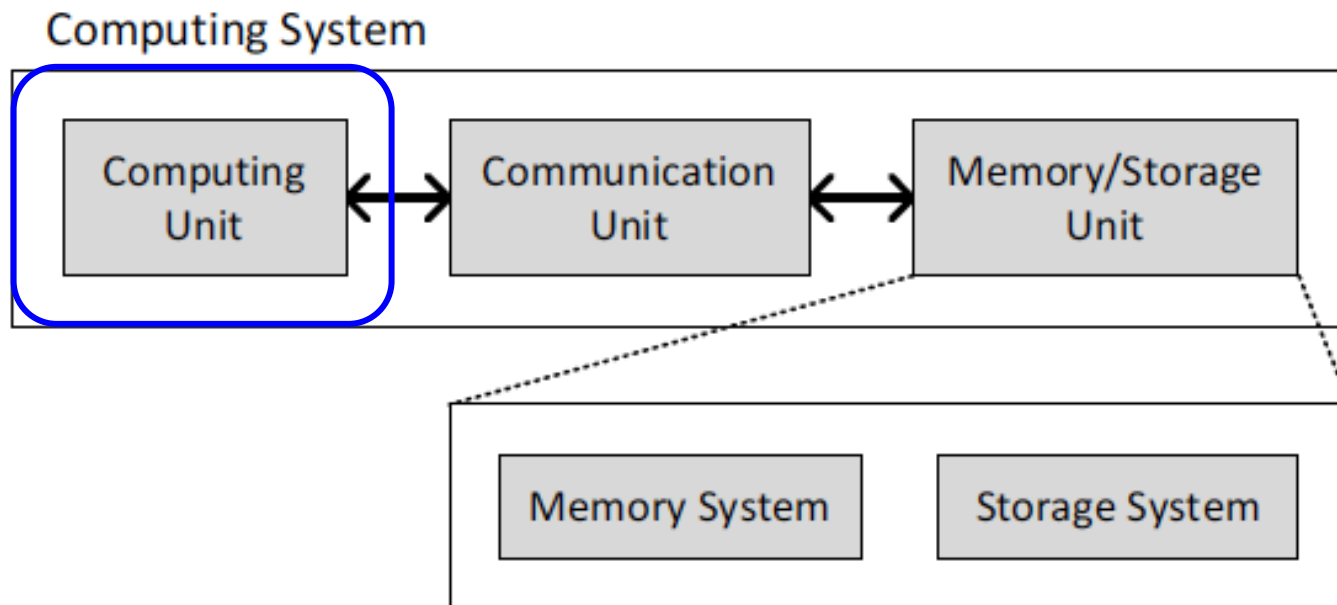
Burks, Goldstein, von Neumann, "Preliminary discussion of the logical design of an electronic computing instrument," 1946.

Computing System



Today's Computing Systems

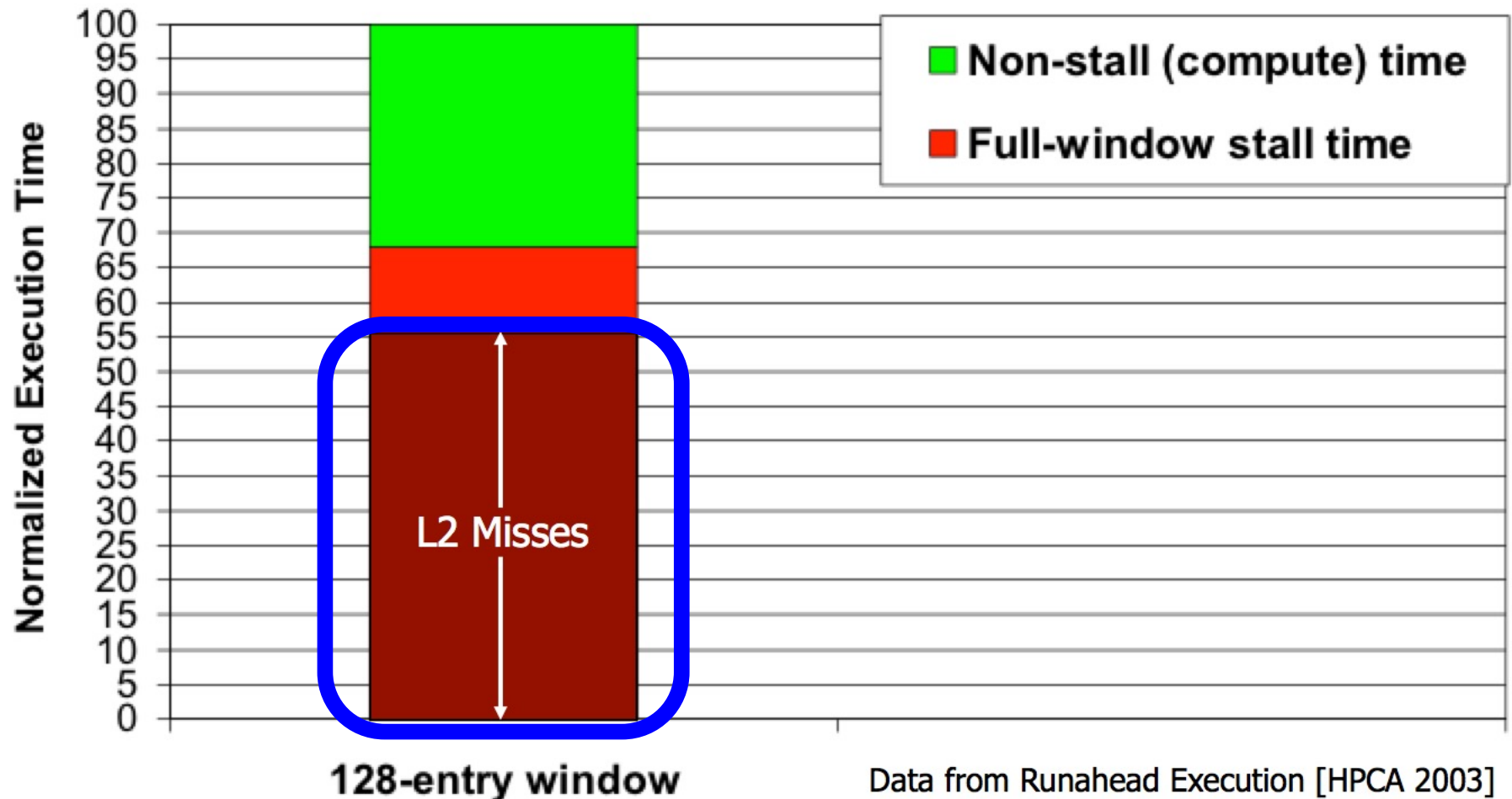
- Processor centric
- All data processed in the processor → at great system cost



Yet ...

I expect that over the coming decade memory subsystem design will be the *only* important design issue for microprocessors.

- **“It’s the Memory, Stupid!”** (Richard Sites, MPR, 1996)



The Performance Perspective

- Onur Mutlu, Jared Stark, Chris Wilkerson, and Yale N. Patt,
"Runahead Execution: An Alternative to Very Large Instruction Windows for Out-of-order Processors"
Proceedings of the 9th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA), pages 129-140, Anaheim, CA, February 2003. [Slides \(pdf\)](#)
One of the 15 computer arch. papers of 2003 selected as Top Picks by IEEE Micro. HPCA Test of Time Award (awarded in 2021).

Runahead Execution: An Alternative to Very Large Instruction Windows for Out-of-order Processors

Onur Mutlu § Jared Stark † Chris Wilkerson ‡ Yale N. Patt §

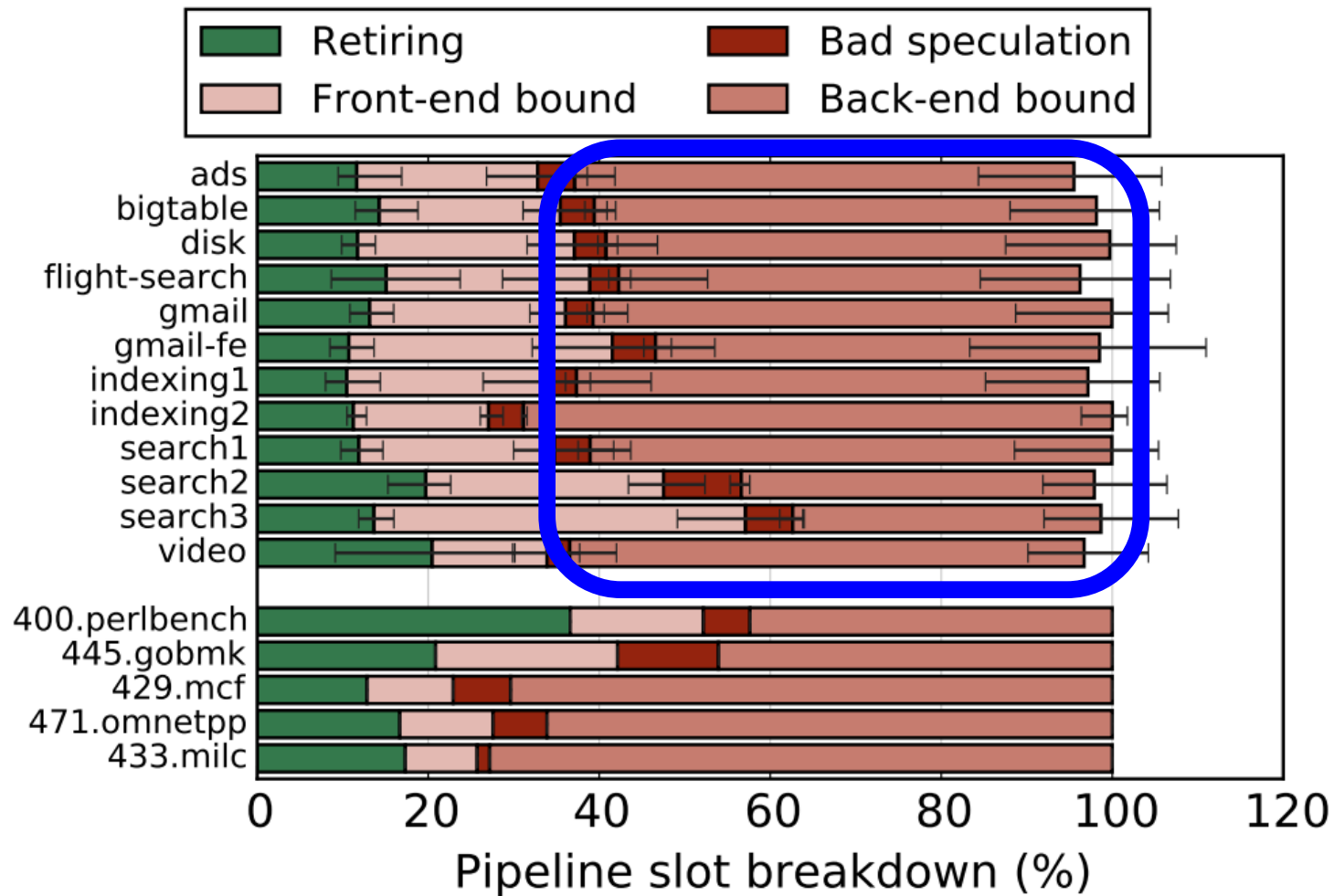
§ECE Department
The University of Texas at Austin
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†Microprocessor Research
Intel Labs
jared.w.stark@intel.com

‡Desktop Platforms Group
Intel Corporation
chris.wilkerson@intel.com

The Performance Perspective (Today)

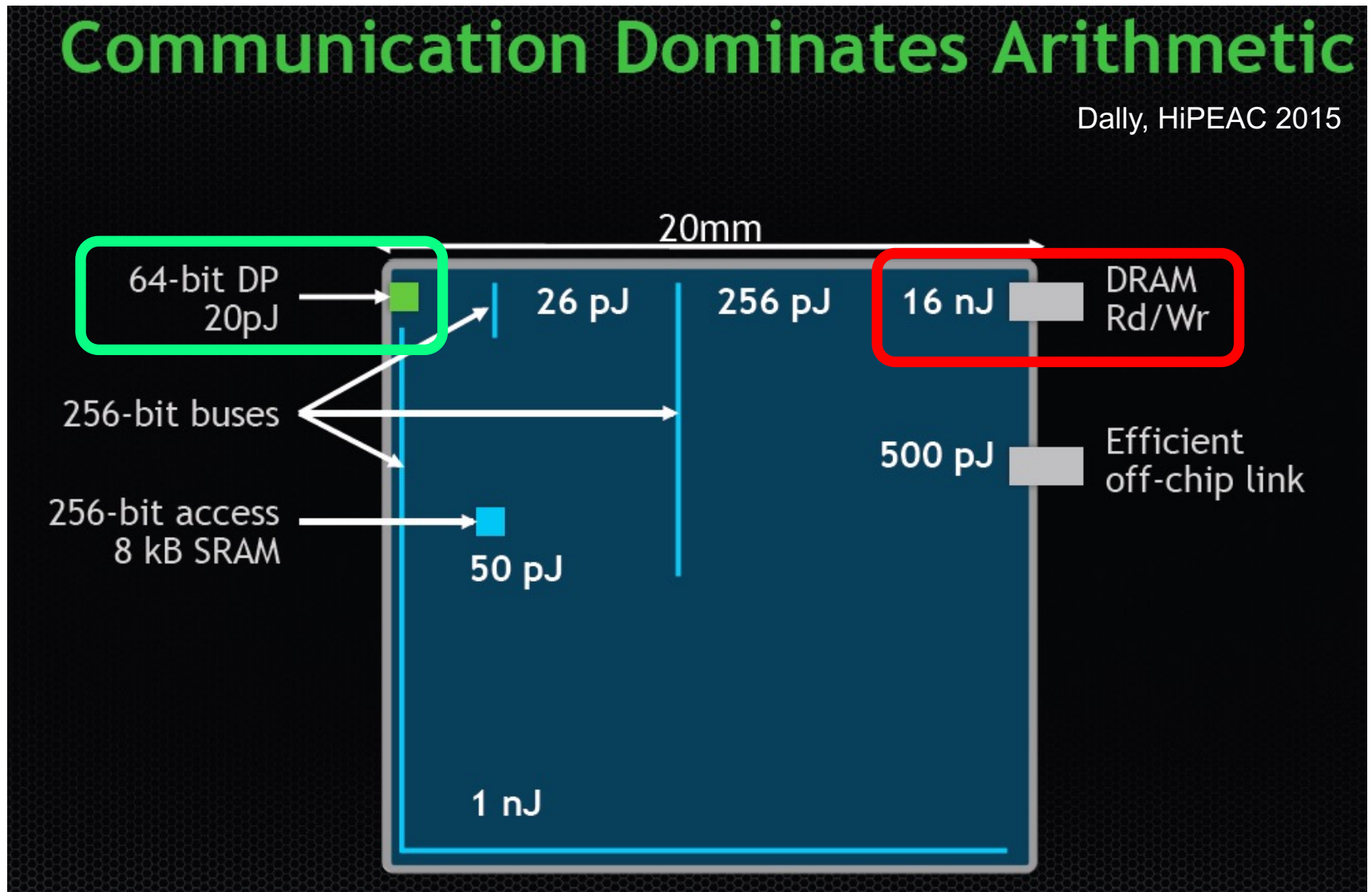
- All of Google's Data Center Workloads (2015):



The Energy Perspective

Communication Dominates Arithmetic

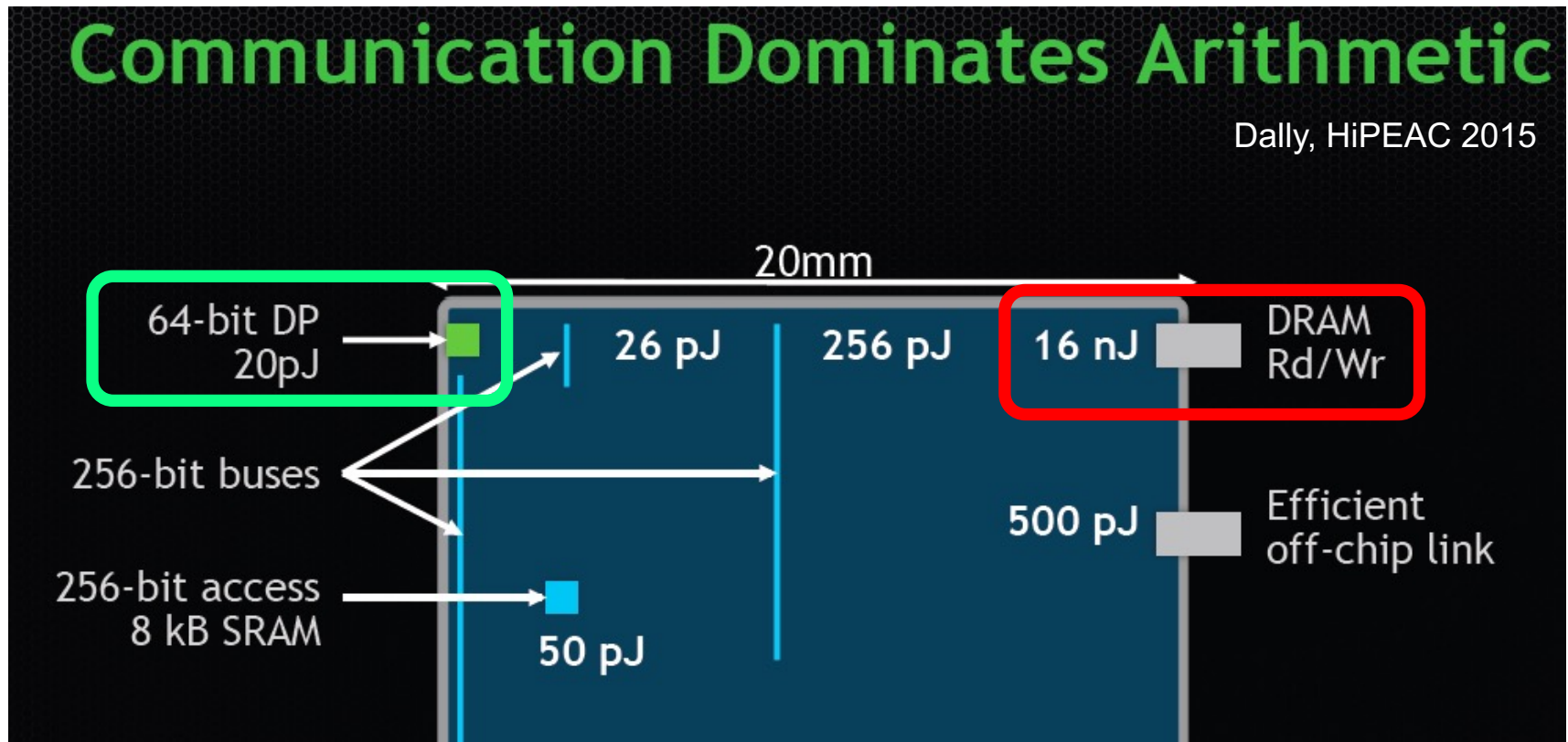
Dally, HiPEAC 2015



Data Movement vs. Computation Energy

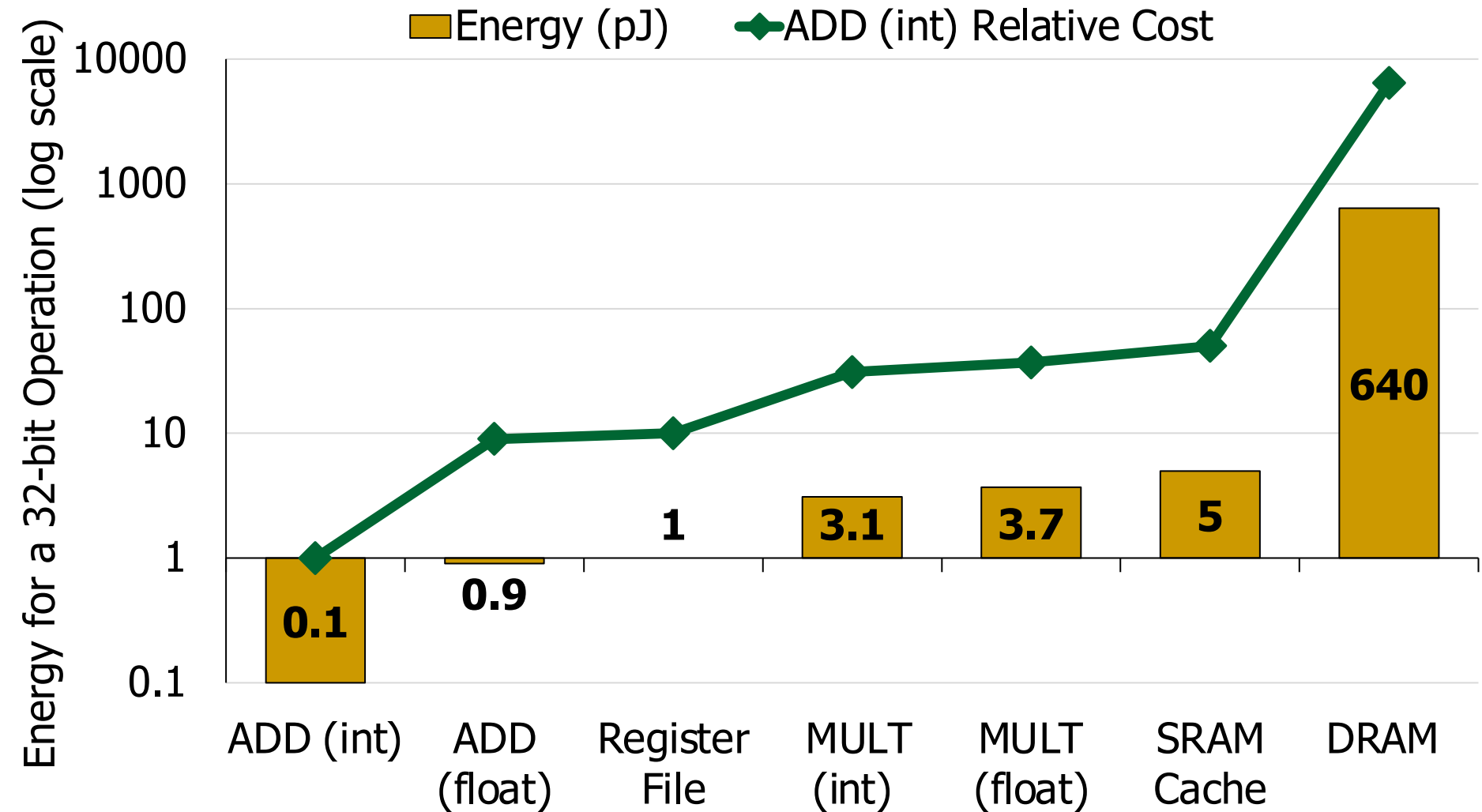
Communication Dominates Arithmetic

Dally, HiPEAC 2015

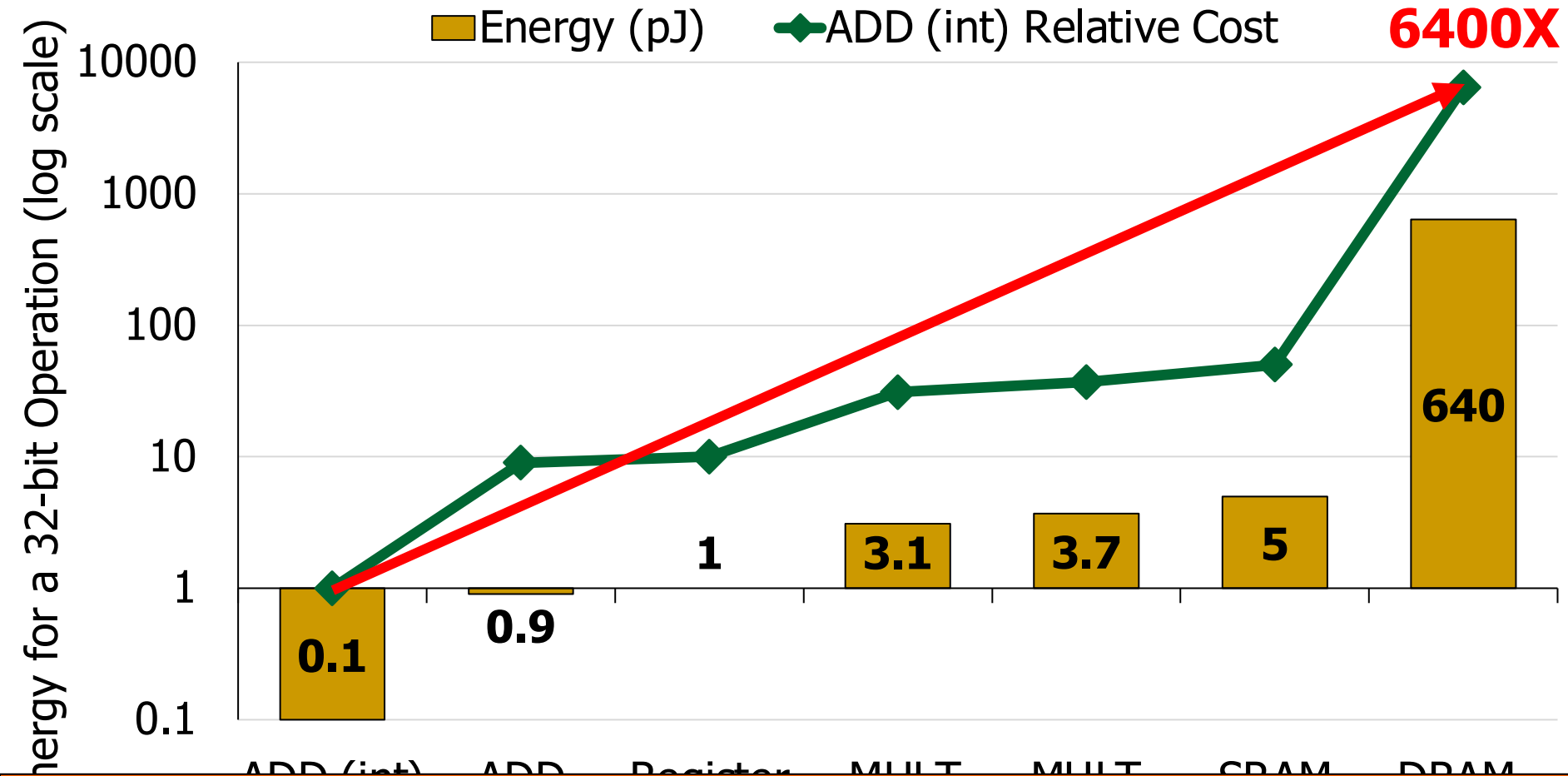


A memory access consumes $\sim 100-1000\times$ the energy of a complex addition

Data Movement vs. Computation Energy



Data Movement vs. Computation Energy



A memory access consumes 6400X the energy of a simple integer addition

Energy Waste in Mobile Devices

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu, ["Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"](#) *Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS)*, Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.

**62.7% of the total system energy
is spent on data movement**

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand¹

Saugata Ghose¹

Youngsok Kim²

Rachata Ausavarungnirun¹

Eric Shiu³

Rahul Thakur³

Daehyun Kim^{4,3}

Aki Kuusela³

Allan Knies³

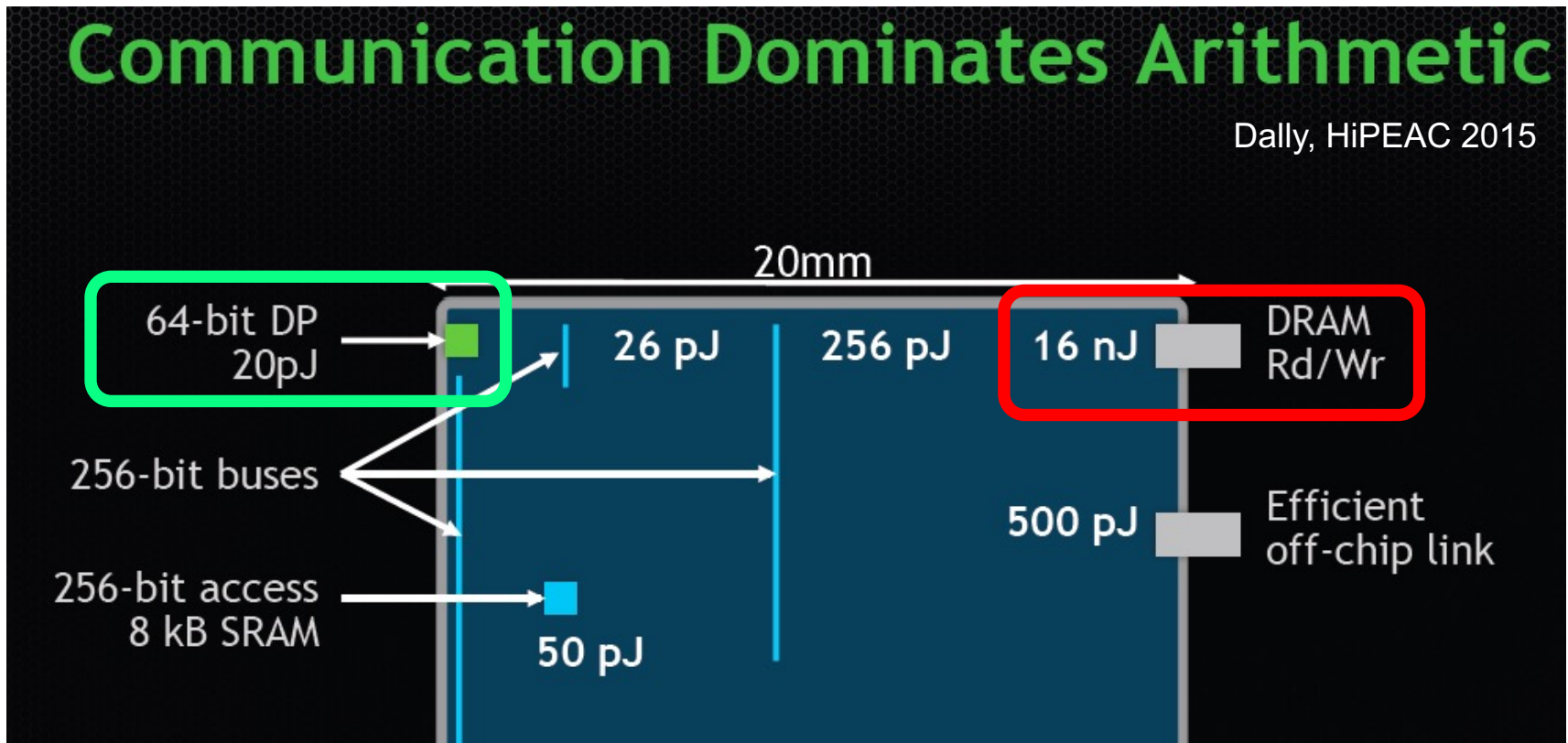
Parthasarathy Ranganathan³

Onur Mutlu^{5,1}

We Do Not Want to Move Data!

Communication Dominates Arithmetic

Dally, HiPEAC 2015

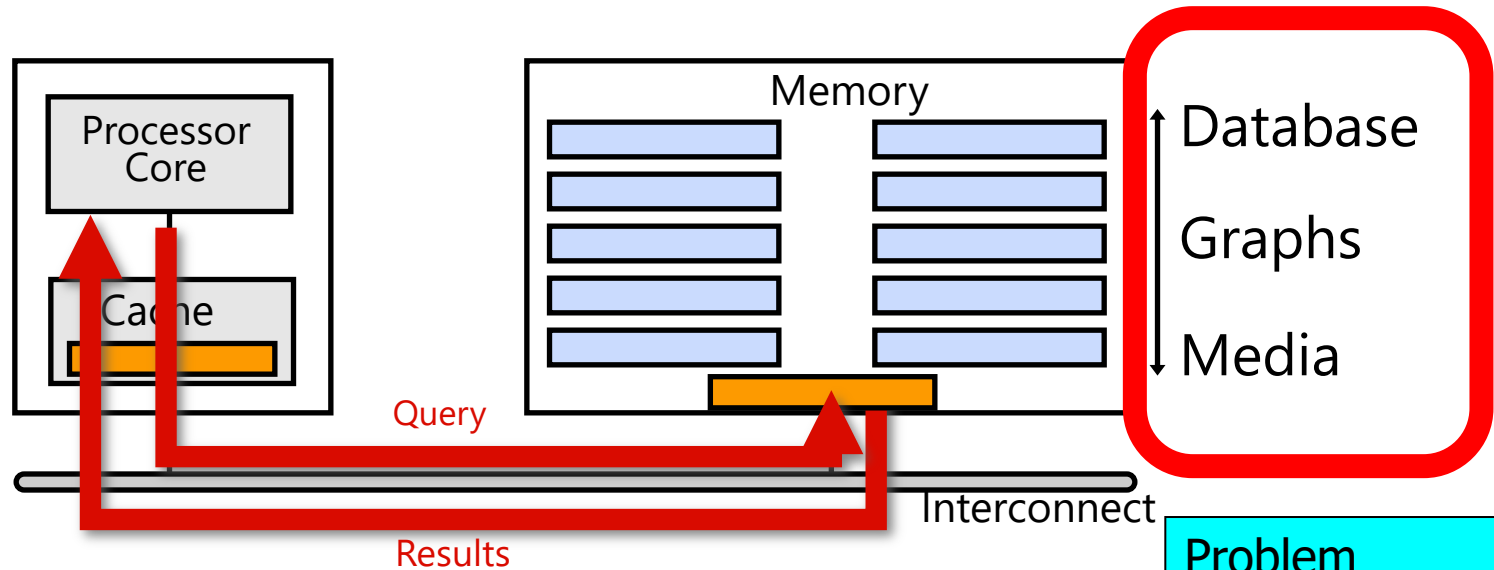


A memory access consumes $\sim 100-1000\times$ the energy of a complex addition

We Need A Paradigm Shift To ...

- Enable computation with minimal data movement
- Compute where it makes sense (where data resides)
- Make computing architectures more data-centric

Goal: Processing Inside Memory



- Many questions ... How do we design the:
 - ❑ compute-capable memory & controllers?
 - ❑ processors & communication units?
 - ❑ software & hardware interfaces?
 - ❑ system software, compilers, languages?
 - ❑ algorithms & theoretical foundations?

Problem
Algorithm
Program/Language
System Software
SW/HW Interface
Micro-architecture
Logic
Devices
Electrons

PIM Review and Open Problems

A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory

Onur Mutlu^{a,b}, Saugata Ghose^{b,c}, Juan Gómez-Luna^a, Rachata Ausavarungnirun^d

SAFARI Research Group

^a*ETH Zürich*

^b*Carnegie Mellon University*

^c*University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign*

^d*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok*

Onur Mutlu, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Rachata Ausavarungnirun,

"A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory"

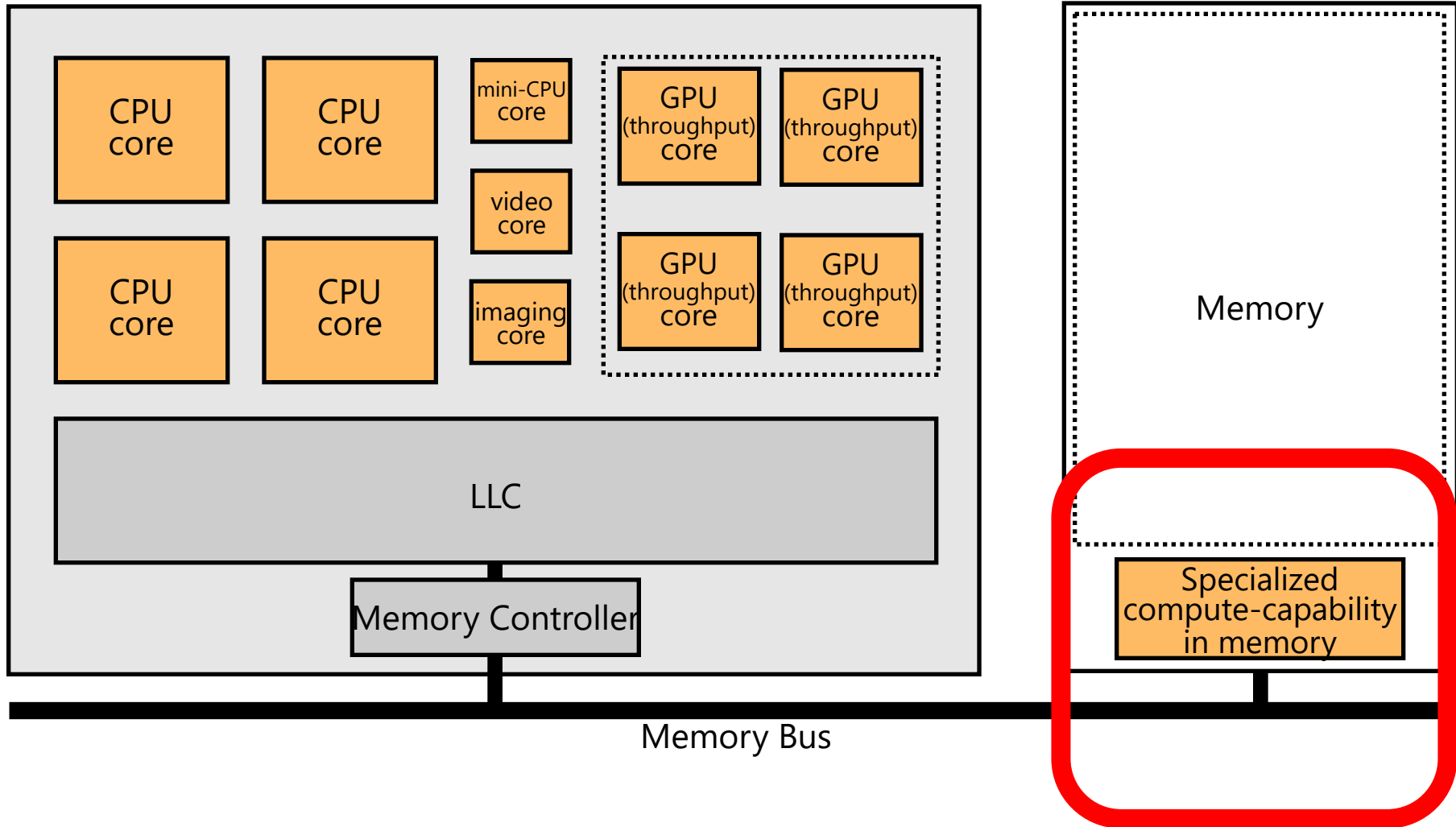
*Invited Book Chapter in **Emerging Computing: From Devices to Systems - Looking Beyond Moore and Von Neumann**, Springer, to be published in 2021.*

We Need to Think Differently
from the Past Approaches

Processing in Memory: Two Approaches

1. Processing near Memory
2. Processing using Memory

Mindset: Memory as an Accelerator



Memory similar to a "conventional" accelerator

Accelerating In-Memory Graph Processing

- Large graphs are everywhere (circa 2015)



36 Million
Wikipedia Pages



1.4 Billion
Facebook Users

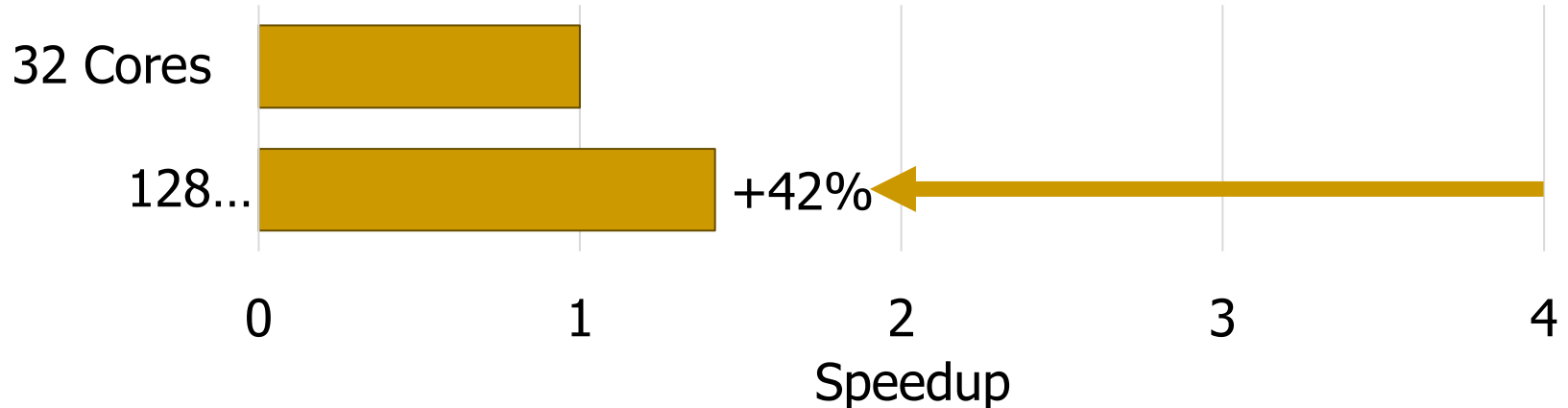


300 Million
Twitter Users



30 Billion
Instagram Photos

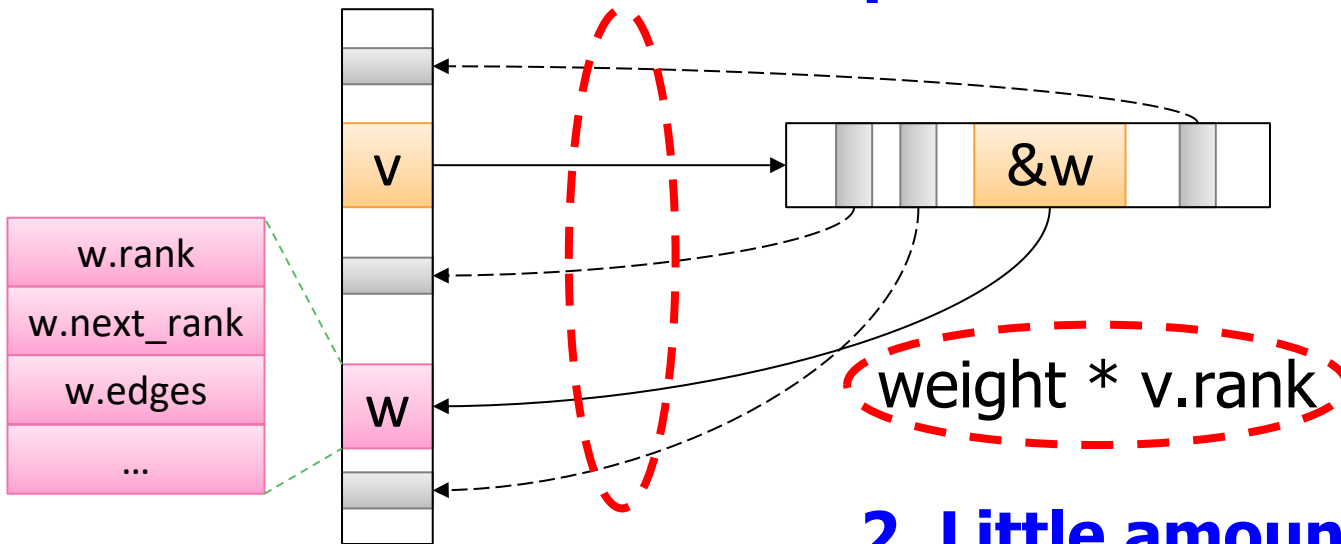
- Scalable large-scale graph processing is challenging



Key Bottlenecks in Graph Processing

```
for (v: graph.vertices) {  
  for (w: v.successors) {  
    w.next_rank += weight * v.rank;  
  }  
}
```

1. Frequent random memory accesses

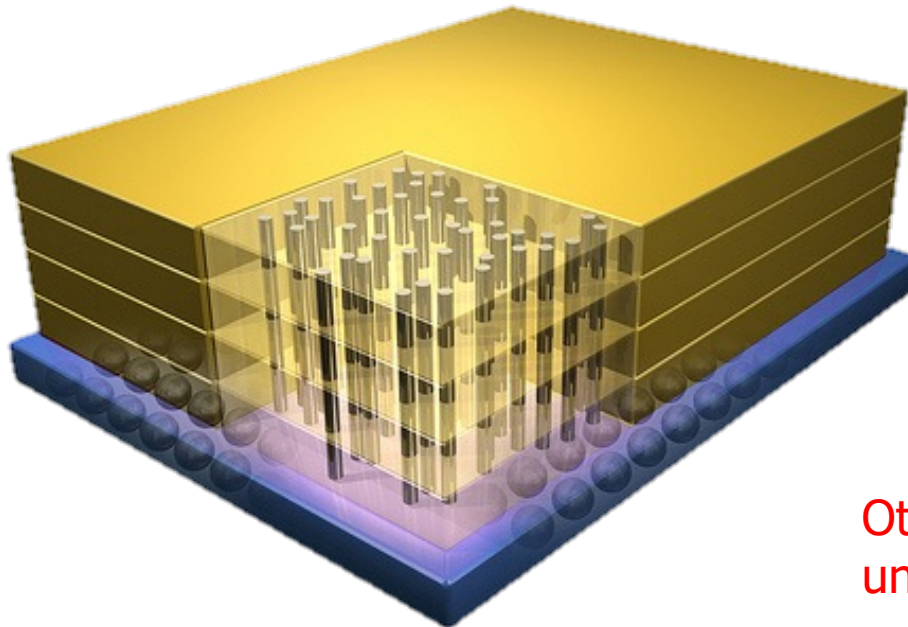


2. Little amount of computation

Opportunity: 3D-Stacked Logic+Memory



Hybrid Memory Cube
C O N S O R T I U M



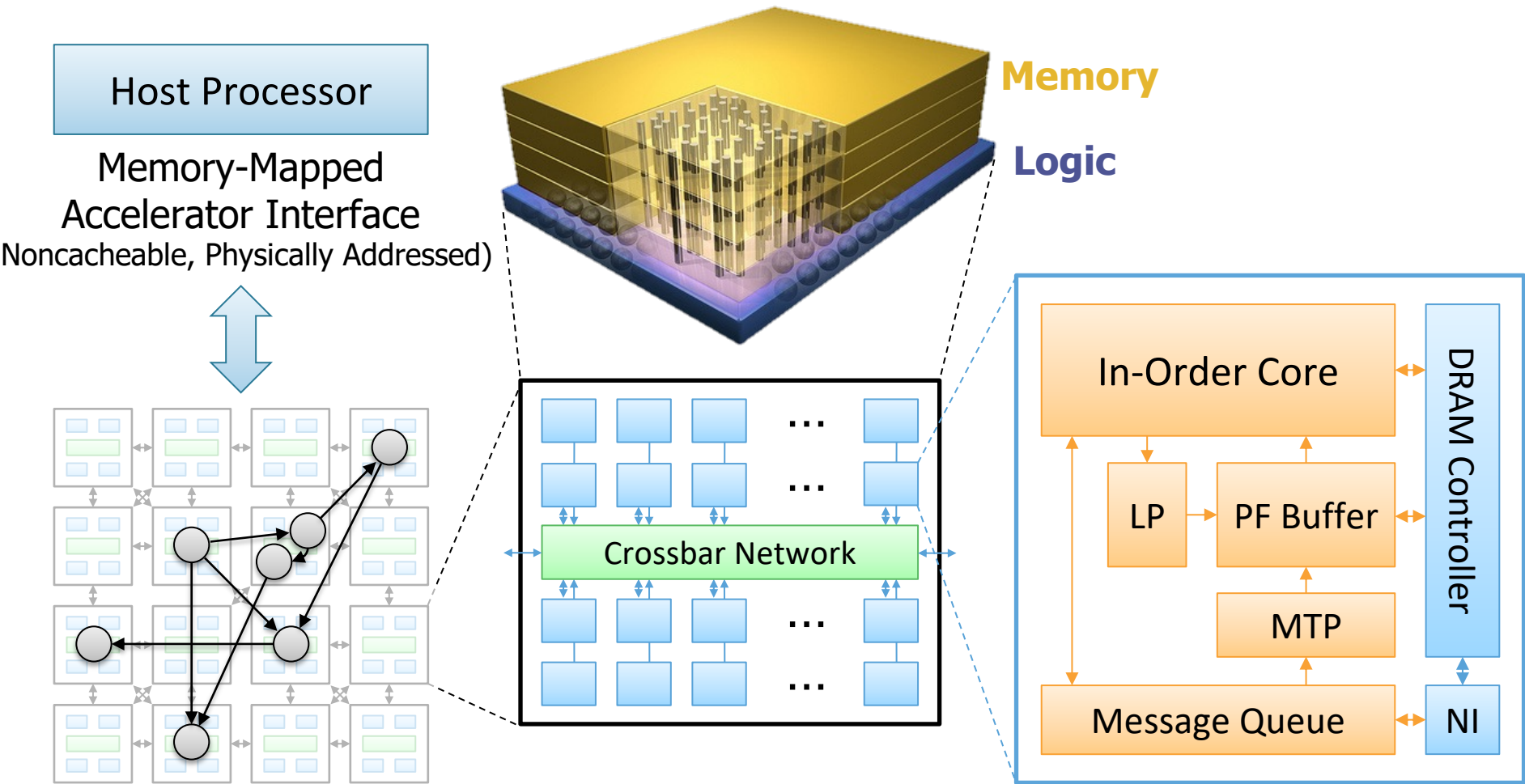
Memory

Logic

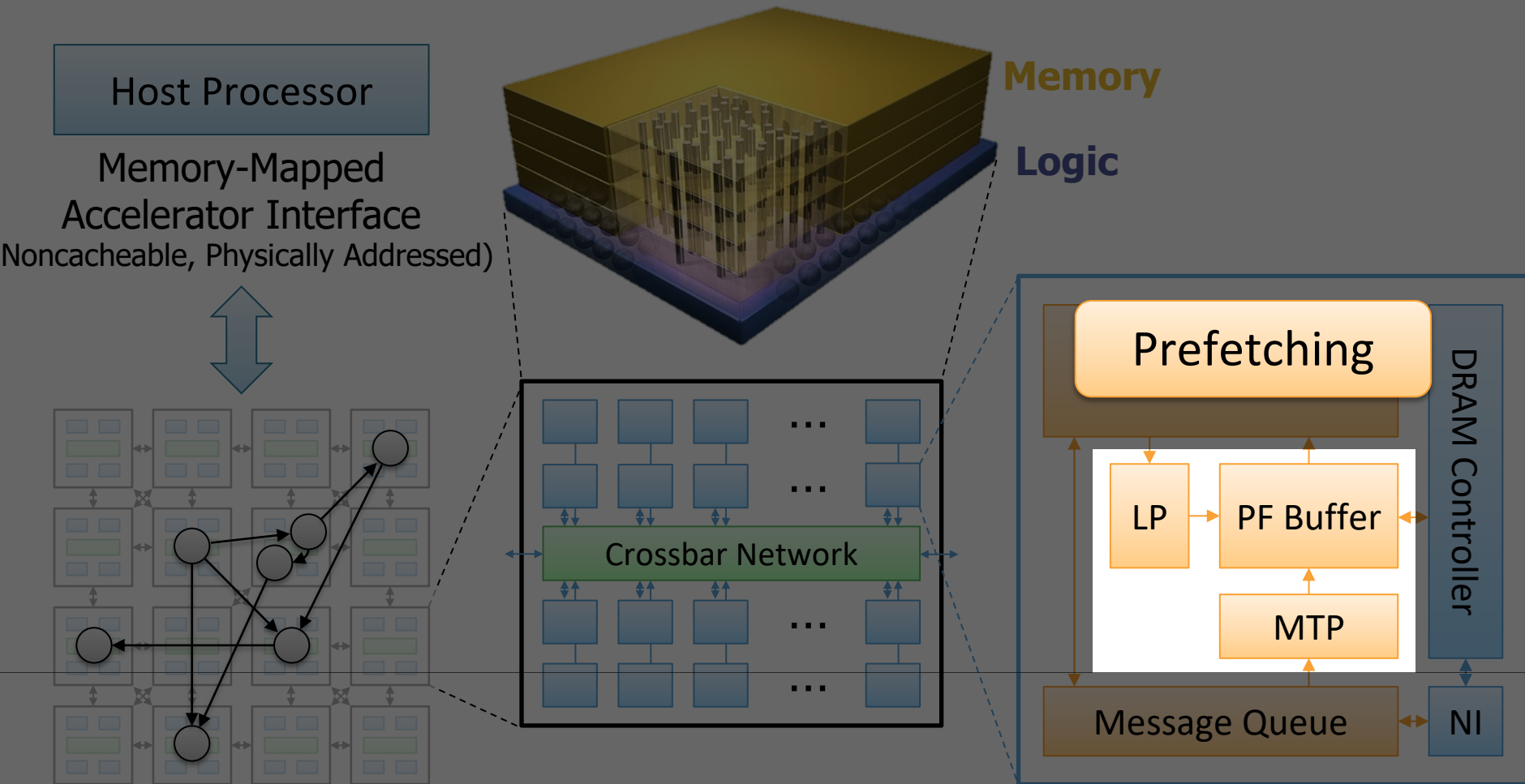
Other "True 3D" technologies
under development

Tesseract System for Graph Processing

Interconnected set of 3D-stacked memory+logic chips with simple cores

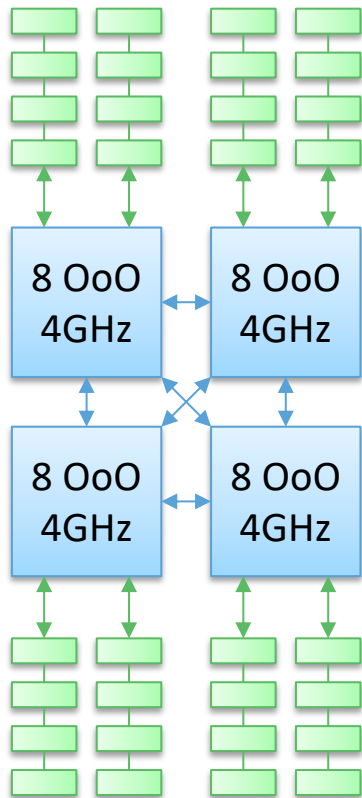


Tesseract System for Graph Processing



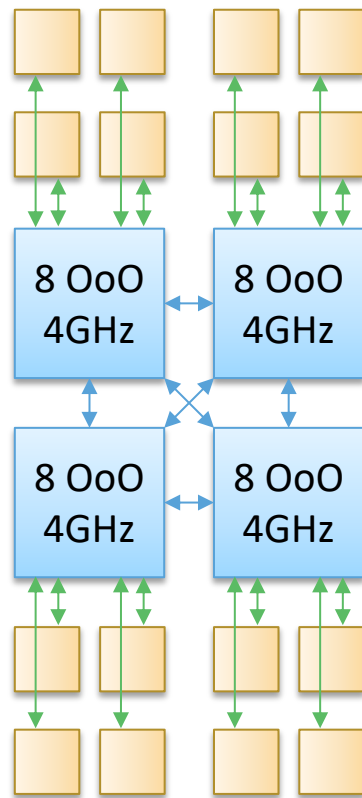
Evaluated Systems

DDR3-OoO



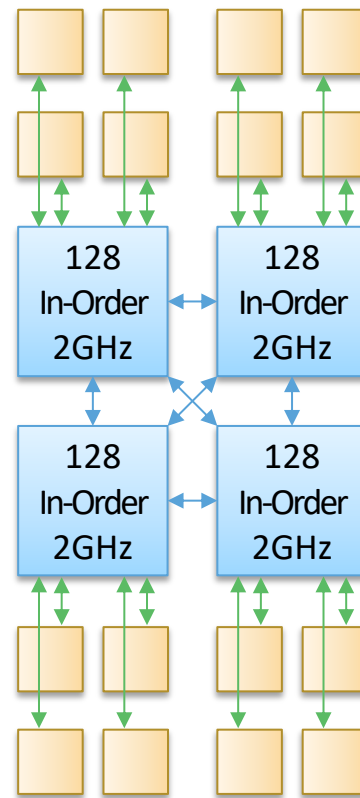
102.4GB/s

HMC-OoO



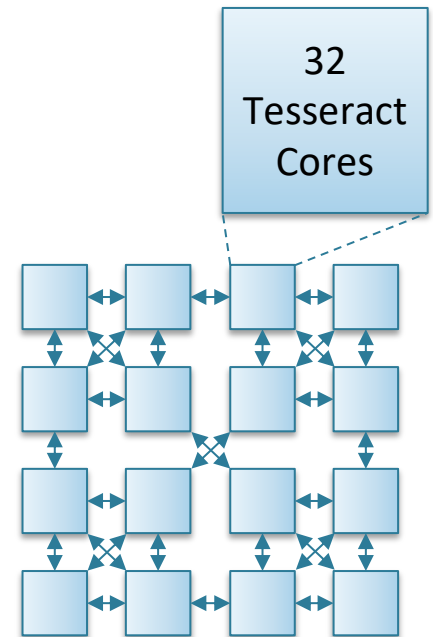
640GB/s

HMC-MC



640GB/s

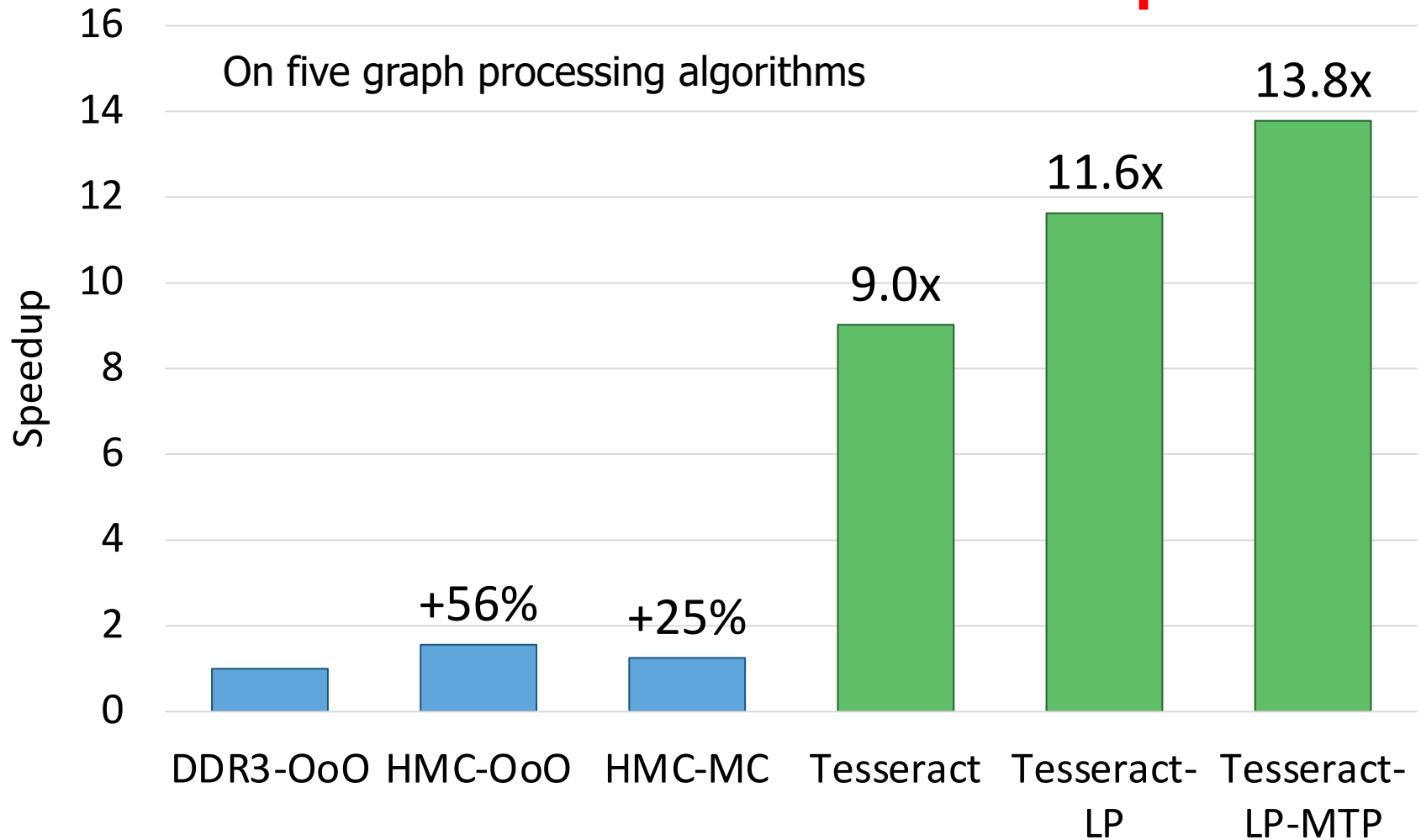
Tesseract



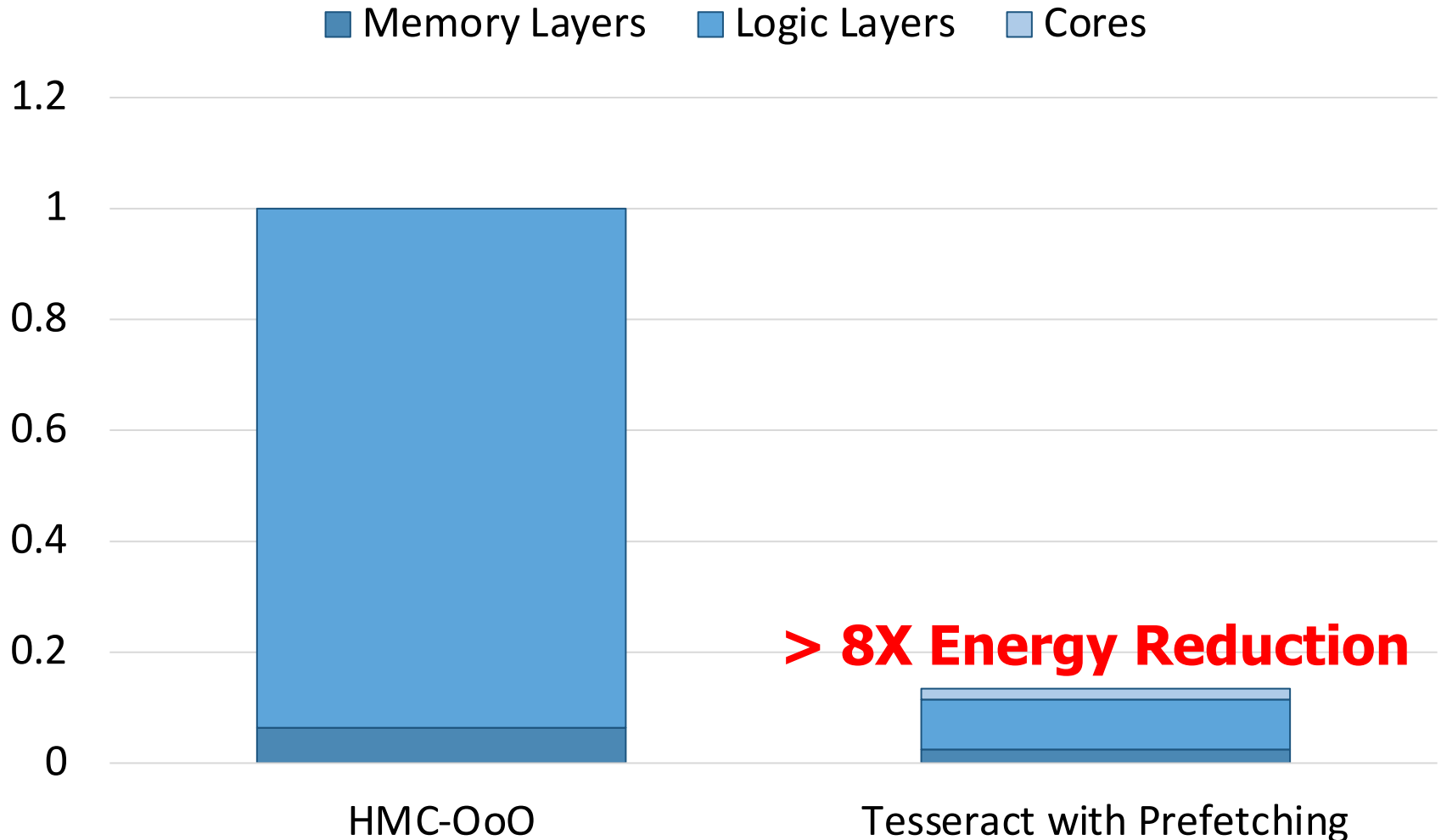
8TB/s

Tesseract Graph Processing Performance

>13X Performance Improvement



Tesseract Graph Processing System Energy



More on Tesseract

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungpack Hong, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoungh Choi,
"A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing"
Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Portland, OR, June 2015.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.

A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing

Junwhan Ahn Sungpack Hong[§] Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu[†] Kiyoungh Choi

junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungpack.hong@oracle.com, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr

Seoul National University

[§]Oracle Labs

[†]Carnegie Mellon University

In-Storage Genomic Data Filtering [ASPLOS 2022]

- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
"GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Virtual, February-March 2022.
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (90 seconds)] [[Talk Video](#) (17 minutes)]

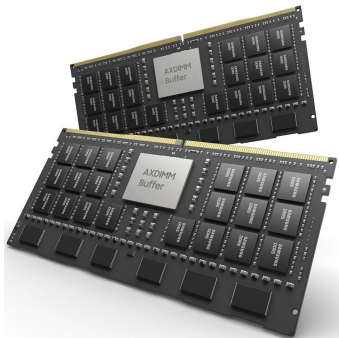
GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi¹ Jisung Park¹ Harun Mustafa¹ Jeremie Kim¹ Ataberk Olgun¹
Arvid Gollwitzer¹ Damla Senol Cali² Can Firtina¹ Haiyu Mao¹ Nour Almadhoun Alserr¹
Rachata Ausavarungnirun³ Nandita Vijaykumar⁴ Mohammed Alser¹ Onur Mutlu¹

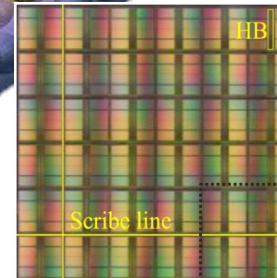
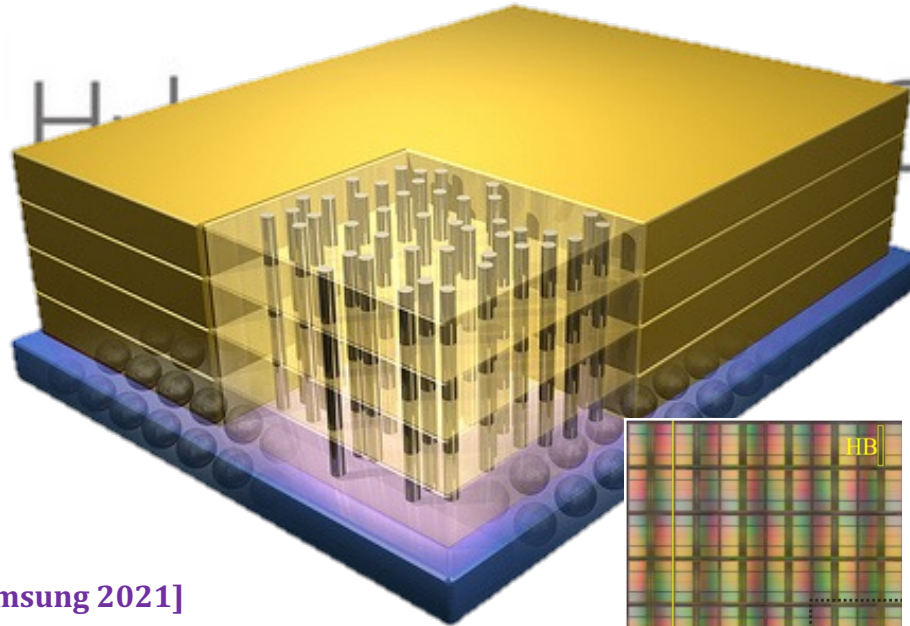
¹ETH Zürich ²Bionano Genomics ³KMUTNB ⁴University of Toronto

Processing-in-Memory in the Real World

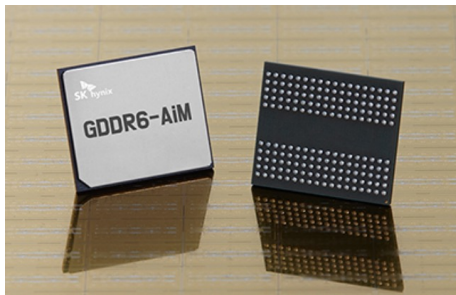
Processing-in-Memory Landscape Today



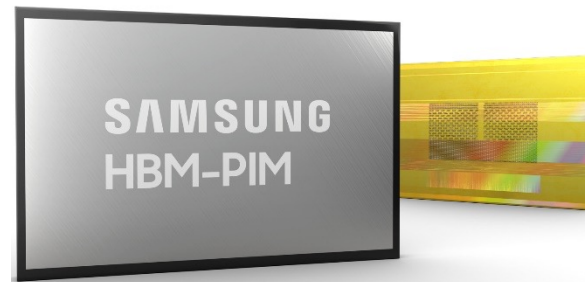
[Samsung 2021]



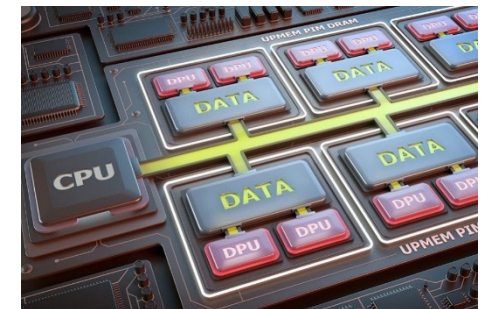
[Alibaba 2022]



[SK Hynix 2022]



[Samsung 2021]

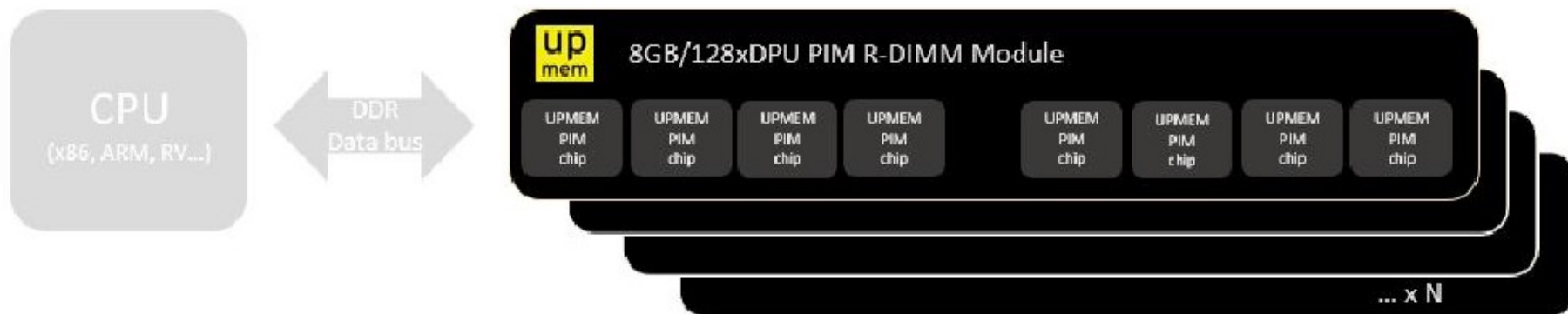
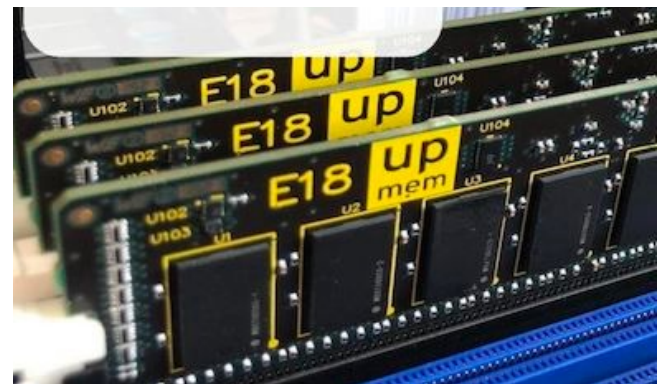


[UPMEM 2019]

This does not include many experimental chips and startups

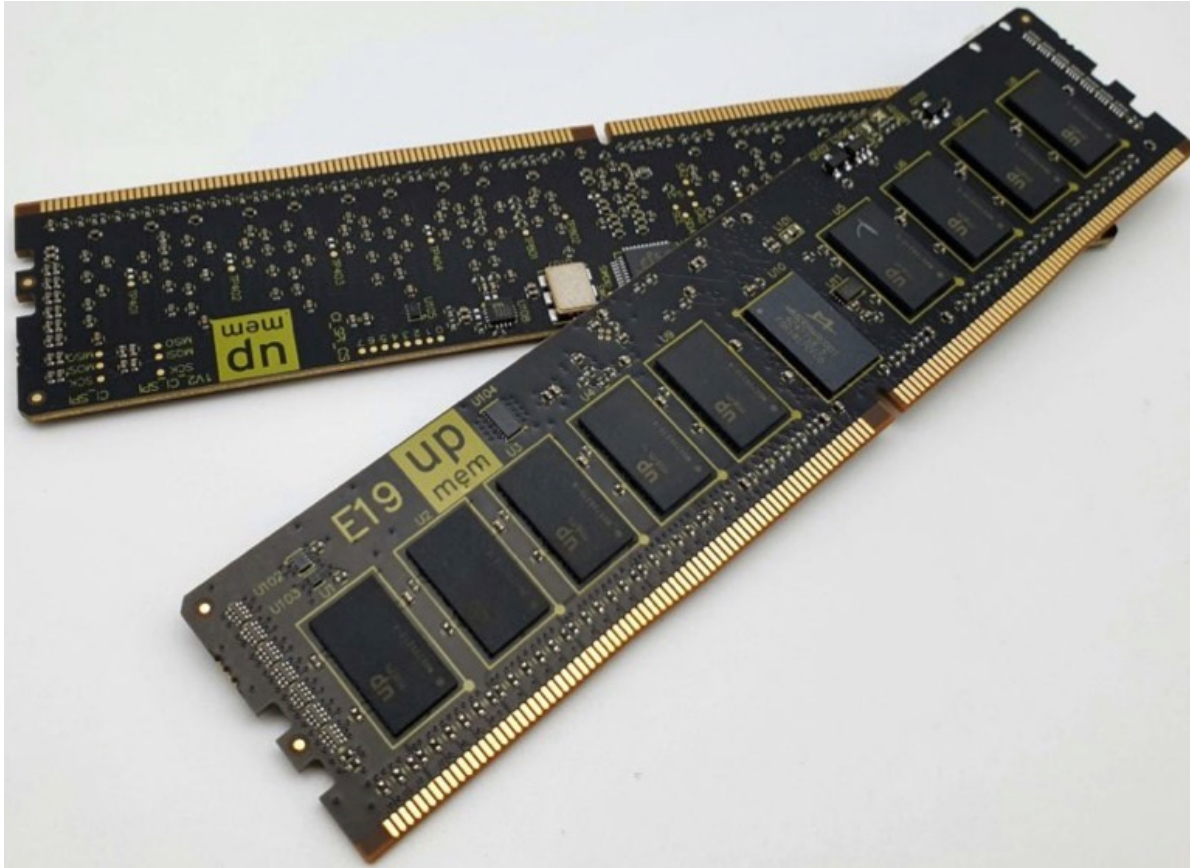
UPMEM Processing-in-DRAM Engine (2019)

- **Processing in DRAM Engine**
- Includes **standard DIMM modules**, with a **large number of DPU processors** combined with DRAM chips.
- Replaces **standard DIMMs**
 - DDR4 R-DIMM modules
 - 8GB+128 DPUs (16 PIM chips)
 - Standard 2x-nm DRAM process
 - **Large amounts of** compute & memory bandwidth

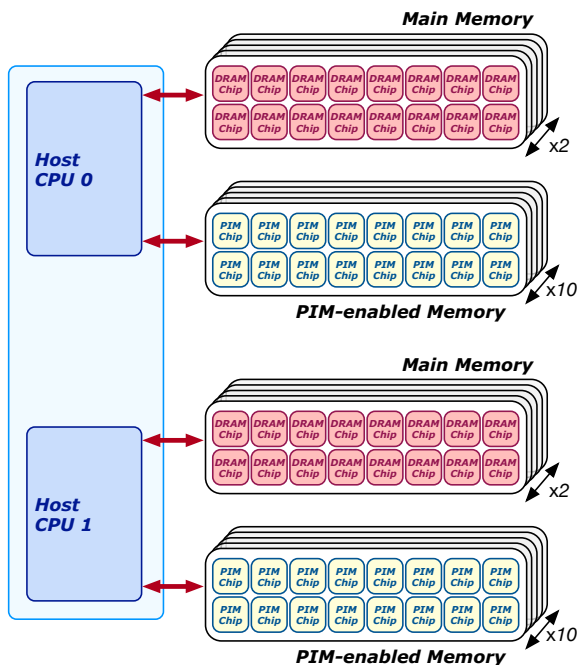


UPMEM Memory Modules

- E19: 8 chips DIMM (1 rank). DPUs @ 267 MHz
- P21: 16 chips DIMM (2 ranks). DPUs @ 350 MHz



2,560-DPU Processing-in-Memory System



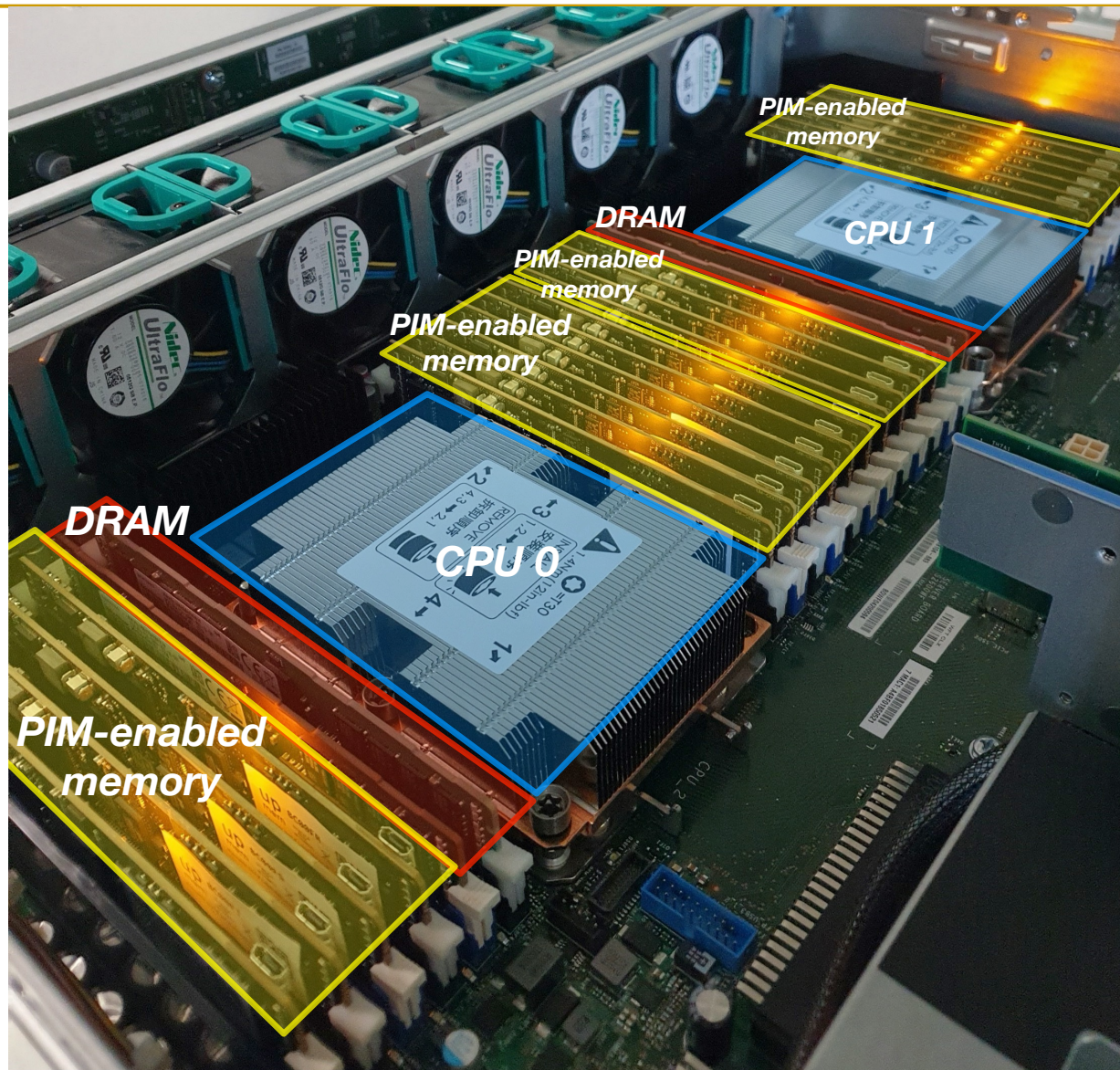
Benchmarking a New Paradigm: An Experimental Analysis of a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
 IZZAT EL HAJJ, American University of Beirut, Lebanon
 IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain
 CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and NTUA, Greece
 GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
 ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Many modern workloads, such as neural networks, databases, and graph processing, are fundamentally memory-bound. For such workloads, the data movement between main memory and CPU cores imposes a significant overhead in terms of both latency and energy. A major reason is that this communication happens through a narrow bus with high latency and limited bandwidth, and the low data reuse in memory-bound workloads is insufficient to amortize the cost of main memory access. Fundamentally addressing this *data movement bottleneck* requires a paradigm where the memory system assumes an active role in computing by integrating processing capabilities. This paradigm is known as *processing-in-memory (PIM)*.

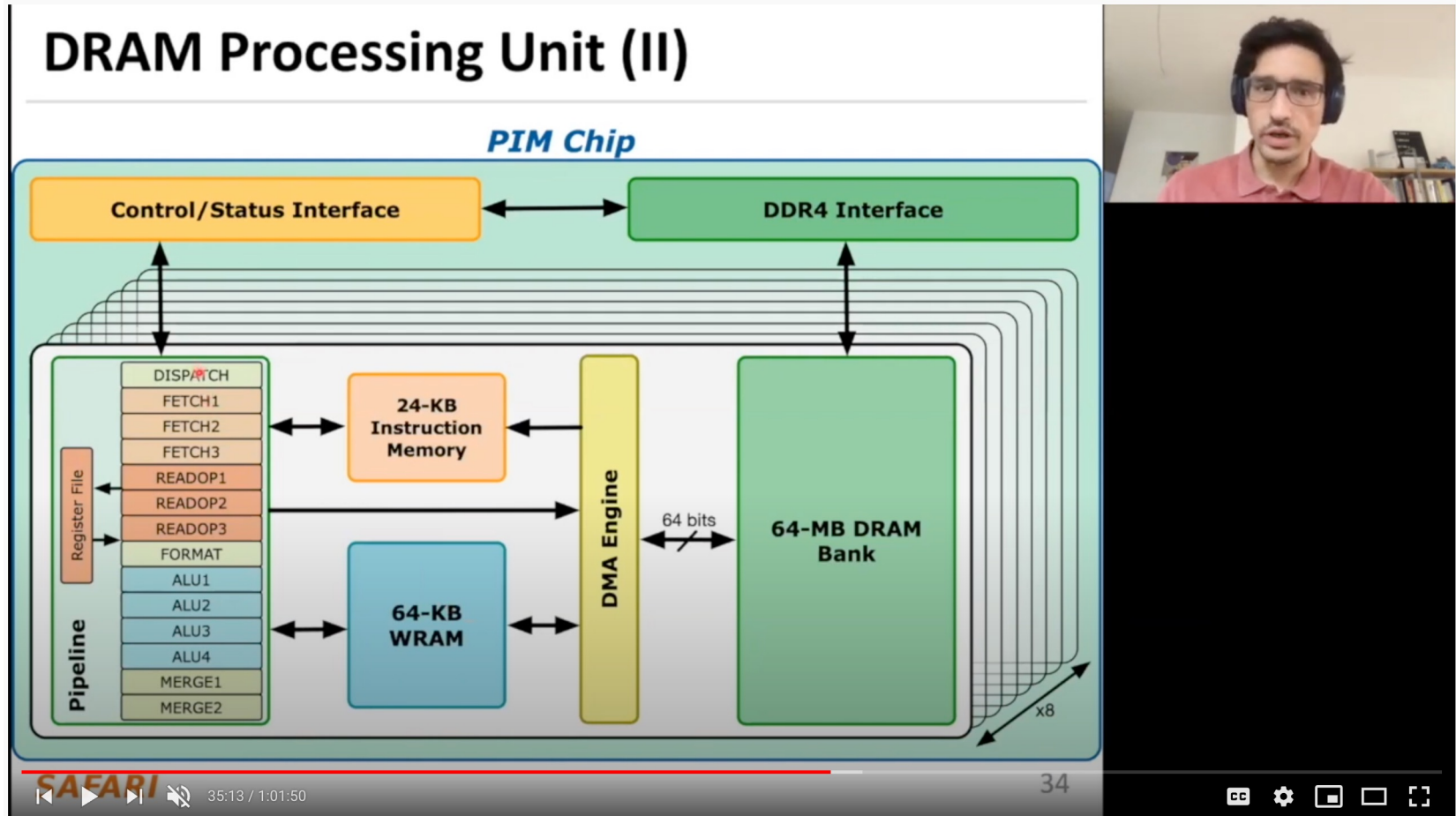
Recent research explores different forms of PIM architectures, motivated by the emergence of new 3D-stacked memory technologies that integrate memory with a logic layer where processing elements can be easily placed. Past works evaluate these architectures in simulation or, at best, with simplified hardware prototypes. In contrast, the UPMEM company has designed and manufactured the first publicly-available real-world PIM architecture. The UPMEM PIM architecture combines traditional DRAM memory arrays with general-purpose in-order cores, called *DRAM Processing Units (DPUs)*, integrated in the same chip.

This paper provides the first comprehensive analysis of the first publicly-available real-world PIM architecture. We make two key contributions. First, we conduct an experimental characterization of the UPMEM-based PIM system using microbenchmarks to assess various architecture limits such as compute throughput and memory bandwidth, yielding new insights. Second, we present *PrIM (Processing-In-Memory benchmarks)*, a benchmark suite of 16 workloads from different application domains (e.g., dense/sparse linear algebra, databases, data analytics, graph processing, neural networks, bioinformatics, image processing), which we identify as memory-bound. We evaluate the performance and scaling characteristics of PrIM benchmarks on the UPMEM PIM architecture, and compare their performance and energy consumption to their state-of-the-art CPU and GPU counterparts. Our extensive evaluation conducted on two real UPMEM-based PIM systems with 640 and 2,560 DPUs provides new insights about suitability of different workloads to the PIM system, programming recommendations for software designers, and suggestions and hints for hardware and architecture designers of future PIM systems.



<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>

More on the UPMEM PIM System



ETH ZÜRICH HAUPTGEBÄUDE

Computer Architecture - Lecture 12d: Real Processing-in-DRAM with UPMEM (ETH Zürich, Fall 2020)

1,120 views • Oct 31, 2020

30 0 SHARE SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures
16.7K subscribers

ANALYTICS

EDIT VIDEO

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Sscy1Wrr22A&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN&index=26>

Experimental Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Benchmarking a New Paradigm: An Experimental Analysis of a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

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ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

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Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization

Juan Gómez Luna, Izzat El Hajj,
Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula,
Geraldo F. Oliveira, Onur Mutlu

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>

SRC TECHCON Presentation

■ Dr. Juan Gomez-Luna

- Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware
- Based on two major works
 - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>
 - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf>



Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-In-Memory Hardware

Year: 2021, Pages: 1-7

DOI Bookmark: [10.1109/IGSC54211.2021.9651614](https://doi.org/10.1109/IGSC54211.2021.9651614)

Authors

Juan Gómez-Luna, ETH Zürich

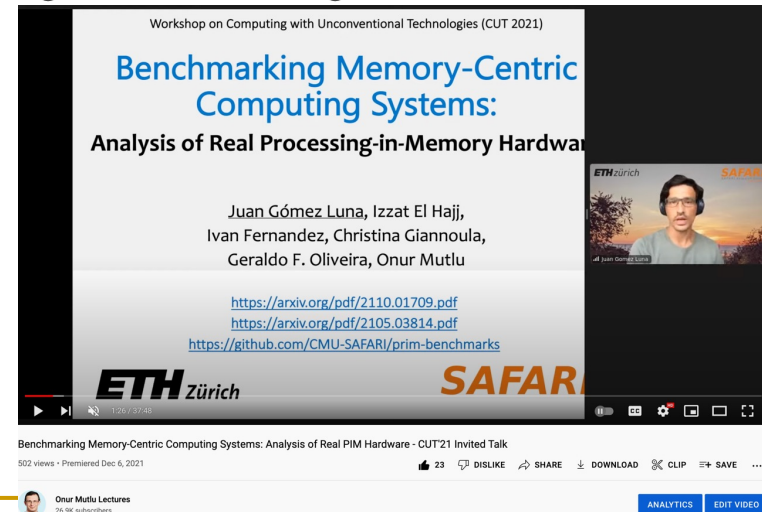
Izzat El Hajj, American University of Beirut

Ivan Fernandez, University of Malaga

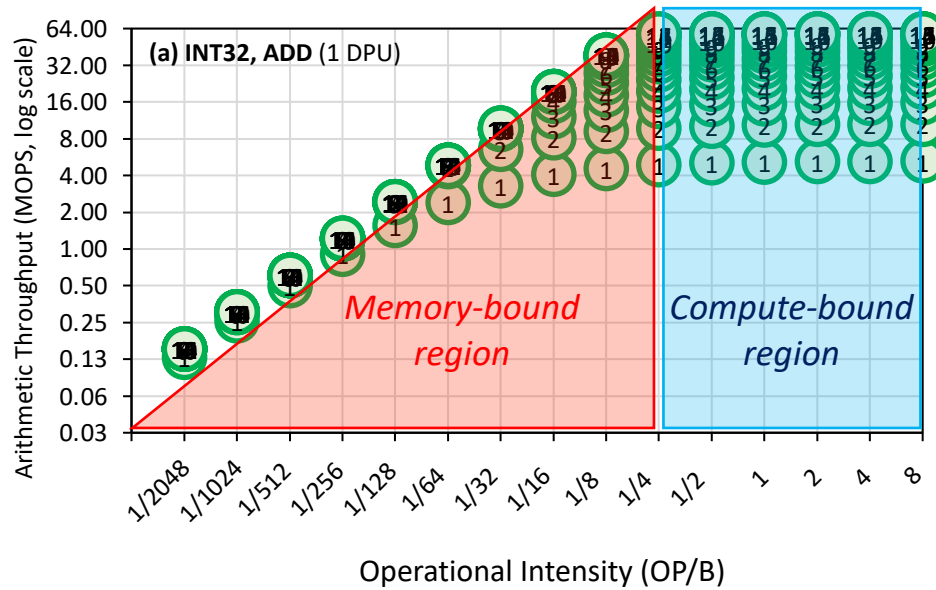
Christina Giannoula, National Technical University of Athens

Geraldo F. Oliveira, ETH Zürich

Onur Mutlu, ETH Zürich



Key Takeaway 1



The throughput saturation point is as low as $\frac{1}{4}$ OP/B, i.e., 1 integer addition per every 32-bit element fetched

KEY TAKEAWAY 1

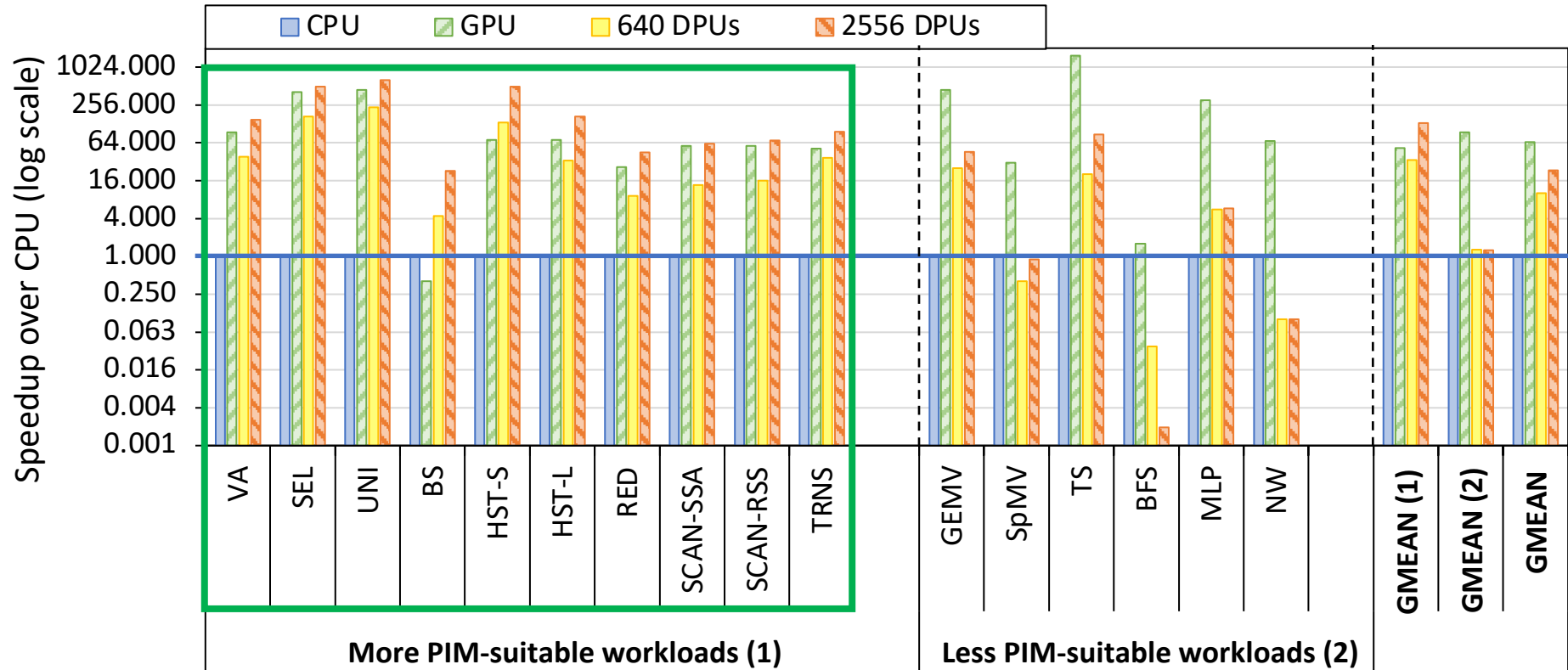
The UPMEM PIM architecture is fundamentally compute bound. As a result, the most suitable workloads are memory-bound.

Key Takeaway 2

Table 4: Evaluated CPU, GPU, and UPMEM-based PIM Systems.

System	Process Node	Processor Cores			Memory		TDP
		Total Cores	Frequency	Peak Performance	Capacity	Total Bandwidth	
Intel Xeon E3-1225 v6 CPU [241]	14 nm	4 (8 threads)	3.3 GHz	26.4 GFLOPS*	32 GB	37.5 GB/s	73 W
NVIDIA Titan V GPU [277]	14 nm	80 (5,120 SIMD lanes)	1.2 GHz	12,288.0 GFLOPS	12 GB	652.8 GB/s	250 W
2,556-DPU PIM System	2x nm	2,556 [†]	350 MHz	894.6 GOPS	159.75 GB	1.7 TB/s	383 W [†]
640-DPU PIM System	2x nm	640	267 MHz	170.9 GOPS	40 GB	333.75 GB/s	96 W [†]

* Estimated GFLOPS = 3.3 GHz × 4 cores × 2 instructions per cycle.
[†] Estimated TDP = $\frac{\text{Total DPU}}{\text{DPU}_{\text{chip}}}$ × 1.2 W/chip [199].



KEY TAKEAWAY 2

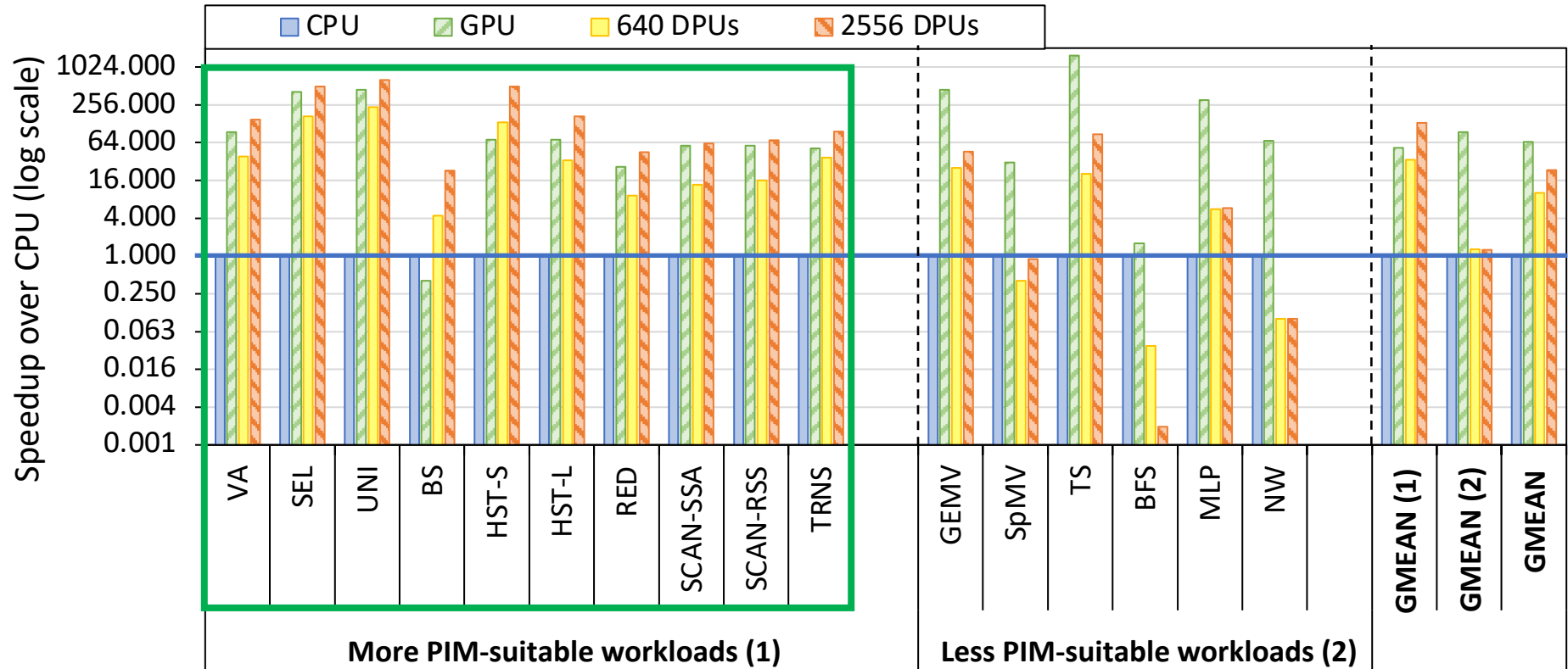
The most well-suited workloads for the UPMEM PIM architecture use no arithmetic operations or use only simple operations (e.g., bitwise operations and integer addition/subtraction).

Key Takeaway 3

Table 4: Evaluated CPU, GPU, and UPMEM-based PIM Systems.

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[‡]Estimated DPU = $\frac{\text{Total DPU}}{\text{DPU}_1/\text{chip}} \times 1.2 \text{ W/chip}$ [199].



KEY TAKEAWAY 3

The most well-suited workloads for the UPMEM PIM architecture require little or no communication across DPUs (inter-DPU communication).

Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization

Juan Gómez Luna, Izzat El Hajj,
Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula,
Geraldo F. Oliveira, Onur Mutlu

el1goluj@gmail.com

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>

UPMEM PIM System Summary & Analysis

- Juan Gomez-Luna, Izzat El Hajj, Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu,
"Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware"
*Invited Paper at Workshop on Computing with Unconventional Technologies (**CUT**), Virtual, October 2021.*
[[arXiv version](#)]
[[PrIM Benchmarks Source Code](#)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Talk Video](#) (37 minutes)]
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (3 minutes)]

Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware

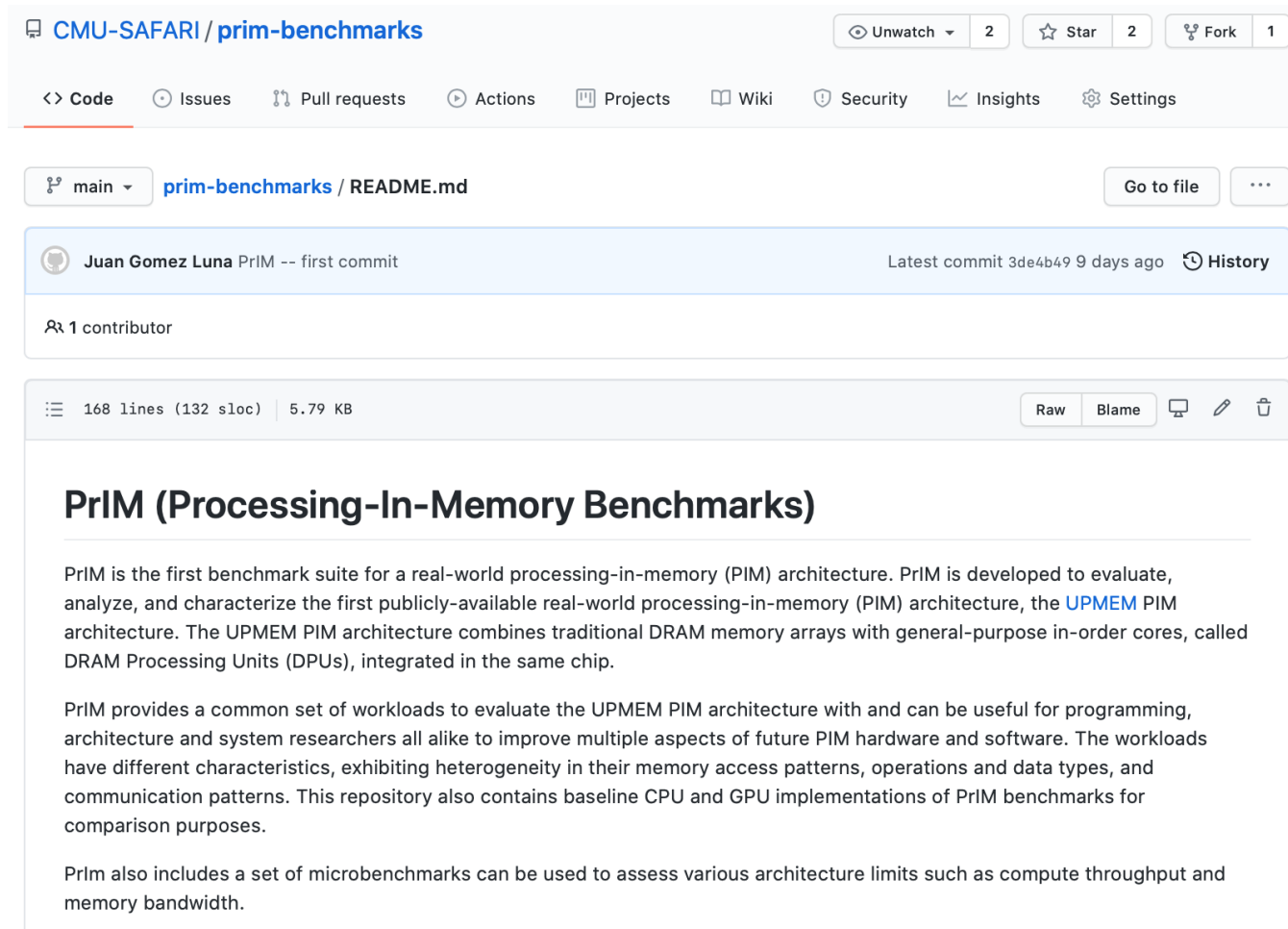
Juan Gómez-Luna	Izzat El Hajj	Ivan Fernandez	Christina Giannoula	Geraldo F. Oliveira	Onur Mutlu
<i>ETH Zürich</i>	<i>American University of Beirut</i>	<i>University of Malaga</i>	<i>National Technical University of Athens</i>	<i>ETH Zürich</i>	<i>ETH Zürich</i>

PrIM Benchmarks: Application Domains

Domain	Benchmark	Short name
Dense linear algebra	Vector Addition	VA
	Matrix-Vector Multiply	GEMV
Sparse linear algebra	Sparse Matrix-Vector Multiply	SpMV
Databases	Select	SEL
	Unique	UNI
Data analytics	Binary Search	BS
	Time Series Analysis	TS
Graph processing	Breadth-First Search	BFS
Neural networks	Multilayer Perceptron	MLP
Bioinformatics	Needleman-Wunsch	NW
Image processing	Image histogram (short)	HST-S
	Image histogram (large)	HST-L
Parallel primitives	Reduction	RED
	Prefix sum (scan-scan-add)	SCAN-SSA
	Prefix sum (reduce-scan-scan)	SCAN-RSS
	Matrix transposition	TRNS

PrIM Benchmarks are Open Source

- All microbenchmarks, benchmarks, and scripts
- <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>



CMU-SAFARI / **prim-benchmarks** Unwatch 2 Star 2 Fork 1

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main prim-benchmarks / README.md Go to file ...

Juan Gomez Luna PrIM -- first commit Latest commit 3de4b49 9 days ago History

1 contributor

168 lines (132 sloc) 5.79 KB Raw Blame

PrIM (Processing-In-Memory Benchmarks)

PrIM is the first benchmark suite for a real-world processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture. PrIM is developed to evaluate, analyze, and characterize the first publicly-available real-world processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture, the [UPMEM](#) PIM architecture. The UPMEM PIM architecture combines traditional DRAM memory arrays with general-purpose in-order cores, called DRAM Processing Units (DPUs), integrated in the same chip.

PrIM provides a common set of workloads to evaluate the UPMEM PIM architecture with and can be useful for programming, architecture and system researchers all alike to improve multiple aspects of future PIM hardware and software. The workloads have different characteristics, exhibiting heterogeneity in their memory access patterns, operations and data types, and communication patterns. This repository also contains baseline CPU and GPU implementations of PrIM benchmarks for comparison purposes.

PrIM also includes a set of microbenchmarks can be used to assess various architecture limits such as compute throughput and memory bandwidth.

Understanding a Modern PIM Architecture

Benchmarking a New Paradigm: Experimental Analysis and Characterization of a Real Processing-in-Memory System

**JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA¹, IZZAT EL HAJJ², IVAN FERNANDEZ^{1,3}, CHRISTINA GIANNOULA^{1,4},
GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA¹, AND ONUR MUTLU¹**

¹ETH Zürich

²American University of Beirut

³University of Malaga

⁴National Technical University of Athens

Corresponding author: Juan Gómez-Luna (e-mail: juang@ethz.ch).

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>

Understanding a Modern PIM Architecture



The video player shows a title slide with the following text:

Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization

Juan Gómez Luna, Izzat El Hajj,
Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula,
Geraldo F. Oliveira, Onur Mutlu

Links provided:

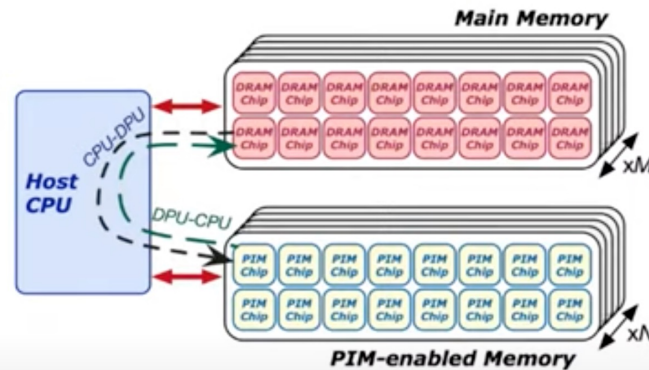
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>
- <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>

The video player includes a progress bar at 2:26 / 2:57:10, a small video feed of the speaker Juan Gomez Luna in the top right corner, and logos for ETH Zürich and SAFARI Zoom. The video title is 'SAFARI Live Seminar: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture', with 2,579 views and a stream date of Jul 12, 2021. Engagement metrics show 93 likes and 0 comments. The channel is 'Onur Mutlu Lectures' with 18.7K subscribers. The 'SUBSCRIBED' button is active, and a notification bell is visible.

More on Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Inter-DPU Communication

- There is **no direct communication channel between DPUs**



- Inter-DPU communication takes place via the host CPU using CPU-DPU and DPU-CPU transfers
- Example communication patterns:
 - Merging of partial results to obtain the final result
 - Only DPU-CPU transfers
 - Redistribution of intermediate results for further computation
 - DPU-CPU transfers and CPU-DPU transfers



Onur Mutlu



SAFARI Live Seminar: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture

1,868 views • Streamed live on Jul 12, 2021

81 0 SHARE SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures
17.6K subscribers

Talk Title: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization
Dr. Juan Gómez-Luna, SAFARI Research Group, D-ITET, ETH Zurich

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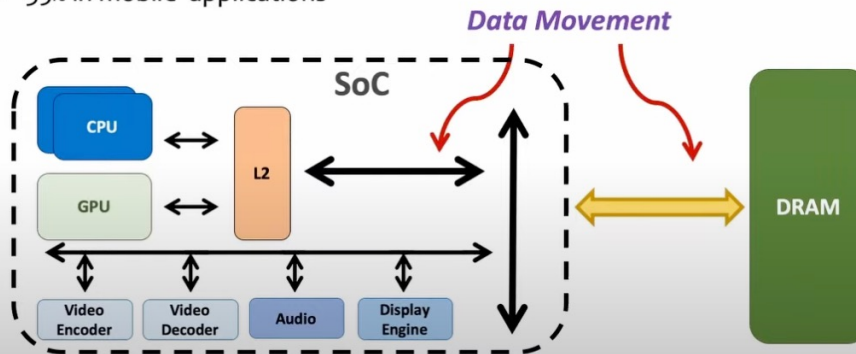
EDIT VIDEO

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D8Hjy2IU9l4&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_tOTAYm--dYByNPL7JhwR9

More on Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Data Movement in Computing Systems

- **Data movement** dominates **performance** and is a major system **energy bottleneck**
- **Total system energy**: data movement accounts for
 - 62% in consumer applications*,
 - 40% in scientific applications*,
 - 35% in mobile applications*



* Boroumand et al., "Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks," ASPLOS 2018

* Kestor et al., "Quantifying the Energy Cost of Data Movement in Scientific Applications," IISWC 2013

* Pandiyan and Wu, "Quantifying the energy cost of data movement for emerging smart phone workloads on mobile platforms," IISWC 2014

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3

Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Arch: Benchmarking & Experimental Characterization; 21m

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https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pp9jSU2b9oM&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8_VVChACnON4sfh2bJ5IrD&index=159

ML Training on a Real PIM System

Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna¹ Yuxin Guo¹ Sylvan Brocard² Julien Legriel²
Remy Cimadomo² Geraldo F. Oliveira¹ Gagandeep Singh¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²UPMEM

An Experimental Evaluation of Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna¹ Yuxin Guo¹ Sylvan Brocard² Julien Legriel²
Remy Cimadomo² Geraldo F. Oliveira¹ Gagandeep Singh¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²UPMEM

Short version: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2206.06022.pdf>

Long version: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=11226s>

ML Training on a Real PIM System

- Need to optimize data representation
 - (1) fixed-point
 - (2) quantization
 - (3) hybrid precision
- Use **lookup tables (LUTs)** to implement complex functions (e.g., sigmoid)
- Optimize data placement & layout for **streaming**
- Large speedups: **2.8X/27X vs. CPU, 1.3x/3.2x vs. GPU**

ML Training on Real PIM Talk Video



The video player displays a presentation slide with the following content:

Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez Luna, Yuxin Guo, Sylvan Brocard,
Julien Legriel, Remy Cimadomo, Geraldo F. Oliveira,
Gagandeep Singh, Onur Mutlu

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2206.06022.pdf>
juang@ethz.ch

ETH Zürich SAFARI up mem

Video player controls show: 3:07:11 / 3:36:35 • Dr. Juan Gómez-Luna, "Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-In-Memory System" >

Below the video player:

ISVLSI 2022 Special Session on Processing-in-Memory
1,345 views • Premiered Aug 9, 2022

Onur Mutlu Lectures
26.9K subscribers

ANALYTICS EDIT VIDEO

Engagement icons: 61 likes, DISLIKE, SHARE, DOWNLOAD, CLIP, SAVE, ...

SpMV Multiplication on Real PIM Systems

- Appears in SIGMETRICS 2022

***SparseP*: Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Systems**

CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and National Technical University of Athens, Greece

IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

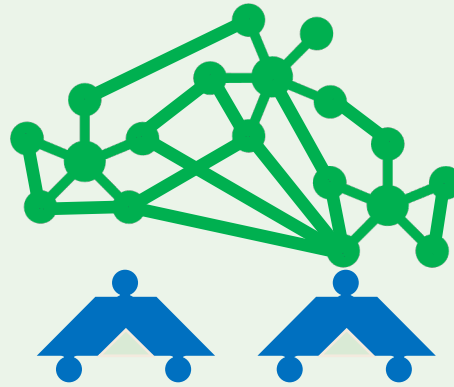
NECTARIOS KOZIRIS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece

GEORGIOS GOUMAS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.05072.pdf>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SparseP>



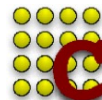
SparseP

Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication
on Real Processing-In-Memory Architectures

Christina Giannoula

Ivan Fernandez, Juan Gomez-Luna,
Nectarios Koziris, Georgios Goumas, Onur Mutlu

SAFARI **ETH** zürich

 **CSLab** National Technical University of Athens



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DE MÁLAGA

SparseP: Key Contributions

1. Efficient SpMV kernels for current & future PIM systems

- SparseP library = 25 SpMV kernels
 - Compression, data types, data partitioning, synchronization, load balancing

SparseP is Open-Source

SparseP: <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SparseP>

2. Comprehensive analysis of SpMV on the first commercially-available real PIM system



- 26 sparse matrices
- Comparisons to state-of-the-art CPU and GPU systems
- Recommendations for software, system and hardware designers

Recommendations for Architects and Programmers

Full Paper: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.05072.pdf>

SparseP Talk Video



The screenshot shows a YouTube video player with a presentation slide. The slide features the SparseP logo, which consists of a green network graph above two blue stylized human figures. Below the logo, the title "SparseP" is written in large blue letters, followed by the subtitle "Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Architectures" in smaller blue letters. The presenter's name, "Christina Giannoula", is listed in red, followed by the names of other contributors: "Ivan Fernandez, Juan Gomez-Luna, Nectarios Koziris, Georgios Goumas, Onur Mutlu". At the bottom of the slide, there are logos for "SAFARI ETH zürich", "CSLab", and several university logos including "National Technical University of Athens", "UNIVERSITÄT DUISBURG ESSEN", and "UNIVERSIDAD DE MÁLAGA". A small video inset in the top right corner shows a woman, identified as "Christina Gian...", speaking. The video player interface includes a play button, a progress bar at 0:02 / 55:25, and various control icons like volume, full screen, and share.

Processing-in-Memory Course: Lecture 11: SpMV on a Real PIM Architecture - Spring 2022

149 views • Streamed live on May 19, 2022

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Onur Mutlu Lectures
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Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)



Samsung Develops Industry's First High Bandwidth Memory with AI Processing Power

Korea on February 17, 2021

Audio



Share



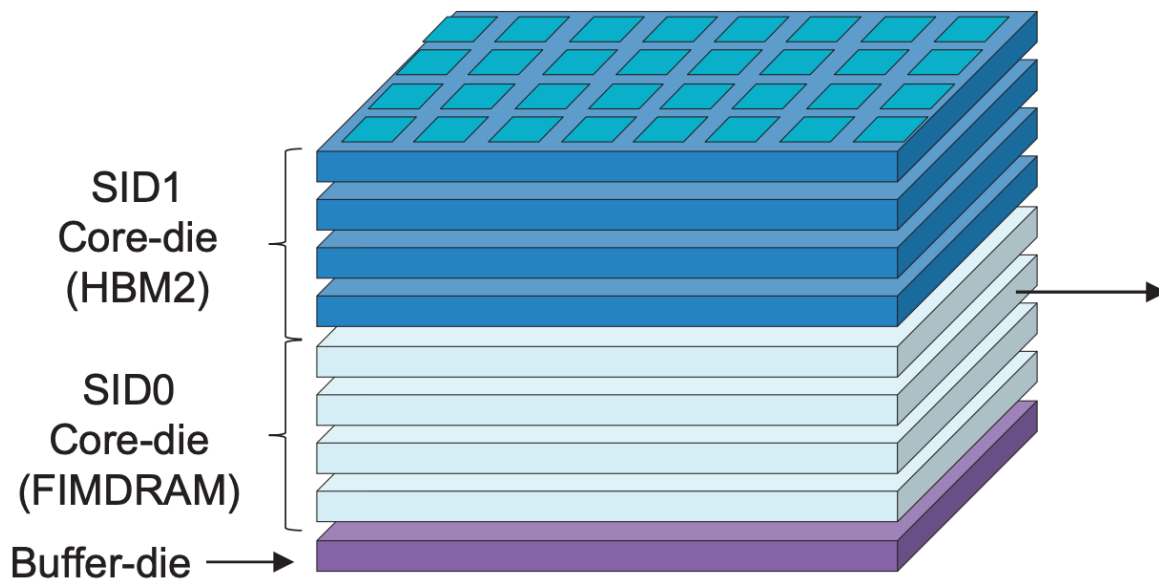
The new architecture will deliver over twice the system performance and reduce energy consumption by more than 70%

Samsung Electronics, the world leader in advanced memory technology, today announced that it has developed the industry's first High Bandwidth Memory (HBM) integrated with artificial intelligence (AI) processing power – the HBM-PIM. The new processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture brings powerful AI computing capabilities inside high-performance memory, to accelerate large-scale processing in data centers, high performance computing (HPC) systems and AI-enabled mobile applications.

Kwangil Park, senior vice president of Memory Product Planning at Samsung Electronics stated, "Our groundbreaking HBM-PIM is the industry's first programmable PIM solution tailored for diverse AI-driven workloads such as HPC, training and inference. We plan to build upon this breakthrough by further collaborating with AI solution providers for even more advanced PIM-powered applications."

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

■ FIMDRAM based on HBM2



[3D Chip Structure of HBM with FIMDRAM]

Chip Specification

128DQ / 8CH / 16 banks / BL4

32 PCU blocks (1 FIM block/2 banks)

1.2 TFLOPS (4H)

**FP16 ADD /
Multiply (MUL) /
Multiply-Accumulate (MAC) /
Multiply-and- Add (MAD)**

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-In-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

Young-Cheon Kwon¹, Suk Han Lee¹, Jaehoon Lee¹, Sang-Hyuk Kwon¹, Je Min Ryu¹, Jong-Pil Son¹, Seongil O¹, Hak-Soo Yu¹, Haesuk Lee¹, Soo Young Kim¹, Youngmin Cho¹, Jin Guk Kim¹, Jongyoon Choi¹, Hyun-Sung Shin¹, Jin Kim¹, BengSeng Phuah¹, HyoungMin Kim¹, Myeong Jun Song¹, Ahn Choi¹, Daeho Kim¹, SooYoung Kim¹, Eun-Bong Kim¹, David Wang², Shinhaeng Kang¹, Yuhwan Ro³, Seungwoo Seo³, JoonHo Song³, Jaeyoun Youn¹, Kyomin Sohn¹, Nam Sung Kim¹

¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea

²Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA

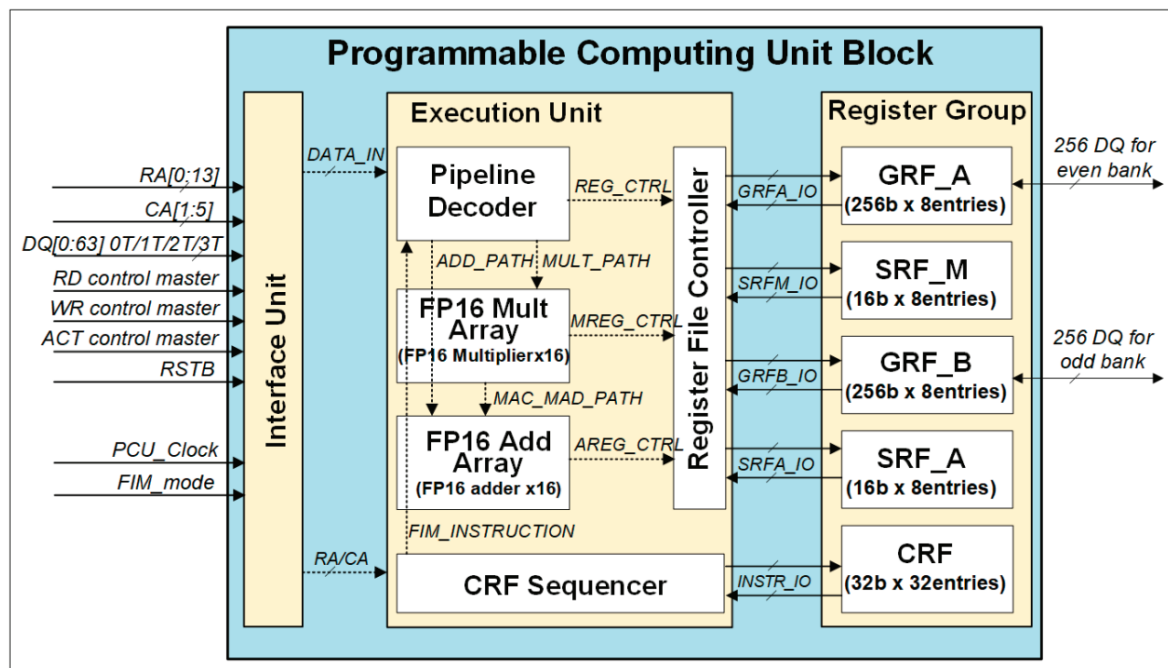
³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

Programmable Computing Unit

■ Configuration of PCU block

- Interface unit to control data flow
- Execution unit to perform operations
- Register group
 - 32 entries of CRF for instruction memory
 - 16 GRF for weight and accumulation
 - 16 SRF to store constants for MAC operations



[Block diagram of PCU in FIMDRAM]

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

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¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
²Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

[Available instruction list for FIM operation]

Type	CMD	Description
Floating Point	ADD	FP16 addition
	MUL	FP16 multiplication
	MAC	FP16 multiply-accumulate
	MAD	FP16 multiply and add
Data Path	MOVE	Load or store data
	FILL	Copy data from bank to GRFs
Control Path	NOP	Do nothing
	JUMP	Jump instruction
	EXIT	Exit instruction

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

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¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea

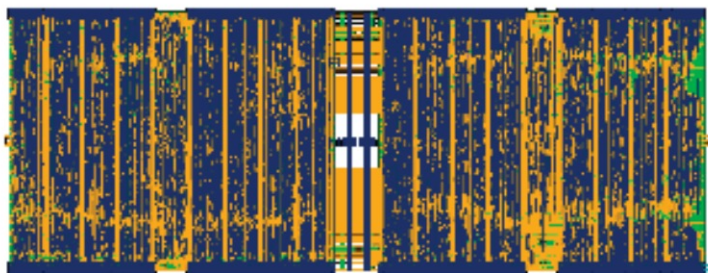
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³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

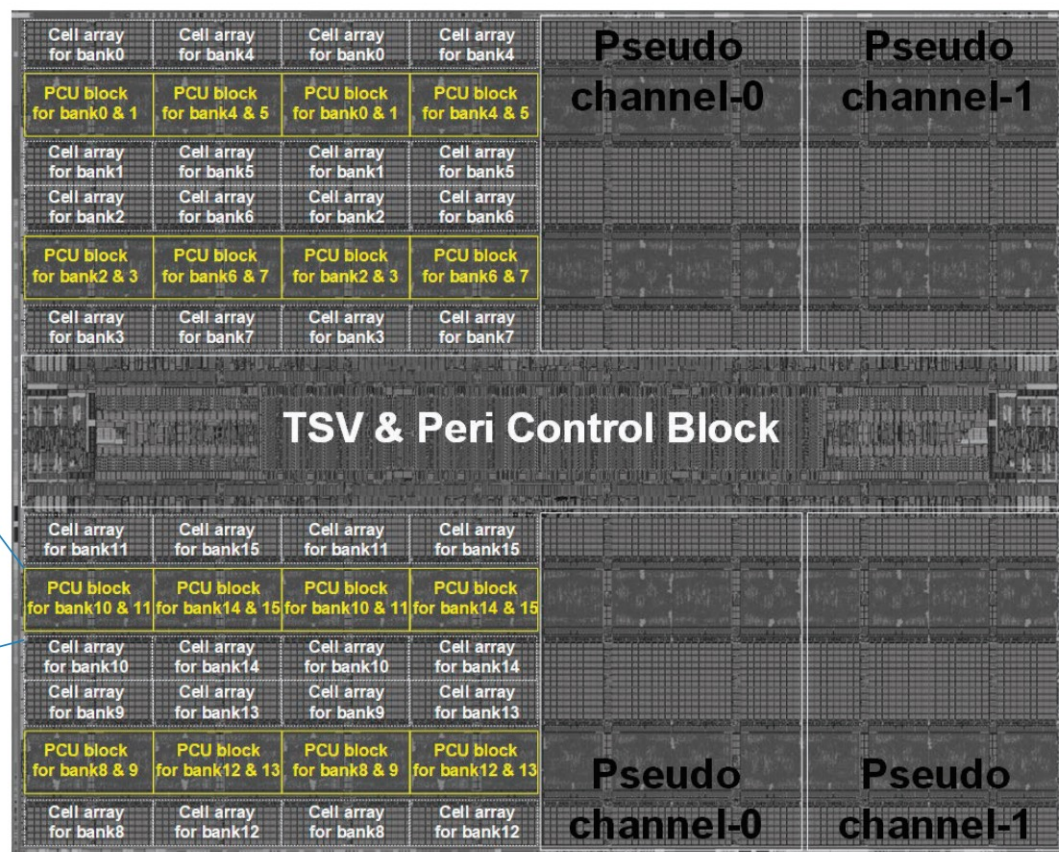
Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

Chip Implementation

- Mixed design methodology to implement FIMDRAM
 - Full-custom + Digital RTL



[Digital RTL design for PCU block]



ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

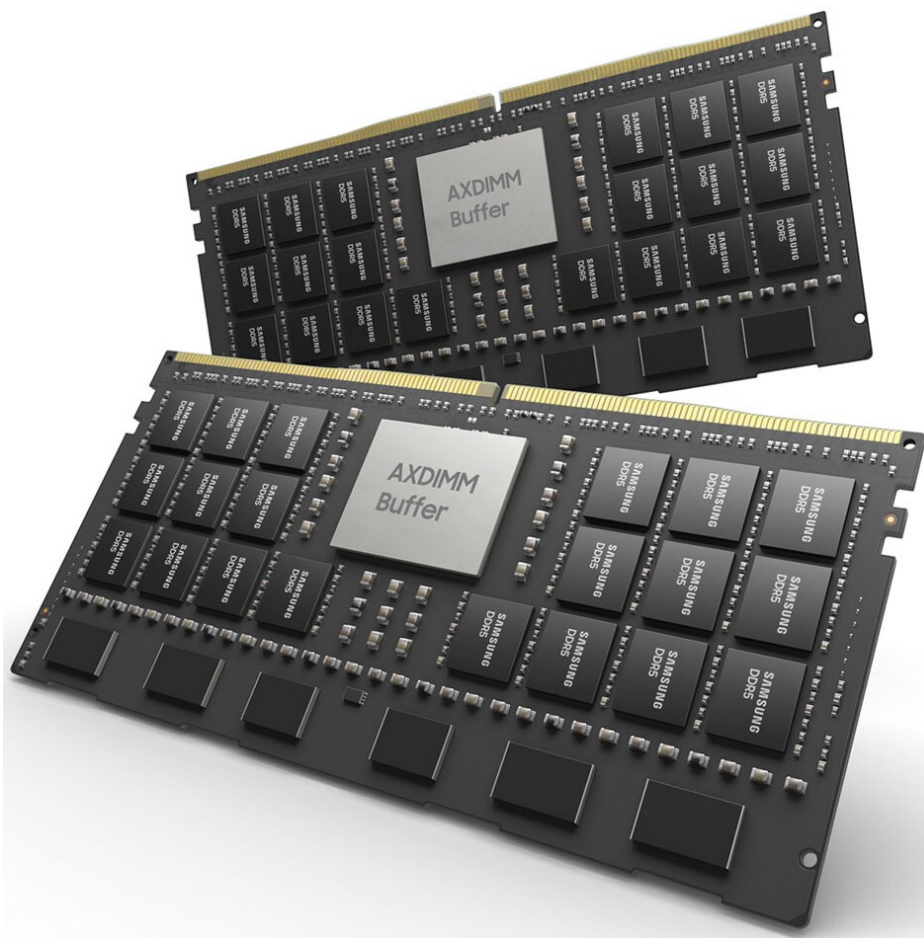
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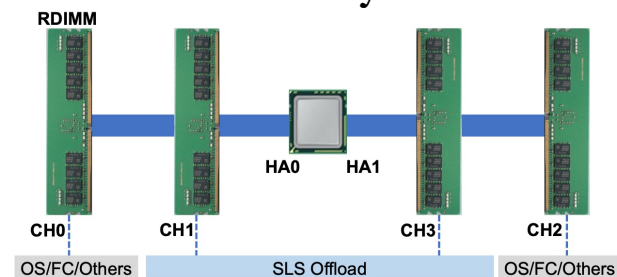
¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
²Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung AxDIMM (2021)

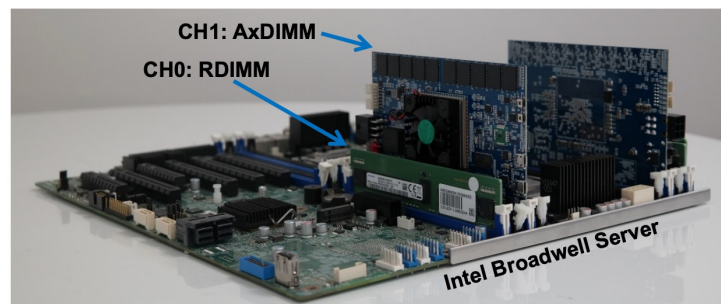
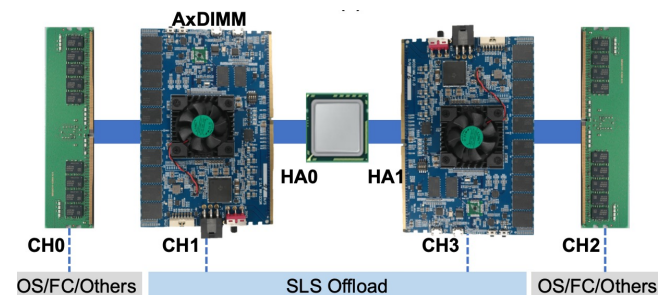
- DDRx-PIM
 - Deep learning recommendation system



Baseline System



AxDIMM System



SK Hynix Accelerator-in-Memory (2022)

SK hynix Develops PIM, Next-Generation AI Accelerator

February 16, 2022



Seoul, February 16, 2022

SK hynix (or "the Company", www.skhynix.com) announced on February 16 that it has developed PIM*, a next-generation memory chip with computing capabilities.

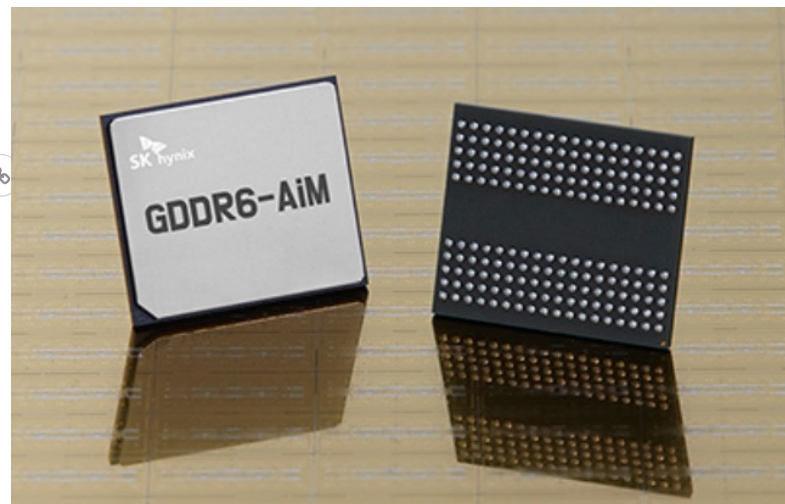
**PIM(Processing In Memory): A next-generation technology that provides a solution for data congestion issues for AI and big data by adding computational functions to semiconductor memory*

It has been generally accepted that memory chips store data and CPU or GPU, like human brain, process data. SK hynix, following its challenge to such notion and efforts to pursue innovation in the next-generation smart memory, has found a breakthrough solution with the development of the latest technology.

SK hynix plans to showcase its PIM development at the world's most prestigious semiconductor conference, 2022 ISSCC*, in San Francisco at the end of this month. The company expects continued efforts for innovation of this technology to bring the memory-centric computing, in which semiconductor memory plays a central role, a step closer to the reality in devices such as smartphones.

**ISSCC: The International Solid-State Circuits Conference will be held virtually from Feb. 20 to Feb. 24 this year with a theme of "Intelligent Silicon for a Sustainable World"*

For the first product that adopts the PIM technology, SK hynix has developed a sample of GDDR6-AiM (Accelerator* in memory). The GDDR6-AiM adds computational functions to GDDR6* memory chips, which process data at 16Gbps. A combination of GDDR6-AiM with CPU or GPU instead of a typical DRAM makes certain computation speed 16 times faster. GDDR6-AiM is widely expected to be adopted for machine learning, high-performance computing, and big data computation and storage.



11.1 A 1nm 1.25V 8Gb, 16Gb/s/pin GDDR6-based Accelerator-in-Memory supporting 1TFLOPS MAC Operation and Various Activation Functions for Deep-Learning Applications

Seongju Lee, SK hynix, Icheon, Korea

In Paper 11.1, SK Hynix describes a 1nm, GDDR6-based accelerator-in-memory with a command set for deep-learning operation. The 8Gb design achieves a peak throughput of 1TFLOPS with 1GHz MAC operations and supports major activation functions to improve accuracy.

AliBaba PIM Recommendation System (2022)

ISSCC 2022 / February 24, 2022 / 8:30 AM

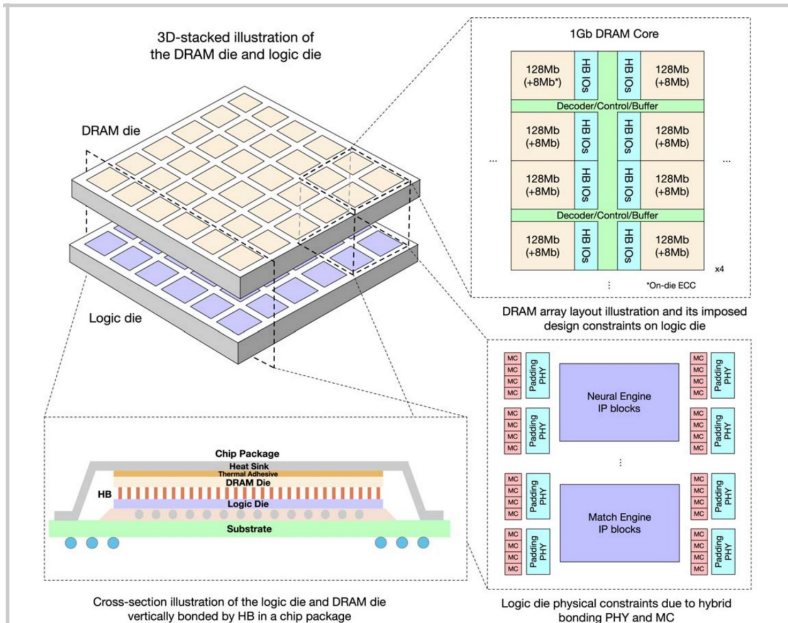


Figure 29.1.2: Illustration of 3D-stacked chip, cross-illustration of package, DRAM array layout and design blocks on logic die.

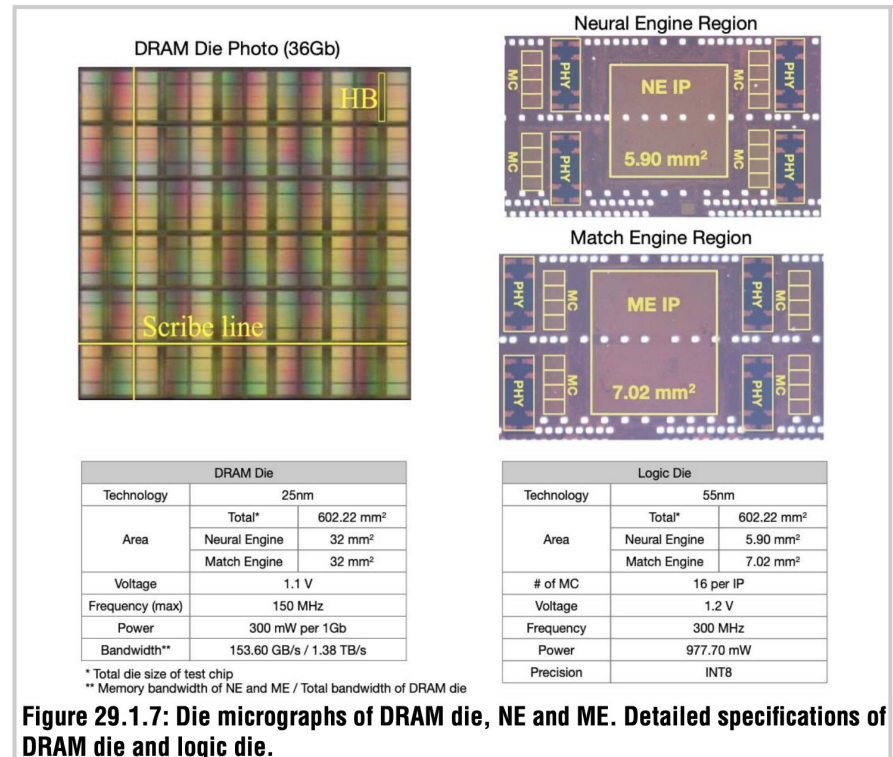


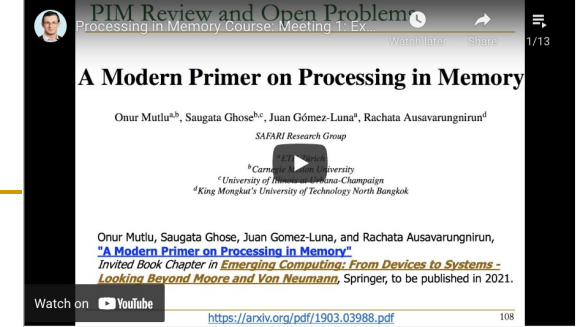
Figure 29.1.7: Die micrographs of DRAM die, NE and ME. Detailed specifications of DRAM die and logic die.

29.1 184QPS/W 64Mb/mm² 3D Logic-to-DRAM Hybrid Bonding with Process-Near-Memory Engine for Recommendation System

Dimin Niu¹, Shuangchen Li¹, Yuhao Wang¹, Wei Han¹, Zhe Zhang², Yijin Guan², Tianchan Guan³, Fei Sun¹, Fei Xue¹, Lide Duan¹, Yuanwei Fang¹, Hongzhong Zheng¹, Xiping Jiang⁴, Song Wang⁴, Fengguo Zuo⁴, Yubing Wang⁴, Bing Yu⁴, Qiwei Ren⁴, Yuan Xie¹

Processing-in-Memory in the Real World

PIM Course (Spring 2022)



Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	10.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	M1: P&S PIM Course Presentation (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials	HW 0 Out
W2	15.03 Tue. 17.03 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M2: Real-world PIM: UPMEM PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W3	24.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	M3: Real-world PIM: Microbenchmarking of UPMEM PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W4	31.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	M4: Real-world PIM: Samsung HBM-PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W5	07.04 Thu.	YouTube Live	M5: How to Evaluate Data Movement Bottlenecks (PDF) (PPT)		
W6	14.04 Thu.	YouTube Live	M6: Real-world PIM: SK Hynix AIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W7	21.04 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M7: Programming PIM Architectures (PDF) (PPT)		
W8	28.04 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M8: Benchmarking and Workload Suitability on PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W9	05.05 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M9: Real-world PIM: Samsung AxoDIMM (PDF) (PPT)		
W10	12.05 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M10: Real-world PIM: Alibaba HB-PNM (PDF) (PPT)		
W11	19.05 Thu.	YouTube Live	M11: SpMV on a Real PIM Architecture (PDF) (PPT)		
W12	26.05 Thu.	YouTube Live	M12: End-to-End Framework for Processing-using-Memory (PDF) (PPT)		
W13	02.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M13: Bit-Serial SIMD Processing using DRAM (PDF) (PPT)		
W14	09.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M14: Analyzing and Mitigating ML Inference Bottlenecks (PDF) (PPT)		
W15	15.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M15: In-Memory HTAP Databases with HW/SW Co-design (PDF) (PPT)		
W16	23.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M16: In-Storage Processing for Genome Analysis (PDF) (PPT)		
W17	18.07 Mon.	YouTube Premiere	M17: How to Enable the Adoption of PIM? (PDF) (PPT)		
W18	09.08 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	SS1: ISVLSI 2022 Special Session on PIM (PDF & PPT)		

Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory

Youtube Livestream:

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9e4Chnwdovo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-841fUYYUK9EsXKhQKRPyX>

Project course

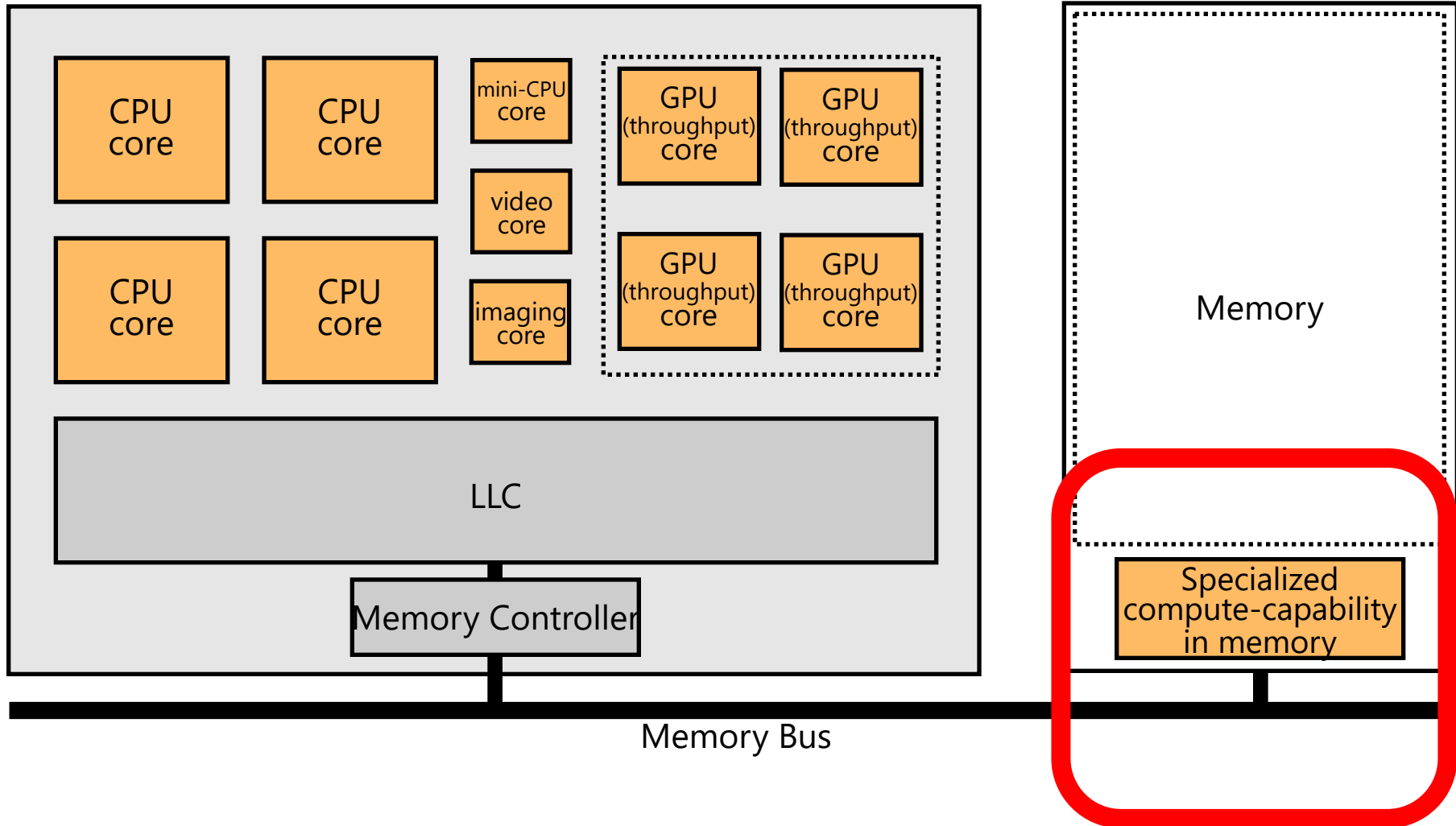
- Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
- Processing-in-Memory lectures
- Hands-on research exploration
- Many research readings

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

Processing in Memory: Two Approaches

1. Processing near Memory
2. Processing using Memory

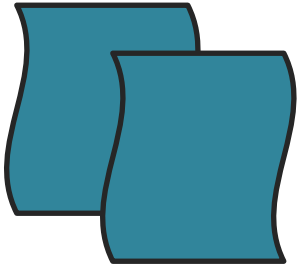
Mindset: Memory as an Accelerator



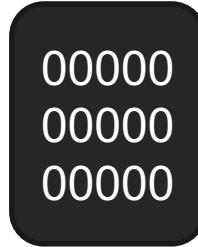
Memory similar to a "conventional" accelerator

Starting Simple: Data Copy and Initialization

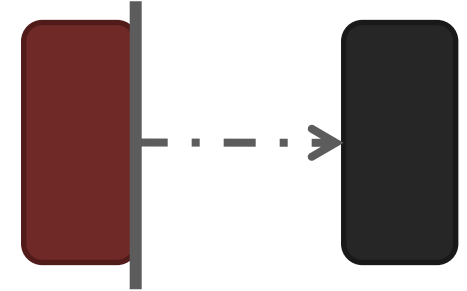
memmove & memcpy: 5% cycles in Google's datacenter [Kanev+ ISCA'15]



Forking



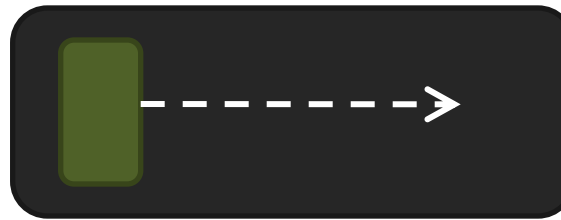
**Zero initialization
(e.g., security)**



Checkpointing



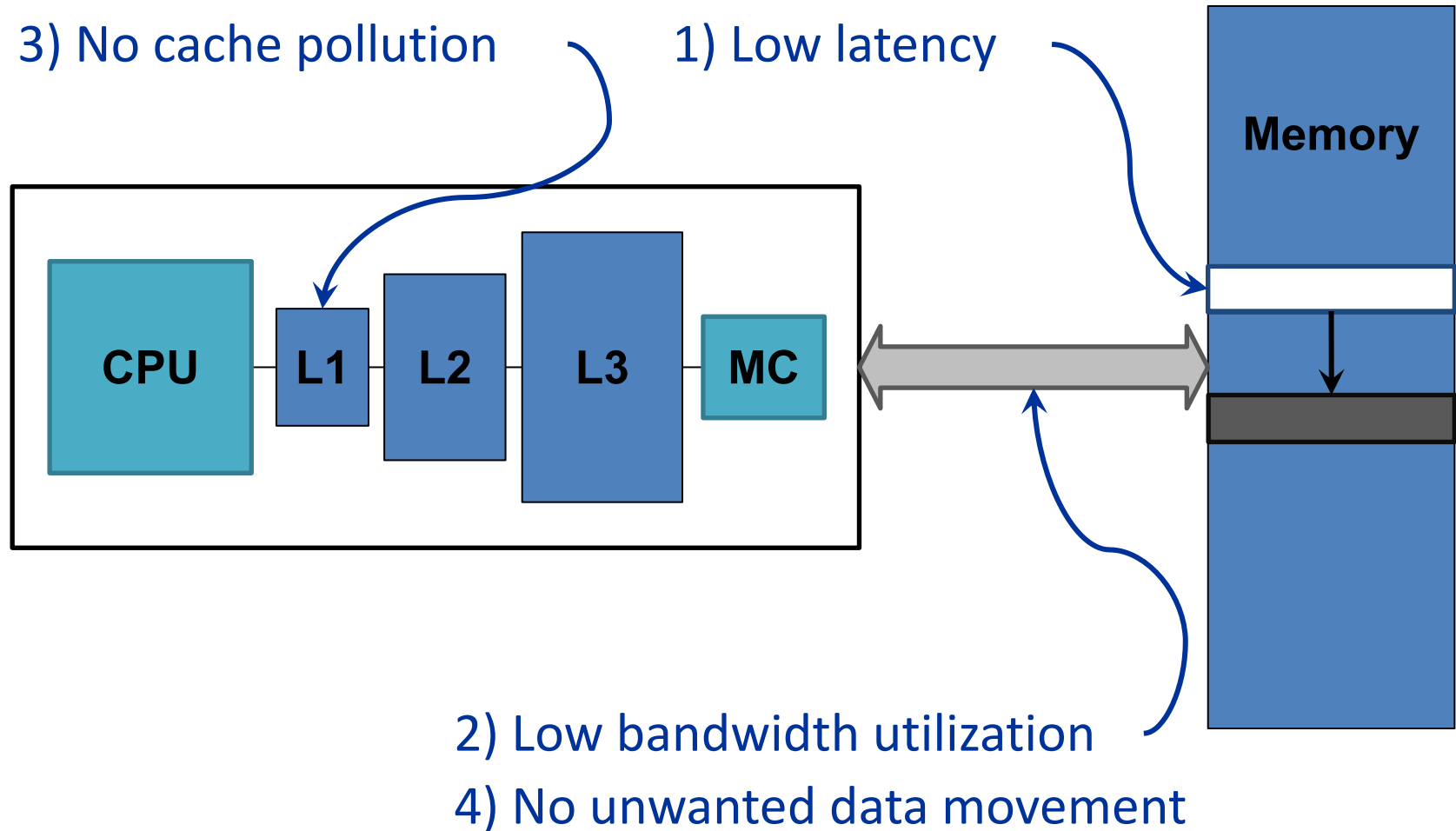
**VM Cloning
Deduplication**



Page Migration

...
Many more

Future Systems: In-Memory Copy

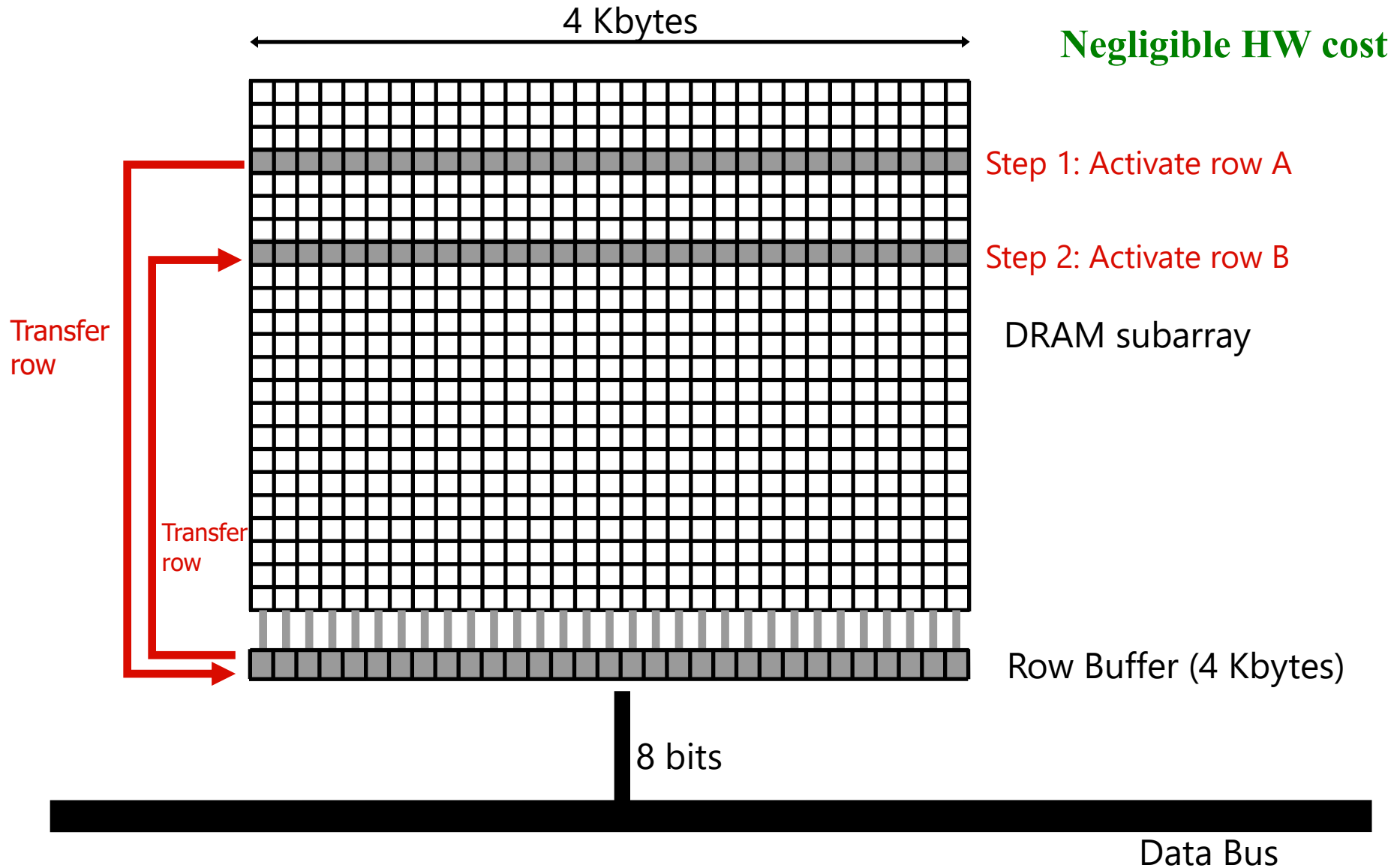


1046ns, 3.6uJ → 90ns, 0.04uJ

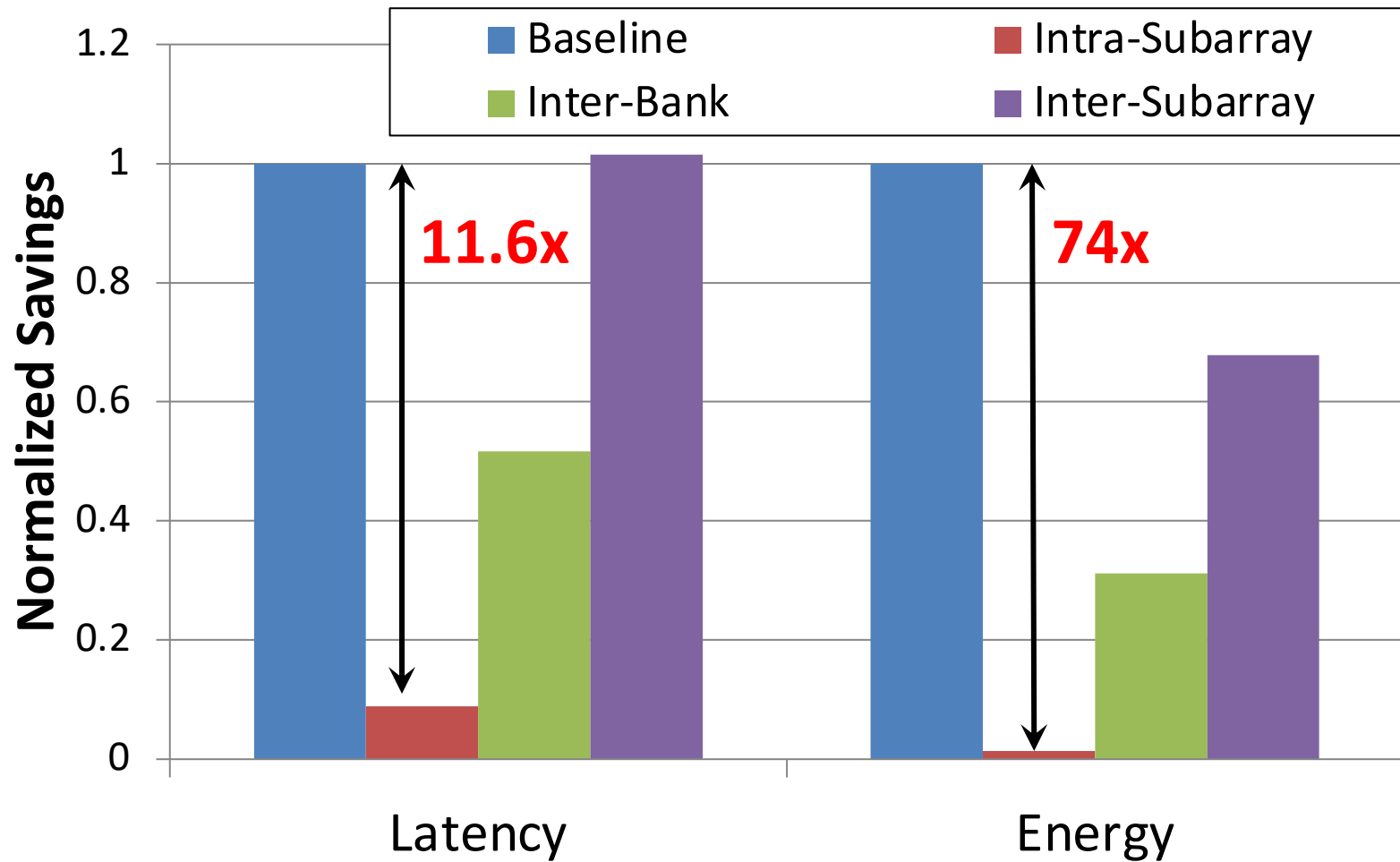
RowClone: In-DRAM Row Copy

Idea: Two consecutive ACTivates

Negligible HW cost



RowClone: Latency and Energy Savings



Seshadri et al., "RowClone: Fast and Efficient In-DRAM Copy and Initialization of Bulk Data," MICRO 2013.

More on RowClone

- Vivek Seshadri, Yoongu Kim, Chris Fallin, Donghyuk Lee, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Gennady Pekhimenko, Yixin Luo, Onur Mutlu, Michael A. Kozuch, Phillip B. Gibbons, and Todd C. Mowry,
"RowClone: Fast and Energy-Efficient In-DRAM Bulk Data Copy and Initialization"
Proceedings of the 46th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Davis, CA, December 2013. [[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)] [[Lightning Session Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)] [[Poster \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]

RowClone: Fast and Energy-Efficient In-DRAM Bulk Data Copy and Initialization

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Onur Mutlu Phillip B. Gibbons† Michael A. Kozuch† Todd C. Mowry
onur@cmu.edu phillip.b.gibbons@intel.com michael.a.kozuch@intel.com tcm@cs.cmu.edu

Carnegie Mellon University †Intel Pittsburgh

RowClone in Off-the-Shelf DRAM Chips

- Idea: Violate DRAM timing parameters to mimic RowClone

ComputeDRAM: In-Memory Compute Using Off-the-Shelf DRAMs

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Princeton University

Real Processing Using Memory Prototype

- End-to-end RowClone & TRNG using off-the-shelf DRAM chips
- Idea: Violate DRAM timing parameters to mimic RowClone

PiDRAM: A Holistic End-to-end FPGA-based Framework for Processing-in-DRAM

Ataberk Olgun^{§†}

Juan Gómez Luna[§]

Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[§]

Behzad Salami^{§*}

Hasan Hassan[§]

Oğuz Ergin[†]

Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]ETH Zürich

[†]TOBB ETÜ

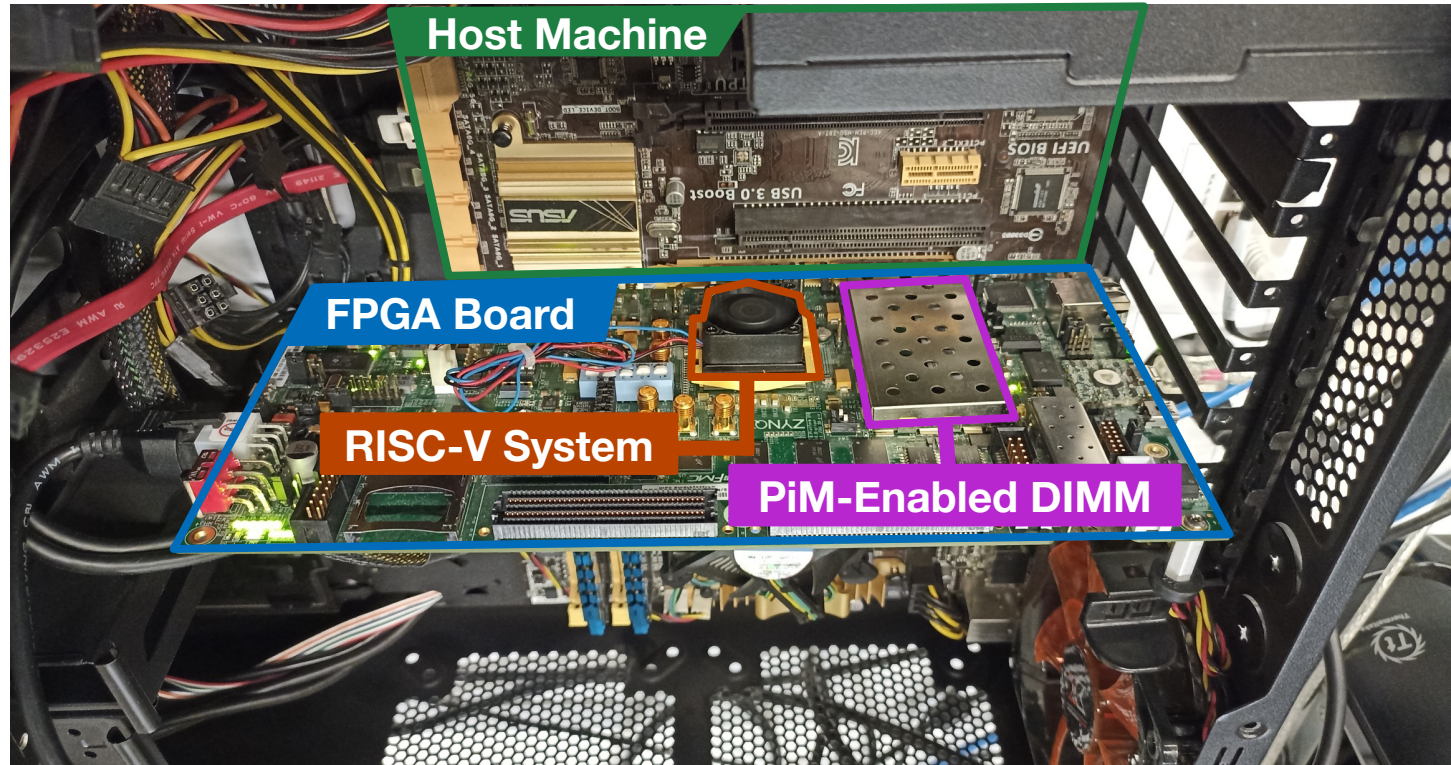
^{*}BSC

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2111.00082.pdf>

<https://github.com/cmu-safari/pidram>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=4192s>

Real Processing Using Memory Prototype



<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2111.00082.pdf>

<https://github.com/cmu-safari/pidram>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=4192s>

Real Processing Using Memory Prototype

☰ README.md

Building a PiDRAM Prototype

To build PiDRAM's prototype on Xilinx ZC706 boards, developers need to use the two sub-projects in this directory. `fpga-zynq` is a repository branched off of [UCB-BAR's fpga-zynq](#) repository. We use `fpga-zynq` to generate rocket chip designs that support end-to-end DRAM PuM execution. `controller-hardware` is where we keep the main Vivado project and Verilog sources for PiDRAM's memory controller and the top level system design.

Rebuilding Steps

1. Navigate into `fpga-zynq` and read the README file to understand the overall workflow of the repository
 - Follow the readme in `fpga-zynq/rocket-chip/riscv-tools` to install dependencies
2. Create the Verilog source of the rocket chip design using the `ZynqCopyFPGAConfig`
 - Navigate into `zc706`, then run `make rocket CONFIG=ZynqCopyFPGAConfig -j<number of cores>`
3. Copy the generated Verilog file (should be under `zc706/src`) and overwrite the same file in `controller-hardware/source/hdl/impl/rocket-chip`
4. Open the Vivado project in `controller-hardware/Vivado_Project` using Vivado 2016.2
5. Generate a bitstream
6. Copy the bitstream (`system_top.bit`) to `fpga-zynq/zc706`
7. Use the `./build_script.sh` to generate the new `boot.bin` under `fpga-images-zc706`, you can use this file to program the FPGA using the SD-Card
 - For details, follow the relevant instructions in `fpga-zynq/README.md`

You can run programs compiled with the RISC-V Toolchain supplied within the `fpga-zynq` repository. To install the toolchain, follow the instructions under `fpga-zynq/rocket-chip/riscv-tools`.

Generating DDR3 Controller IP sources

We cannot provide the sources for the Xilinx PHY IP we use in PiDRAM's memory controller due to licensing issues. We describe here how to regenerate them using Vivado 2016.2. First, you need to generate the IP RTL files:

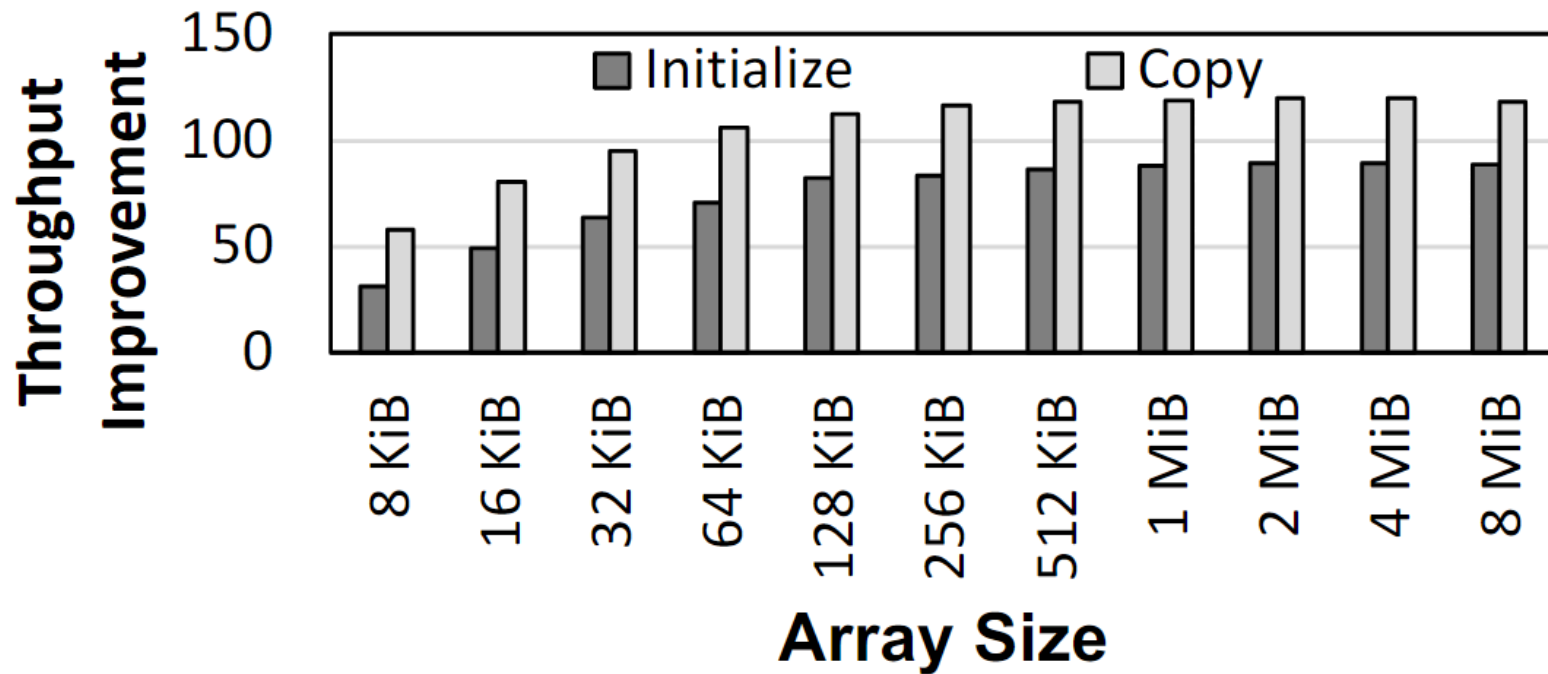
- 1- Open IP Catalog
- 2- Find "Memory Interface Generator (MIG 7 Series)" IP and double click

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2111.00082.pdf>

<https://github.com/cmu-safari/pidram>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=4192s>

Microbenchmark Copy/Initialization Throughput



**In-DRAM Copy and Initialization
improve throughput by 119x and 89x**

PiDRAM is Open Source

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/PiDRAM>

CMU-SAFARI / PiDRAM Public

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Code

About



olgunataberk Fix small mistake in README

46522cc on Dec 5, 2021 11 commits



controller-hardware

Add files via upload

7 months ago



fpga-zynq

Adds instructions to reproduce two key results

7 months ago



README.md

Fix small mistake in README

7 months ago

README.md



PiDRAM

PiDRAM is the first flexible end-to-end framework that enables system integration studies and evaluation of real Processing-using-Memory (PuM) techniques. PiDRAM, at a high level, comprises a RISC-V system and a custom memory controller that can perform PuM operations in real DDR3 chips. This repository contains all sources required to build PiDRAM and develop its prototype on the Xilinx ZC706 FPGA boards.

PiDRAM is the first flexible end-to-end framework that enables system integration studies and evaluation of real Processing-using-Memory techniques. Prototype on a RISC-V rocket chip system implemented on an FPGA. Described in our preprint:

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2111.00082>

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[Submitted on 29 Oct 2021 (v1), last revised 19 Dec 2021 (this version, v3)]

PiDRAM: A Holistic End-to-end FPGA-based Framework for Processing-in-DRAM

Ataberk Olgun, Juan Gómez Luna, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Behzad Salami, Hasan Hassan, Oğuz Ergin, Onur Mutlu

Processing-using-memory (PuM) techniques leverage the analog operation of memory cells to perform computation. Several recent works have demonstrated PuM techniques in off-the-shelf DRAM devices. Since DRAM is the dominant memory technology as main memory in current computing systems, these PuM techniques represent an opportunity for alleviating the data movement bottleneck at very low cost. However, system integration of PuM techniques imposes non-trivial challenges that are yet to be solved. Design space exploration of potential solutions to the PuM integration challenges requires appropriate tools to develop necessary hardware and software components. Unfortunately, current specialized DRAM-testing platforms, or system simulators do not provide the flexibility and/or the holistic system view that is necessary to deal with PuM integration challenges.

We design and develop PiDRAM, the first flexible end-to-end framework that enables system integration studies and evaluation of real PuM techniques. PiDRAM provides software and hardware components to rapidly integrate PuM techniques across the whole system software and hardware stack (e.g., necessary modifications in the operating system, memory controller). We implement PiDRAM on an FPGA-based platform along with an open-source RISC-V system. Using PiDRAM, we implement and evaluate two state-of-the-art PuM techniques: in-DRAM (i) copy and initialization, (ii) true random number generation. Our results show that the in-memory copy and initialization techniques can improve the performance of bulk copy operations by 12.6x and bulk initialization operations by 14.6x on a real system. Implementing the true random number generator requires only 190 lines of Verilog and 74 lines of C code using PiDRAM's software and hardware components.

Comments: 15 pages, 12 figures

Subjects: **Hardware Architecture (cs.AR)**

Cite as: [arXiv:2111.00082](https://arxiv.org/abs/2111.00082) [cs.AR]

(or [arXiv:2111.00082v3](https://arxiv.org/abs/2111.00082v3) [cs.AR] for this version)

<https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2111.00082> 

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Juan Gómez-Luna
Behzad Salami
Hasan Hassan
Oguz Ergin
Onur Mutlu

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Long Talk + Tutorial on Youtube

https://youtu.be/s_z_S6FYpC8

Alloc_align Example

```
A = alloc_align(16*1024, 0);    B = alloc_align(16*1024, 0);
```

Ataberk Olgun...

Array A **Array B**

16 KBs 16 KBs

4 KB

Virtual Addresses: 0x0000 0x1000 0x2000 0x7000

Row 1

Row 0

Bank 0 Bank 1 Bank 2 ...

SAFARI

33:19 / 1:33:40

zoom

47

Processing in Memory Course: Meeting 6: End-to-end Framework for Processing-using-Memory - Fall'21

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Onur Mutlu Lectures
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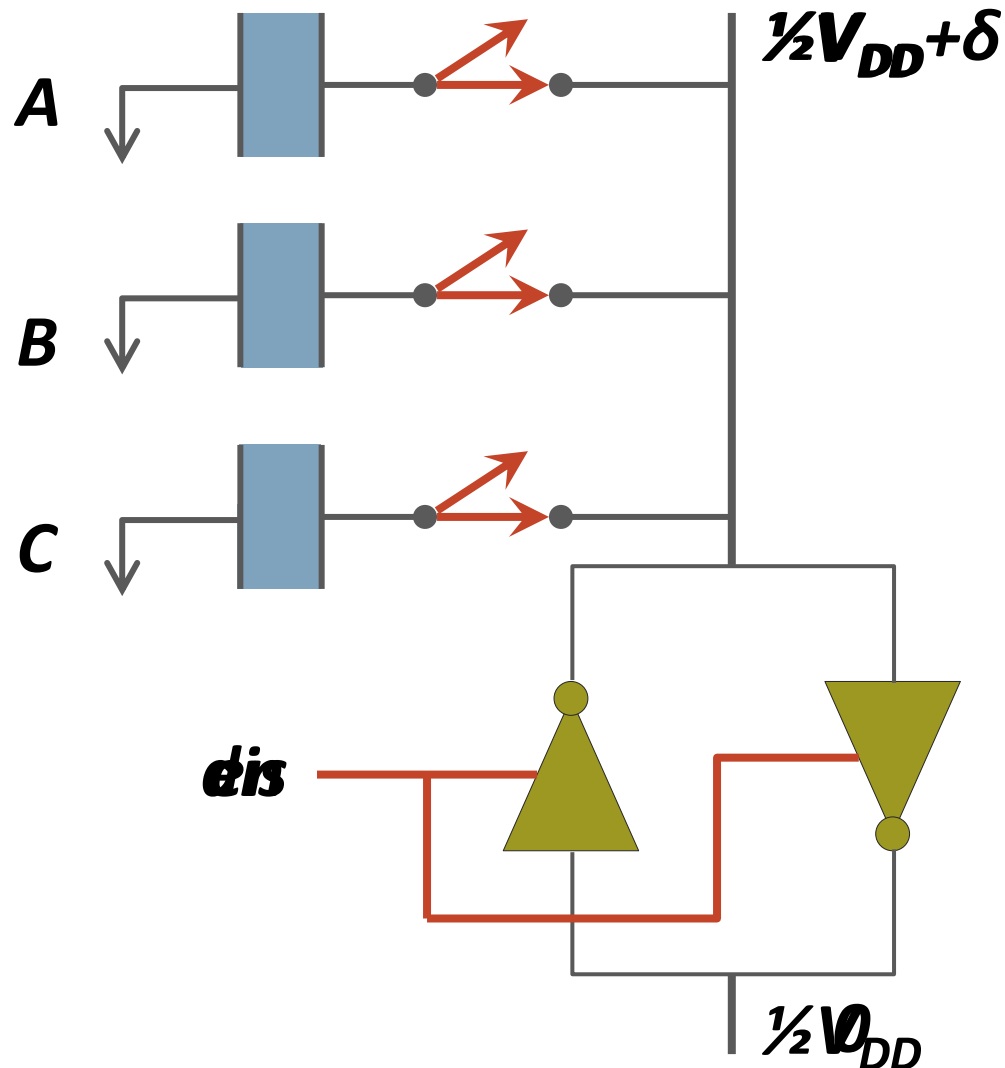


133

(Truly) In-Memory Computation

- We can support in-DRAM AND, OR, NOT, MAJ
- At low cost
- Using analog computation capability of DRAM
 - Idea: activating multiple rows performs computation
- 30-60X performance and energy improvement
 - Seshadri+, “Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Commodity DRAM Technology,” MICRO 2017.
- New memory technologies enable even more opportunities
 - Memristors, resistive RAM, phase change mem, STT-MRAM, ...
 - Can operate on data with minimal movement

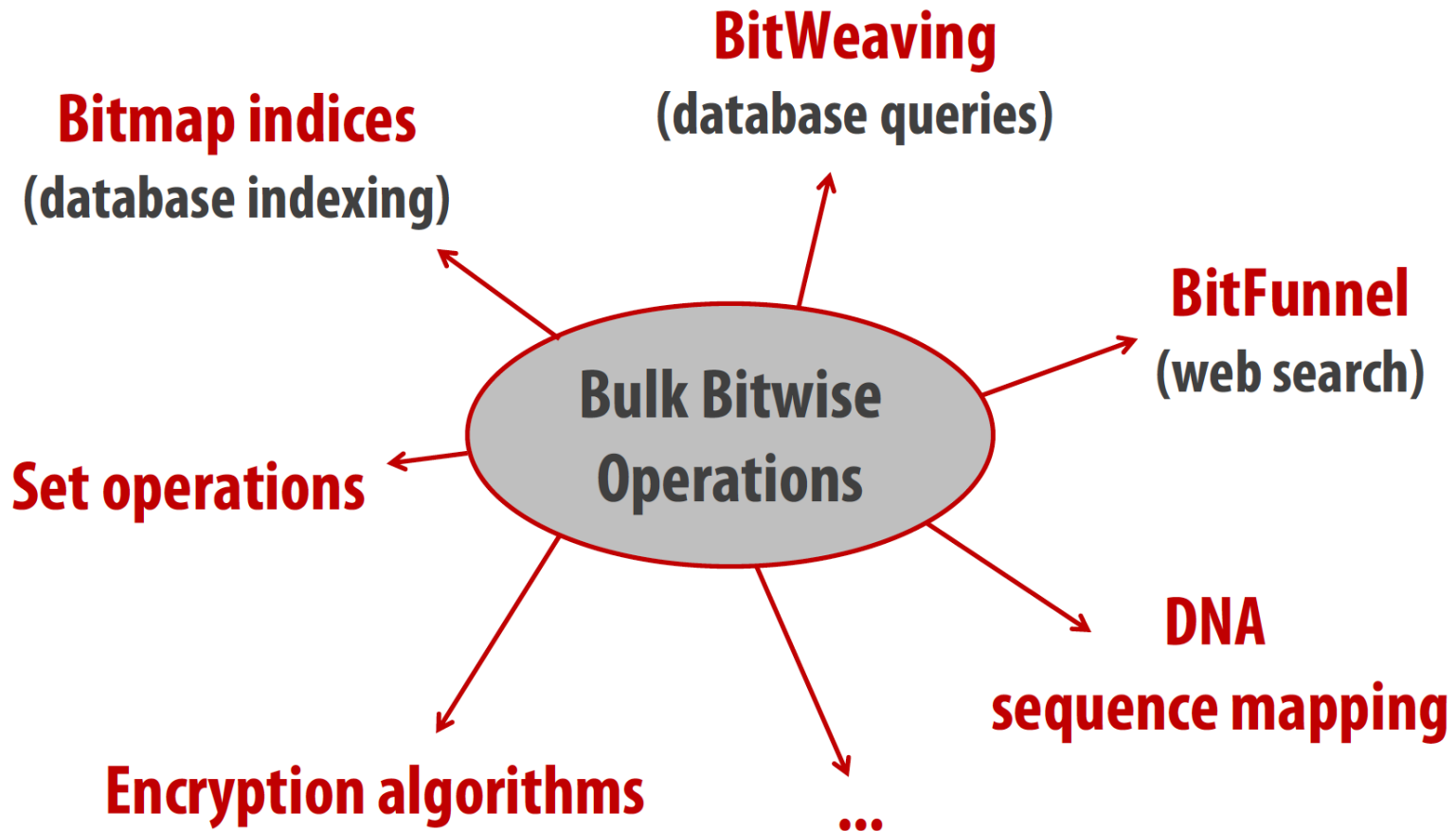
In-DRAM AND/OR: Triple Row Activation



Final State
 $AB + BC + AC$

**$C(A + B) +$
 $\sim C(AB)$**

Bulk Bitwise Operations in Workloads



In-DRAM Acceleration of Database Queries

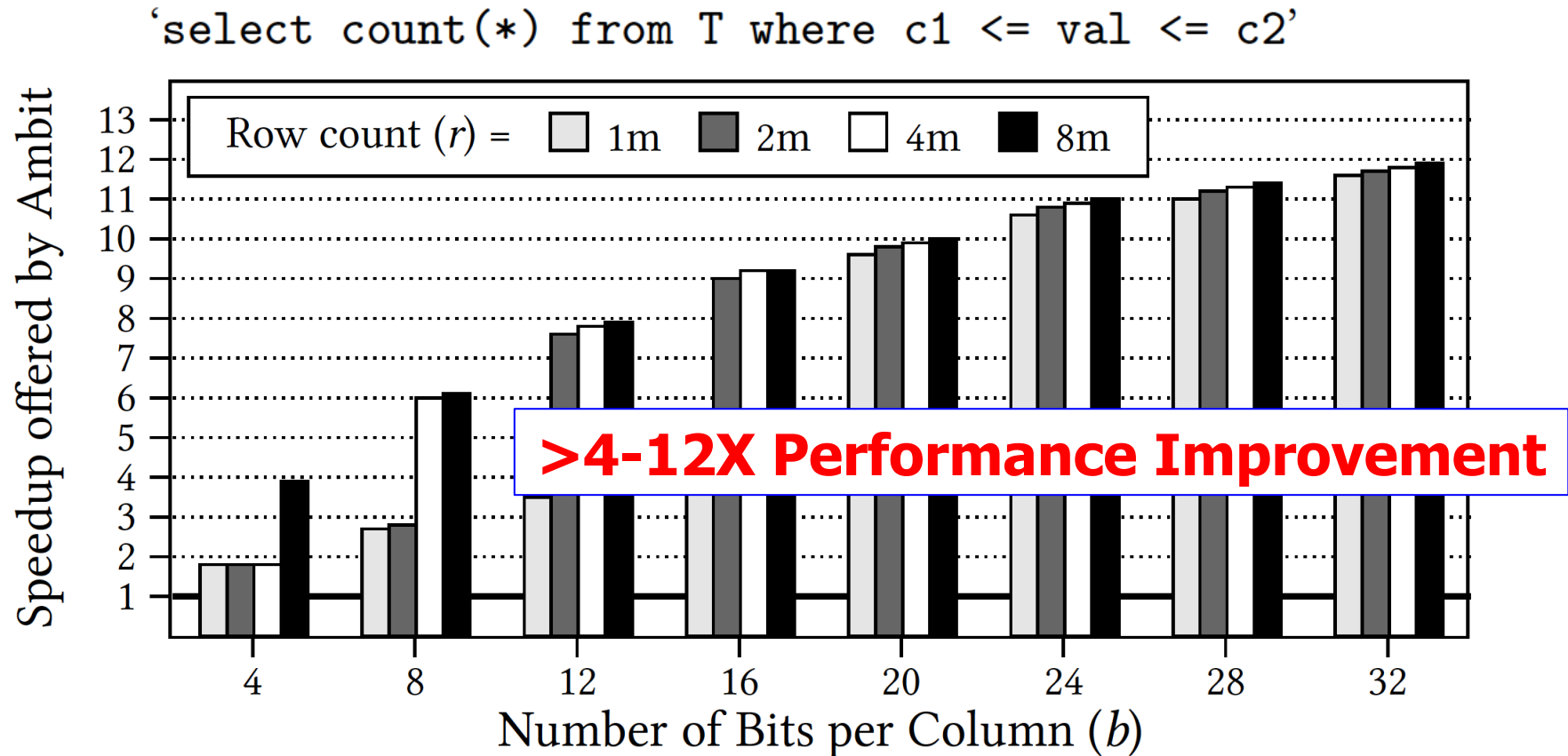


Figure 11: Speedup offered by Ambit over baseline CPU with SIMD for BitWeaving

Seshadri+, "Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations using Commodity DRAM Technology," MICRO 2017.

More on Ambit

- Vivek Seshadri, Donghyuk Lee, Thomas Mullins, Hasan Hassan, Amirali Boroumand, Jeremie Kim, Michael A. Kozuch, Onur Mutlu, Phillip B. Gibbons, and Todd C. Mowry,
["Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Commodity DRAM Technology"](#)
Proceedings of the 50th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Boston, MA, USA, October 2017.
[\[Slides \(pptx\) \(pdf\)\]](#) [\[Lightning Session Slides \(pptx\) \(pdf\)\]](#) [\[Poster \(pptx\) \(pdf\)\]](#)

Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Commodity DRAM Technology

Vivek Seshadri^{1,5} Donghyuk Lee^{2,5} Thomas Mullins^{3,5} Hasan Hassan⁴ Amirali Boroumand⁵
Jeremie Kim^{4,5} Michael A. Kozuch³ Onur Mutlu^{4,5} Phillip B. Gibbons⁵ Todd C. Mowry⁵

¹Microsoft Research India ²NVIDIA Research ³Intel ⁴ETH Zürich ⁵Carnegie Mellon University

In-DRAM Bulk Bitwise Execution

- Vivek Seshadri and Onur Mutlu,
"In-DRAM Bulk Bitwise Execution Engine"
Invited Book Chapter in Advances in Computers, to appear
in 2020.
[Preliminary arXiv version]

In-DRAM Bulk Bitwise Execution Engine

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Microsoft Research India
visesha@microsoft.com

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zürich
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SIMDRAM Framework

- Nastaran Hajinazar, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Sven Gregorio, Joao Dinis Ferreira, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Minesh Patel, Mohammed Alser, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu, **["SIMDRAM: An End-to-End Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Computing in DRAM"](#)** *Proceedings of the 26th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS)*, Virtual, March-April 2021.
[[2-page Extended Abstract](#)]
[[Short Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Short Talk Video](#) (5 mins)]
[[Full Talk Video](#) (27 mins)]

SIMDRAM: A Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Processing using DRAM

*Nastaran Hajinazar^{1,2}

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi¹

*Geraldo F. Oliveira¹

Minesh Patel¹

Juan Gómez-Luna¹

Sven Gregorio¹

Mohammed Alser¹

Onur Mutlu¹

João Dinis Ferreira¹

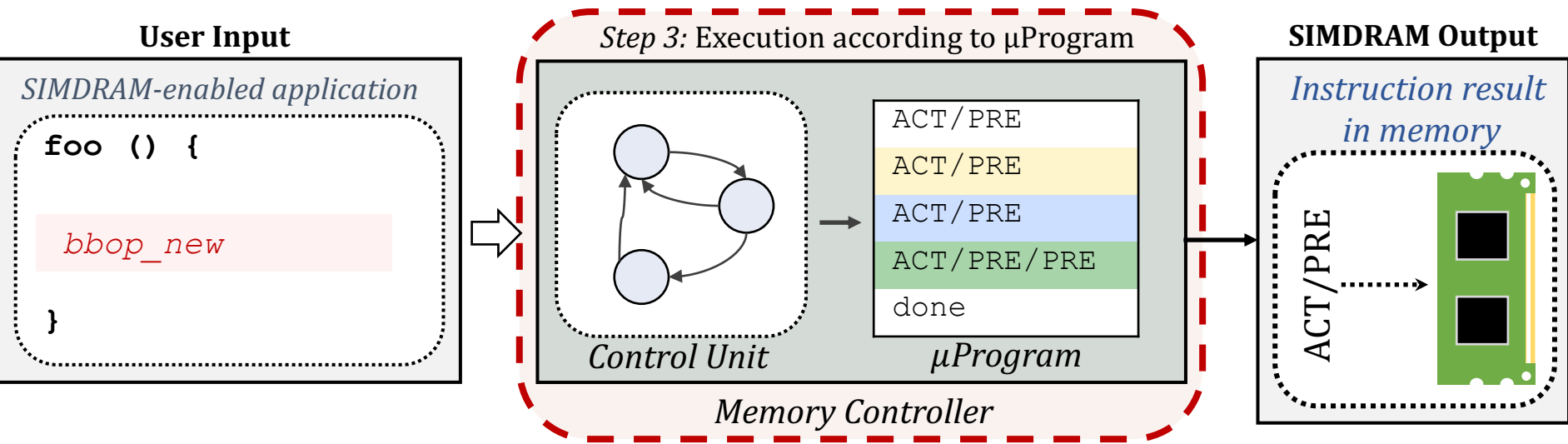
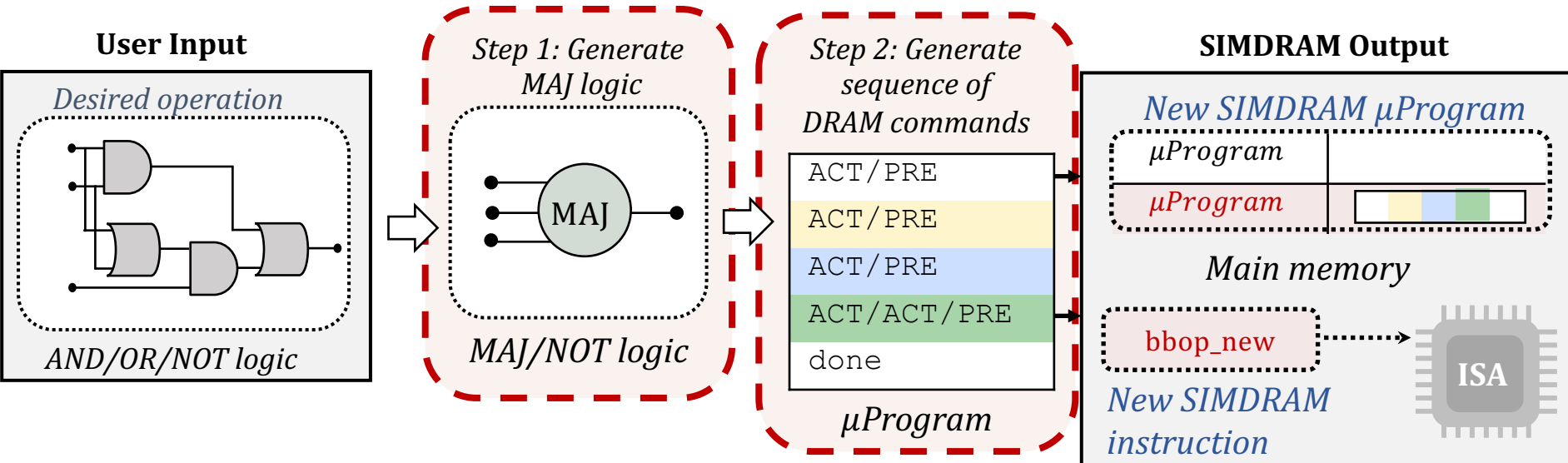
Saugata Ghose³

¹ETH Zürich

²Simon Fraser University

³University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign

SIMDRAM Framework: Overview



SIMDRAM Key Results

Evaluated on:

- 16 complex in-DRAM operations
- 7 commonly-used real-world applications

SIMDRAM provides:

- **88×** and **5.8×** the **throughput** of a **CPU** and a **high-end GPU**, respectively, over **16 operations**
- **257×** and **31×** the **energy efficiency** of a **CPU** and a **high-end GPU**, respectively, over **16 operations**
- **21×** and **2.1×** the **performance** of a **CPU** and a **high-end GPU**, over **seven real-world applications**

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More on SIMD RAM

- Nastaran Hajinazar, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Sven Gregorio, Joao Dinis Ferreira, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Minesh Patel, Mohammed Alser, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu, **["SIMDRAM: An End-to-End Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Computing in DRAM"](#)** *Proceedings of the 26th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS)*, Virtual, March-April 2021.
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SIMDRAM: A Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Processing using DRAM

*Nastaran Hajinazar ^{1,2}	*Geraldo F. Oliveira ¹	Sven Gregorio ¹	João Dinis Ferreira ¹
Nika Mansouri Ghiasi ¹	Minesh Patel ¹	Mohammed Alser ¹	Saugata Ghose ³
	Juan Gómez-Luna ¹	Onur Mutlu ¹	

¹ETH Zürich

²Simon Fraser University

³University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign

In-DRAM Physical Unclonable Functions

- Jeremie S. Kim, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, and Onur Mutlu,
"The DRAM Latency PUF: Quickly Evaluating Physical Unclonable Functions by Exploiting the Latency-Reliability Tradeoff in Modern DRAM Devices"
Proceedings of the 24th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA), Vienna, Austria, February 2018.
[[Lightning Talk Video](#)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)] [[Lightning Session Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Full Talk Lecture Video](#) (28 minutes)]

The DRAM Latency PUF:

Quickly Evaluating Physical Unclonable Functions

by Exploiting the Latency-Reliability Tradeoff in Modern Commodity DRAM Devices

Jeremie S. Kim^{†§}

Minesh Patel[§]

Hasan Hassan[§]

Onur Mutlu^{§†}

[†]Carnegie Mellon University

[§]ETH Zürich

In-DRAM True Random Number Generation

- Jeremie S. Kim, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, Lois Orosa, and Onur Mutlu,
"D-RaNGe: Using Commodity DRAM Devices to Generate True Random Numbers with Low Latency and High Throughput"

Proceedings of the 25th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA), Washington, DC, USA, February 2019.

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[Full Talk Video](#) (21 minutes)]

[[Full Talk Lecture Video](#) (27 minutes)]

Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.

D-RaNGe: Using Commodity DRAM Devices to Generate True Random Numbers with Low Latency and High Throughput

Jeremie S. Kim^{‡§}

Minesh Patel[§]

Hasan Hassan[§]

Lois Orosa[§]

Onur Mutlu^{§‡}

[‡]Carnegie Mellon University

[§]ETH Zürich

In-DRAM True Random Number Generation

- Ataberk Olgun, Minesh Patel, A. Giray Yaglikci, Haocong Luo, Jeremie S. Kim, F. Nisa Bostanci, Nandita Vijaykumar, Oguz Ergin, and Onur Mutlu,
"QUAC-TRNG: High-Throughput True Random Number Generation Using Quadruple Row Activation in Commodity DRAM Chips"
Proceedings of the 48th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Virtual, June 2021.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Short Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (25 minutes)]
[[SAFARI Live Seminar Video](#) (1 hr 26 mins)]

QUAC-TRNG: High-Throughput True Random Number Generation Using Quadruple Row Activation in Commodity DRAM Chips

Ataberk Olgun^{§†}

Minesh Patel[§]

A. Giray Yağlıkçı[§]

Haocong Luo[§]

Jeremie S. Kim[§]

F. Nisa Bostanci^{§†}

Nandita Vijaykumar^{§⊙}

Oğuz Ergin[†]

Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]ETH Zürich

[†]TOBB University of Economics and Technology

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In-DRAM True Random Number Generation

- F. Nisa Bostanci, Ataberk Olgun, Lois Orosa, A. Giray Yaglikci, Jeremie S. Kim, Hasan Hassan, Oguz Ergin, and Onur Mutlu,

"DR-STRaNGe: End-to-End System Design for DRAM-based True Random Number Generators"

Proceedings of the 28th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA), Virtual, April 2022.

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[Short Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

DR-STRaNGe: End-to-End System Design for DRAM-based True Random Number Generators

F. Nisa Bostanci^{†§}

Ataberk Olgun^{†§}

Lois Orosa[§]

A. Giray Yağlıkçı[§]

Jeremie S. Kim[§]

Hasan Hassan[§]

Oğuz Ergin[†]

Onur Mutlu[§]

[†]*TOBB University of Economics and Technology*

[§]*ETH Zürich*

In-Flash Bulk Bitwise Execution

- To appear at MICRO 2022

Flash-Cosmos: In-Flash Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Inherent Computation Capability of NAND Flash Memory

Jisung Park^{§∇} Roknoddin Azizi[§] Geraldo F. Oliveira[§] Mohammad Sadrosadati[§]
Rakesh Nadig[§] David Novo[†] Juan Gómez-Luna[§] Myungsuk Kim[‡] Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]*ETH Zürich* [∇]*POSTECH* [†]*LIRMM, Univ. Montpellier, CNRS* [‡]*Kyungpook National University*

In-DRAM Lookup-Table Based Execution

- To appear at MICRO 2022



pLUTo: Enabling Massively Parallel Computation in DRAM via Lookup Tables

João Dinis Ferreira[§]

Gabriel Falcao[†]

Juan Gómez-Luna[§]

Mohammed Alser[§]

Lois Orosa^{§∇}

Mohammad Sadrosadati[§]

Jeremie S. Kim[§]

Geraldo F. Oliveira[§]

Taha Shahroodi[‡]

Anant Nori^{*}

Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]ETH Zürich

[†]IT, University of Coimbra

[∇]Galicia Supercomputing Center

[‡]TU Delft

^{*}Intel

Processing in Memory: Adoption Challenges

1. Processing near Memory
2. Processing using Memory

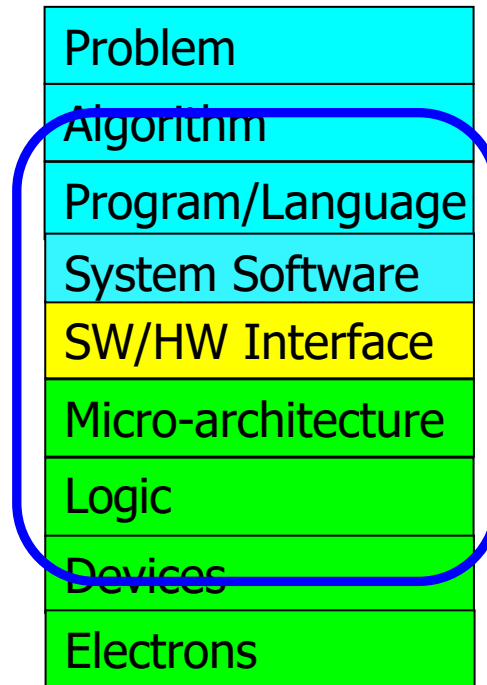
How to Enable Adoption of Processing in Memory

Potential Barriers to Adoption of PIM

1. **Applications & software** for PIM
2. Ease of **programming** (interfaces and compiler/HW support)
3. **System** and **security** support: coherence, synchronization, virtual memory, isolation, communication interfaces, ...
4. **Runtime** and **compilation** systems for adaptive scheduling, data mapping, access/sharing control, ...
5. **Infrastructures** to assess benefits and feasibility

All can be solved with change of mindset

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

Fundamentally Energy-Efficient **(Data-Centric)** Computing Architectures

Fundamentally High-Performance **(Data-Centric)** Computing Architectures

Computing Architectures with Minimal Data Movement

Concluding Remarks

- We must design systems to be **balanced, high-performance, energy-efficient** (all at the same time) → intelligent systems
 - **Data-centric, data-driven, data-aware**
- Enable computation capability inside and close to memory
- This can
 - Lead to **orders-of-magnitude** improvements
 - **Enable new applications & computing platforms**
 - **Enable better understanding of nature**
 - ...
- Future of **truly memory-centric computing** is bright
 - We need to do research & design across the computing stack

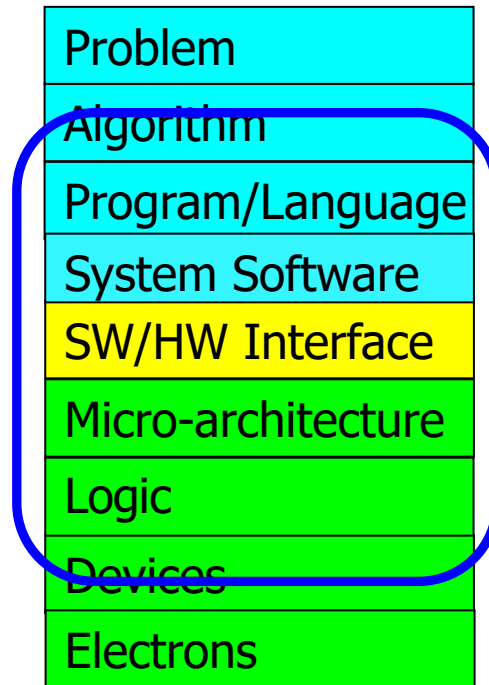
Data-centric

Data-driven

Data-aware



We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

We Need to Exploit Good Principles

- Data-centric system design
- All components intelligent
- Better (cross-layer) communication, better interfaces
- Better-than-worst-case design
- Heterogeneity
- Flexibility, adaptability

Open minds

PIM Review and Open Problems

A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory

Onur Mutlu^{a,b}, Saugata Ghose^{b,c}, Juan Gómez-Luna^a, Rachata Ausavarungnirun^d

SAFARI Research Group

^a*ETH Zürich*

^b*Carnegie Mellon University*

^c*University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign*

^d*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok*

Onur Mutlu, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Rachata Ausavarungnirun,
"A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory"
*Invited Book Chapter in **Emerging Computing: From Devices to Systems - Looking Beyond Moore and Von Neumann**, Springer, to be published in 2021.*

Funding Acknowledgments

- Alibaba, AMD, ASML, [Google](#), Facebook, [Hi-Silicon](#), HP Labs, [Huawei](#), IBM, [Intel](#), [Microsoft](#), Nvidia, Oracle, Qualcomm, Rambus, Samsung, Seagate, [VMware](#), [Xilinx](#)
- NSF
- NIH
- GSRC
- [SRC](#)
- CyLab
- [EFCL](#)

Thank you!

Acknowledgments

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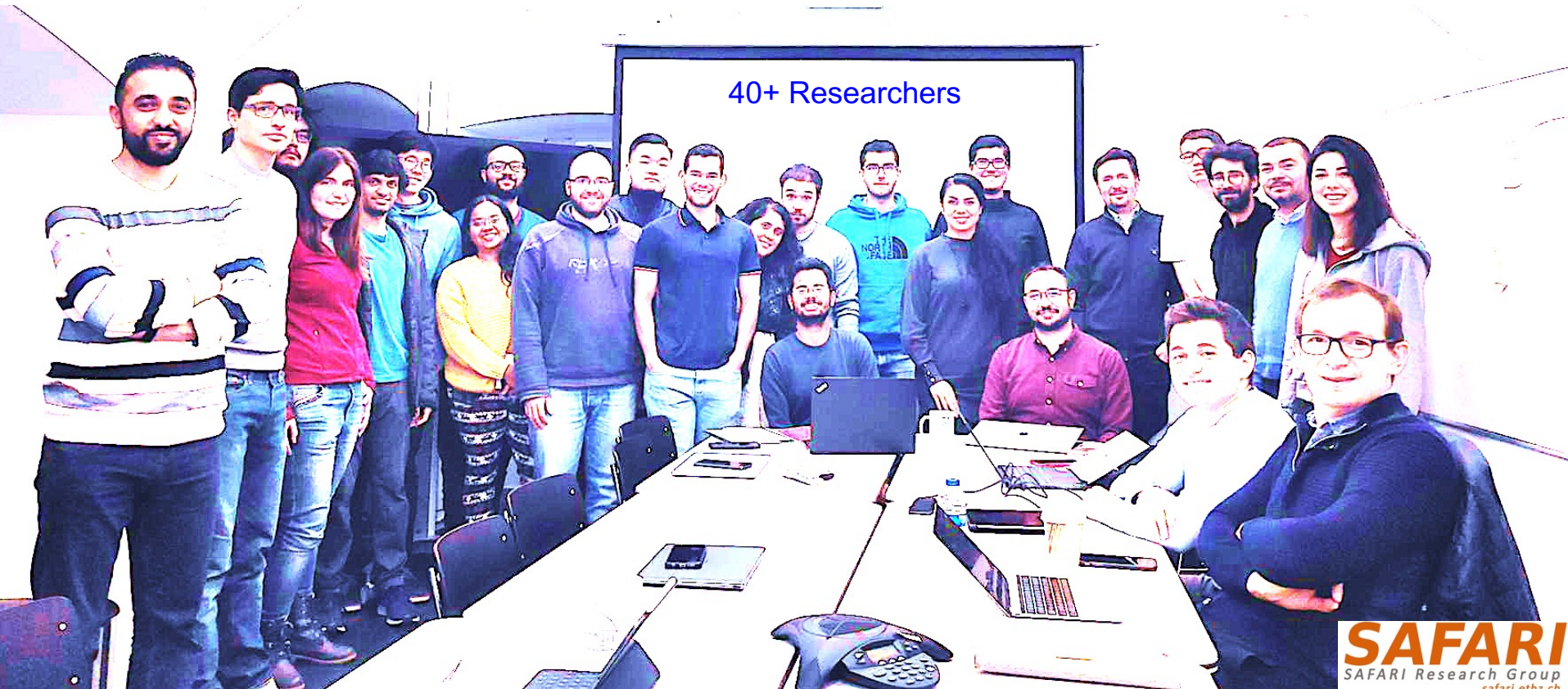
Think BIG, Aim HIGH!

<https://safari.ethz.ch>

Onur Mutlu's SAFARI Research Group

Computer architecture, HW/SW, systems, bioinformatics, security, memory

<https://safari.ethz.ch/safari-newsletter-january-2021/>



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<https://safari.ethz.ch>

SAFARI Newsletter December 2021 Edition

- <https://safari.ethz.ch/safari-newsletter-december-2021/>

SAFARI
SAFARI Research Group

Think Big, Aim High

ETH zürich



View in your browser
December 2021



Referenced Papers, Talks, Artifacts

- All are available at

<https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu/projects.htm>

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/>

Open Source Tools: SAFARI GitHub



SAFARI Research Group at ETH Zurich and Carnegie Mellon University

Site for source code and tools distribution from SAFARI Research Group at ETH Zurich and Carnegie Mellon University.

📍 ETH Zurich and Carnegie Mellon U... 🔗 <https://safari.ethz.ch/> ✉ omutlu@gmail.com

🏠 Overview 📁 Repositories 71 📁 Projects 📁 Packages 👤 Teams 1 👤 People 44 ⚙ Settings

Pinned

Customize pins

📁 ramulator Public

A Fast and Extensible DRAM Simulator, with built-in support for modeling many different DRAM technologies including DDRx, LPDDRx, GDDRx, WIOx, HBMx, and various academic proposals. Described in the...

🔴 C++ ☆ 311 🍴 161

📁 prim-benchmarks Public

PRIM (Processing-In-Memory benchmarks) is the first benchmark suite for a real-world processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture. PRIM is developed to evaluate, analyze, and characterize the first publ...

⬛ C ☆ 53 🍴 21

📁 DAMOV Public

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processin...

🔴 C++ ☆ 26 🍴 4

📁 SneakySnake Public

SneakySnake🐍 is the first and the only pre-alignment filtering algorithm that works efficiently and fast on modern CPU, FPGA, and GPU architectures. It greatly (by more than two orders of magnitude...

🟡 VHDL ☆ 41 🍴 8

📁 MQSim Public

MQSim is a fast and accurate simulator modeling the performance of modern multi-queue (MQ) SSDs as well as traditional SATA based SSDs. MQSim faithfully models new high-bandwidth protocol implement...

🔴 C++ ☆ 146 🍴 93

📁 rowhammer Public

Source code for testing the Row Hammer error mechanism in DRAM devices. Described in the ISCA 2014 paper by Kim et al. at http://users.ece.cmu.edu/~omutlu/pub/dram-row-hammer_isca14.pdf.

⬛ C ☆ 189 🍴 41

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/>

Special Research Sessions & Courses

- Special Session at ISVLSI 2022: 9 cutting-edge talks



Comp Arch (Fall 2021)

- Lectures/Schedule
- Lecture Buzzwords
- Readings
- HWs
- Labs
- Exams
- Related Courses
- Tutorials

- Computer Architecture FS20: Course Webpage
- Computer Architecture FS20: Lecture Videos
- Digitaltechnik SS21: Course Webpage
- Digitaltechnik SS21: Lecture Videos
- Moodle
- HotCRP
- Verilog Practice Website (HDLBits)

Fall 2021 Edition:

- <https://safari.ethz.ch/architecture/fall2021/doku.php?id=schedule>

Fall 2020 Edition:

- <https://safari.ethz.ch/architecture/fall2020/doku.php?id=schedule>

Youtube Livestream (2021):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4yfkM_5EFgo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-Mnk1PxjEIG32HAGILkTOF

Youtube Livestream (2020):

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c3mPdZA-Fmc&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN>

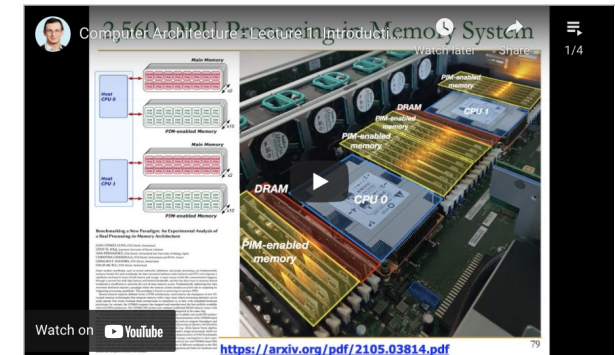
Master's level course

- Taken by Bachelor's/Masters/PhD students
- Cutting-edge research topics + fundamentals in Computer Architecture
- 5 Simulator-based Lab Assignments
- Potential research exploration
- Many research readings

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

Lecture Video Playlist on YouTube

Livestream Lecture Playlist



Recorded Lecture Playlist



Fall 2021 Lectures & Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Lecture	Readings	Lab	HW
W1	30.09 Thu.	YouTube Live	L1: Introduction and Basics PDF PPT	Required Mentioned	Lab 1 Out	HW 0 Out
	01.10 Fri.	YouTube Live	L2: Trends, Tradeoffs and Design Fundamentals PDF PPT	Required Mentioned		
W2	07.10 Thu.	YouTube Live	L3a: Memory Systems: Challenges and Opportunities PDF PPT	Described Suggested		HW 1 Out
			L3b: Course Info & Logistics PDF PPT			
			L3c: Memory Performance Attacks PDF PPT	Described Suggested		
	08.10 Fri.	YouTube Live	L4a: Memory Performance Attacks PDF PPT	Described Suggested	Lab 2 Out	
			L4b: Data Retention and Memory Refresh PDF PPT	Described Suggested		
			L4c: RowHammer PDF PPT	Described Suggested		

DDCA (Spring 2022)

Spring 2022 Edition:

- <https://safari.ethz.ch/digitaltechnik/spring2022/doku.php?id=schedule>

Spring 2021 Edition:

- <https://safari.ethz.ch/digitaltechnik/spring2021/doku.php?id=schedule>

Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cpXdE3HwvK0&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi97Ya5DEUpMpO2bbAoaG7c6>

Youtube Livestream (Spring 2021):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LbC0EZY8yw4&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_uej3aY39YB5pfW4SJ7LIN

Bachelor's course

- 2nd semester at ETH Zurich
- Rigorous introduction into "How Computers Work"
- Digital Design/Logic
- Computer Architecture
- 10 FPGA Lab Assignments

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>



Trace: - schedule

Home

Announcements

Materials

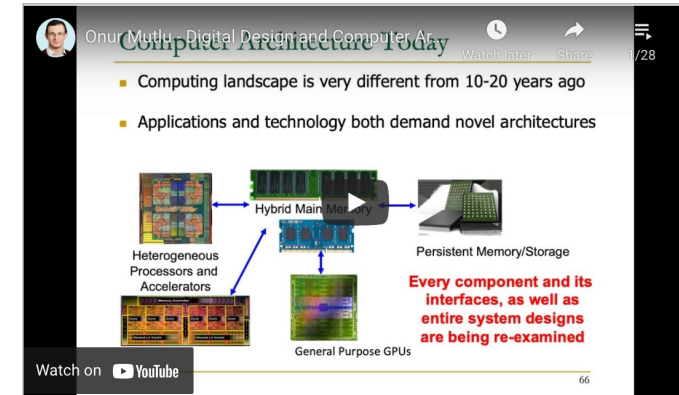
- Lectures/Schedule
- Lecture Buzzwords
- Readings
- Optional HWs
- Labs
- Extra Assignments
- Exams
- Technical Docs

Resources

- Computer Architecture (CMU) SS15: Lecture Videos
- Computer Architecture (CMU) SS15: Course Website
- Digitaltechnik SS18: Lecture Videos
- Digitaltechnik SS18: Course Website
- Digitaltechnik SS19: Lecture Videos
- Digitaltechnik SS19: Course Website
- Digitaltechnik SS20: Lecture Videos
- Digitaltechnik SS20: Course Website
- Moodle

Lecture Video Playlist on YouTube

Livestream Lecture Playlist



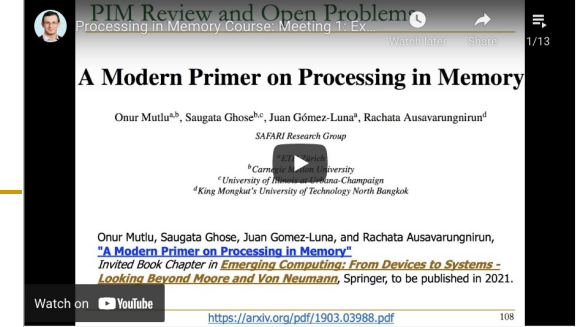
Recorded Lecture Playlist



Spring 2021 Lectures/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Lecture	Readings	Lab	HW
W1	25.02 Thu.	YouTube Live	L1: Introduction and Basics Q2A (PDF) Q2B (PPT)	Required Suggested Mentioned		
	26.02 Fri.	YouTube Live	L2a: Tradeoffs, Metrics, Mindset Q2A (PDF) Q2B (PPT)	Required		
			L2b: Mysteries in Computer Architecture Q2A (PDF) Q2B (PPT)	Required Mentioned		
W2	04.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	L3a: Mysteries in Computer Architecture II Q2A (PDF) Q2B (PPT)	Required Suggested Mentioned		

PIM Course (Spring 2022)



Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	10.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	M1: P&S PIM Course Presentation (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials	HW 0 Out
W2	15.03 Tue. 17.03 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M2: Real-world PIM: UPMEM PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W3	24.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	M3: Real-world PIM: Microbenchmarking of UPMEM PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W4	31.03 Thu.	YouTube Live	M4: Real-world PIM: Samsung HBM-PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W5	07.04 Thu.	YouTube Live	M5: How to Evaluate Data Movement Bottlenecks (PDF) (PPT)		
W6	14.04 Thu.	YouTube Live	M6: Real-world PIM: SK Hynix AIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W7	21.04 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M7: Programming PIM Architectures (PDF) (PPT)		
W8	28.04 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M8: Benchmarking and Workload Suitability on PIM (PDF) (PPT)		
W9	05.05 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M9: Real-world PIM: Samsung AxDIMM (PDF) (PPT)		
W10	12.05 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M10: Real-world PIM: Alibaba HB-PNM (PDF) (PPT)		
W11	19.05 Thu.	YouTube Live	M11: SpMV on a Real PIM Architecture (PDF) (PPT)		
W12	26.05 Thu.	YouTube Live	M12: End-to-End Framework for Processing-using-Memory (PDF) (PPT)		
W13	02.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M13: Bit-Serial SIMD Processing using DRAM (PDF) (PPT)		
W14	09.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M14: Analyzing and Mitigating ML Inference Bottlenecks (PDF) (PPT)		
W15	15.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M15: In-Memory HTAP Databases with HW/SW Co-design (PDF) (PPT)		
W16	23.06 Thu.	YouTube Live	M16: In-Storage Processing for Genome Analysis (PDF) (PPT)		
W17	18.07 Mon.	YouTube Premiere	M17: How to Enable the Adoption of PIM? (PDF) (PPT)		
W18	09.08 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	SS1: ISVLSI 2022 Special Session on PIM (PDF & PPT)		

Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory

Youtube Livestream:

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9e4Chnwdovo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-841fUYYUK9EsXKhQKRPyX>

Project course

- Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
- Processing-in-Memory lectures
- Hands-on research exploration
- Many research readings

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

Genomics (Spring 2022)

Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics

Youtube Livestream:

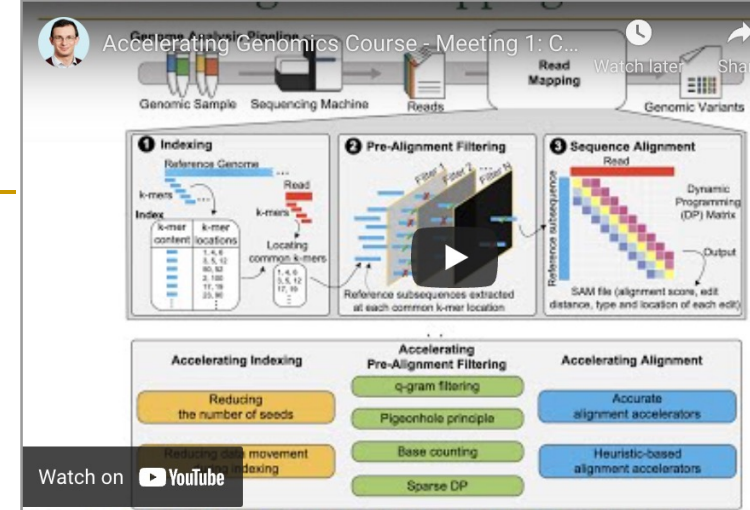
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEL5A_Y3TI&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8NrPDgOR1yRU_Cxxjw-u18

Project course

- Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
- Genomics lectures
- Hands-on research exploration
- Many research readings

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

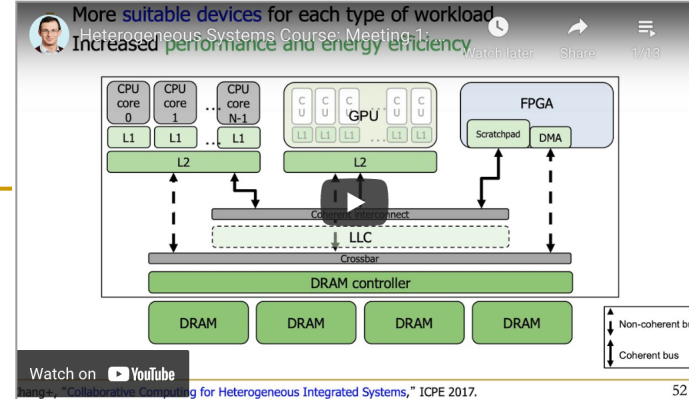
SAFARI



Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials
W1	11.3 Fri.	YouTube Live	M1: P&S Accelerating Genomics Course Introduction & Project Proposals PDF PPT	Required Materials Recommended Materials
W2	18.3 Fri.	YouTube Live	M2: Introduction to Sequencing PDF PPT	
W3	25.3 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M3: Read Mapping PDF PPT	
W4	01.04 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M4: GateKeeper PDF PPT	
W5	08.04 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M5: MAGNET & Shouji PDF PPT	
W6	15.4 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M6: SneakySnake PDF PPT	
W7	29.4 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M7: GenStore PDF PPT	
W8	06.05 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M8: GRIM-Filter PDF PPT	
W9	13.05 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M9: Genome Assembly PDF PPT	
W10	20.05 Fri.	YouTube Live	M10: Genomic Data Sharing Under Differential Privacy PDF PPT	
W11	10.06 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M11: Accelerating Genome Sequence Analysis PDF PPT	

Hetero. Systems (Spring'22)



Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=heterogeneous_systems

Youtube Livestream:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oFO5fTrgFIY&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9XrgXR38IM_FTjmY6h7Gzm

Project course

- Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
- GPU and Parallelism lectures
- Hands-on research exploration
- Many research readings

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	15.03 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M1: P&S Course Presentation PDF PPT	Required Materials Recommended Materials	HW 0 Out
W2	22.03 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M2: SIMD Processing and GPUs PDF PPT		
W3	29.03 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M3: GPU Software Hierarchy PDF PPT		
W4	05.04 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M4: GPU Memory Hierarchy PDF PPT		
W5	12.04 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M5: GPU Performance Considerations PDF PPT		
W6	19.04 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M6: Parallel Patterns: Reduction PDF PPT		
W7	26.04 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M7: Parallel Patterns: Histogram PDF PPT		
W8	03.05 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M8: Parallel Patterns: Convolution PDF PPT		
W9	10.05 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M9: Parallel Patterns: Prefix Sum (Scan) PDF PPT		
W10	17.05 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M10: Parallel Patterns: Sparse Matrices PDF PPT		
W11	24.05 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M11: Parallel Patterns: Graph Search PDF PPT		
W12	01.06 Wed.	YouTube Premiere	M12: Parallel Patterns: Merge Sort PDF PPT		
W13	07.06 Tue.	YouTube Premiere	M13: Dynamic Parallelism PDF PPT		
W14	15.06 Wed.	YouTube Premiere	M14: Collaborative Computing PDF PPT		
W15	24.06 Fri.	YouTube Premiere	M15: GPU Acceleration of Genome Sequence Alignment PDF PPT		
W16	14.07 Thu.	YouTube Premiere	M16: Accelerating Agent-based Simulations PDF ODP		

HW/SW Co-Design (Spring 2022)

Spring 2022 Edition:

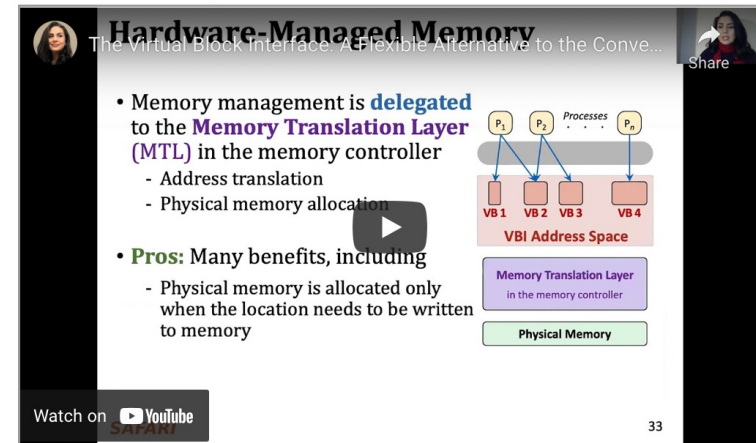
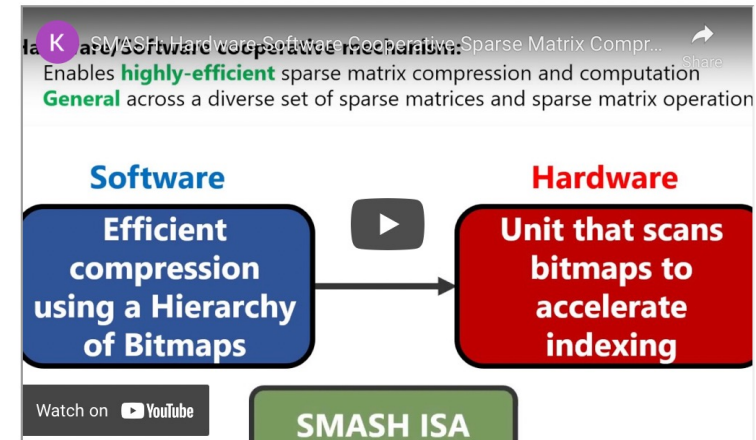
- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=hw_sw_co_design

Youtube Livestream:

- https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8nH7un3ghD2nutKWWDk-NK

Project course

- Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
- HW/SW co-design lectures
- Hands-on research exploration
- Many research readings



2022 Meetings/Schedule (Tentative)

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Materials	Assignments
W0	16.03	Live	Intro to HW/SW Co-Design (PPTX) (PDF)	Required	HW 0 Out
W1	23.03		Project selection	Required	
W2	30.03	Live	Virtual Memory (I) (PPTX) (PDF)		
W3	13.04	Live	Virtual Memory (II) (PPTX) (PDF)		

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

SSD Course (Spring 2022)

■ Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=modern_sds

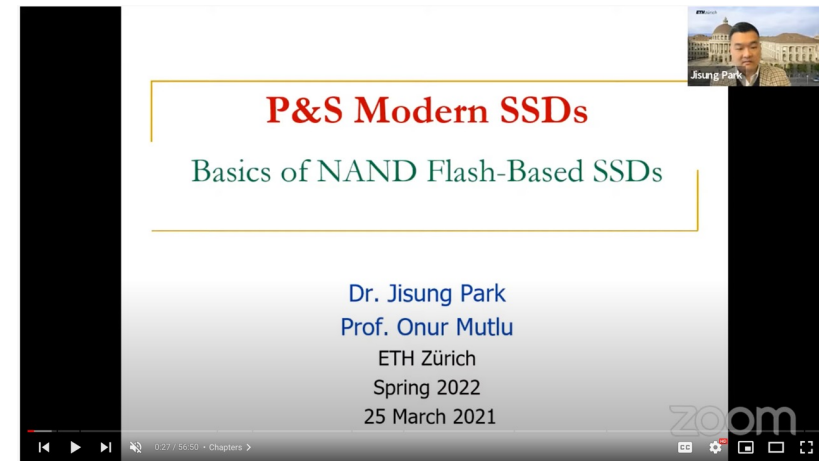
■ Youtube Livestream:

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q4rm71DsY4&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8vabcse1kL22DEcgMI2RAq>

■ Project course

- Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
- SSD Basics and Advanced Topics
- Hands-on research exploration
- Many research readings

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>



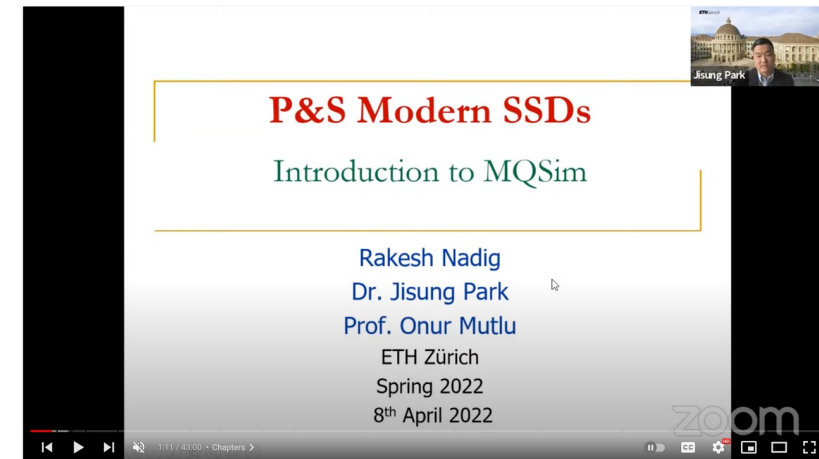
Modern Solid-State Drives (SSDs) Course - Meeting 2: Basics of NAND Flash-Based SSDs (Spring 2022)

807 views • Streamed live on Mar 25, 2022

16 DISLIKE SHARE DOWNLOAD CLIP SAVE

Onur Mutlu Lectures
25K subscribers

ANALYTICS EDIT VIDEO



Modern Solid-State Drives (SSDs) Course - Meeting 4: Introduction to MQSim (Spring 2022)

310 views • Streamed live on Apr 8, 2022

17 DISLIKE SHARE DOWNLOAD CLIP SAVE

Onur Mutlu Lectures
25K subscribers

ANALYTICS EDIT VIDEO

Projects & Seminars: SoftMC

FPGA-Based Exploration of DRAM and RowHammer (Fall 2022)

Fall 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=softmc

Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=softmc

Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r5QxuoJWttg&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_1trfCckr6PTN8WR72icUO

Bachelor's course

- Elective at ETH Zurich
- Introduction to DRAM organization & operation
- Tutorial on using FPGA-based infrastructure
- Verilog & C++
- Potential research exploration

Lecture Video Playlist on YouTube

Lecture Playlist



2022 Meetings/Schedule (Tentative)

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W0	23.02 Wed.		P&S SoftMC Tutorial	SoftMC Tutorial Slides (PDF) (PPT)	
W1	08.03 Tue.		M1: Logistics & Intro to DRAM and SoftMC (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials	HW0
W2	15.03 Tue.		M2: Revisiting RowHammer (PDF) (PPT)	(Paper PDF)	
W3	22.03 Tue.		M3: Uncovering in-DRAM TRR & TRRespass (PDF) (PPT)		
W4	29.03 Tue.		M4: Deeper Look Into RowHammer's Sensitivities (PDF) (PPT)		
W5	05.04 Tue.		M5: QUAC-TRNG (PDF) (PPT)		
W6	12.04 Tue.		M6: PiDRAM (PDF) (PPT)		

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

Projects & Seminars: Ramulator

Exploration of Emerging Memory Systems (Fall 2022)

Fall 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=ramulator

Spring 2022 Edition:

- https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=ramulator

Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aM-lIXRQd3s&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_TlmlGw_Z8hBo2925ZApgV

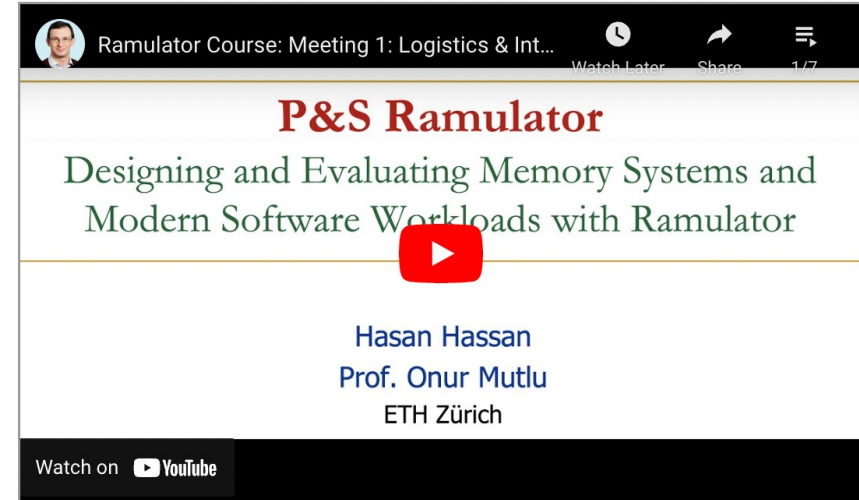
Bachelor's course

- Elective at ETH Zurich
- Introduction to memory system simulation
- Tutorial on using Ramulator
- C++
- Potential research exploration

<https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures>

Lecture Video Playlist on YouTube

Lecture Playlist



2022 Meetings/Schedule (Tentative)

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	09.03 Wed.	YouTube Video	M1: Logistics & Intro to Simulating Memory Systems Using Ramulator PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		HW0
W2	16.03 Fri.	YouTube Video	M2: Tutorial on Using Ramulator PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		
W3	25.02 Fri.	YouTube Video	M3: BlockHammer PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		
W4	01.04 Fri.	YouTube Video	M4: CLR-DRAM PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		
W5	08.04 Fri.	YouTube Video	M5: SIMD RAM PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		
W6	29.04 Fri.	YouTube Video	M6: DAMOV PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		
W7	06.05 Fri.	YouTube Video	M7: Synchron PDF (PDF) PPT (PPT)		

Memory-Centric Computing

Onur Mutlu

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<https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu>

27 September 2022

Microsoft Azure AHA Learning Session 2022

SAFARI

ETH zürich

Carnegie Mellon

Backup Slides

In-Storage Genomic Data Filtering [ASPLOS 2022]

- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
"GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Virtual, February-March 2022.
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] ([pdf](#))
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (90 seconds)]

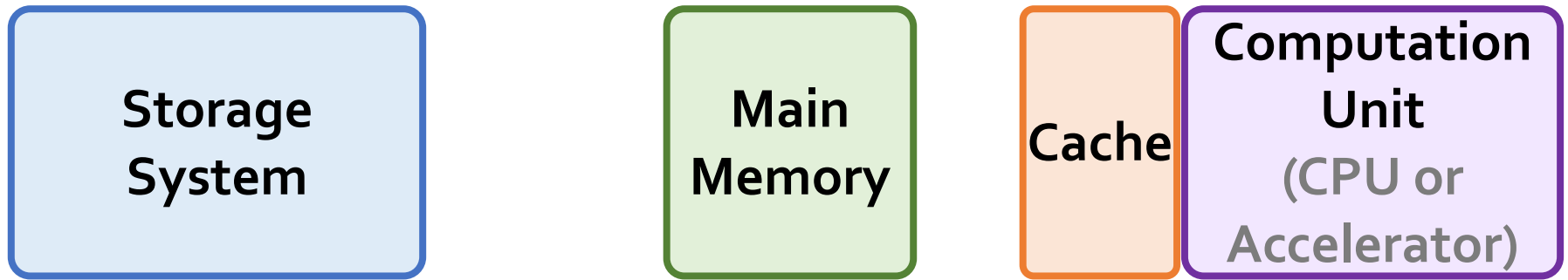
GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi¹ Jisung Park¹ Harun Mustafa¹ Jeremie Kim¹ Ataberk Olgun¹
Arvid Gollwitzer¹ Damla Senol Cali² Can Firtina¹ Haiyu Mao¹ Nour Almadhoun Alserr¹
Rachata Ausavarungnirun³ Nandita Vijaykumar⁴ Mohammed Alser¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²Bionano Genomics ³KMUTNB ⁴University of Toronto

Genome Sequence Analysis

Data Movement from Storage

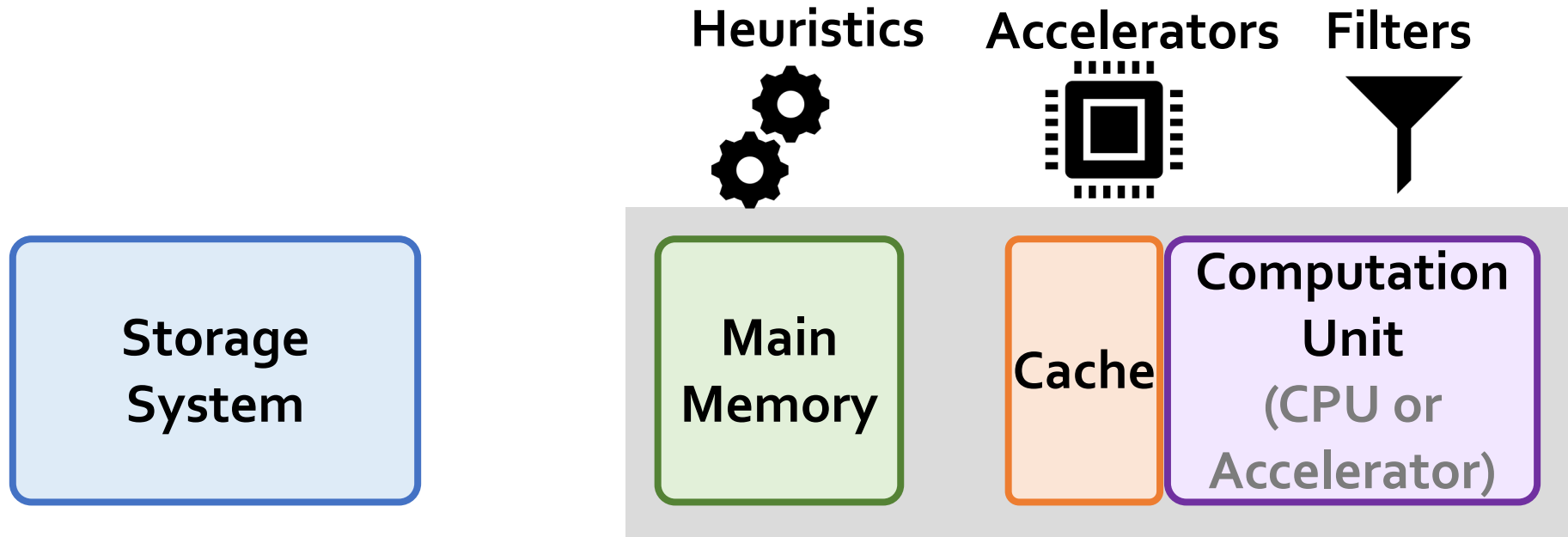


Computation overhead



Data movement overhead

Accelerating Genome Sequence Analysis



Computation overhead

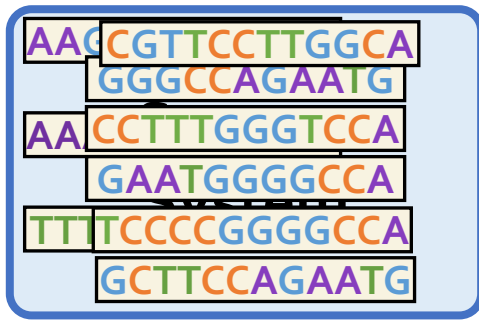


Data movement overhead

Key Idea



*Filter reads that do **not** require alignment inside the storage system*



Filtered Reads

**Main
Memory**

Cache

**Computation
Unit
(CPU or
Accelerator)**

Exactly-matching reads

Do not need expensive approximate string matching during alignment

Non-matching reads

Do not have potential matching locations and can skip alignment

GenStore



*Filter reads that do **not** require alignment
inside the storage system*

GenStore-Enabled
Storage
System

Main
Memory

Cache

Computation
Unit
(CPU or
Accelerator)



Computation overhead



Data movement overhead

GenStore provides significant speedup (1.4x - 33.6x) and
energy reduction (3.9x - 29.2x) at low cost

GenStore Talk Video

GenStore-EM: Not Finding a Match

Sorted Read Table

	Read
	AAAAAAAAAA
	AAAAAAAAAG
	AAAAAAACT
	...

Sorted K-mer Index

K-mer	
AAAAAAAAAA	
AAAAAAAC	
AAAAAAAT	
...	

Comparator

Read < K-mer



GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Analysis -- ASPLOS'22 Talk

346 views • Premiered Mar 22, 2022

7 DISLIKE SHARE DOWNLOAD CLIP SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures
27.2K subscribers

ANALYTICS

EDIT VIDEO

In-Storage Genomic Data Filtering [ASPLOS 2022]

- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
"GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Virtual, February-March 2022.
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] ([pdf](#))
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (90 seconds)]

GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi¹ Jisung Park¹ Harun Mustafa¹ Jeremie Kim¹ Ataberk Olgun¹
Arvid Gollwitzer¹ Damla Senol Cali² Can Firtina¹ Haiyu Mao¹ Nour Almadhoun Alserr¹
Rachata Ausavarungnirun³ Nandita Vijaykumar⁴ Mohammed Alser¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²Bionano Genomics ³KMUTNB ⁴University of Toronto

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand

Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun,
Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela,
Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, Onur Mutlu

SAFARI

Carnegie Mellon

Google



SEOUL
NATIONAL
UNIVERSITY

ETH zürich

Consumer Devices



Consumer devices are everywhere!

**Energy consumption is
a first-class concern in consumer devices**



Popular Consumer Workloads



Chrome

Google's web browser



TensorFlow Mobile

Google's machine learning
framework

VP9



Video Playback

Google's **video codec**

VP9

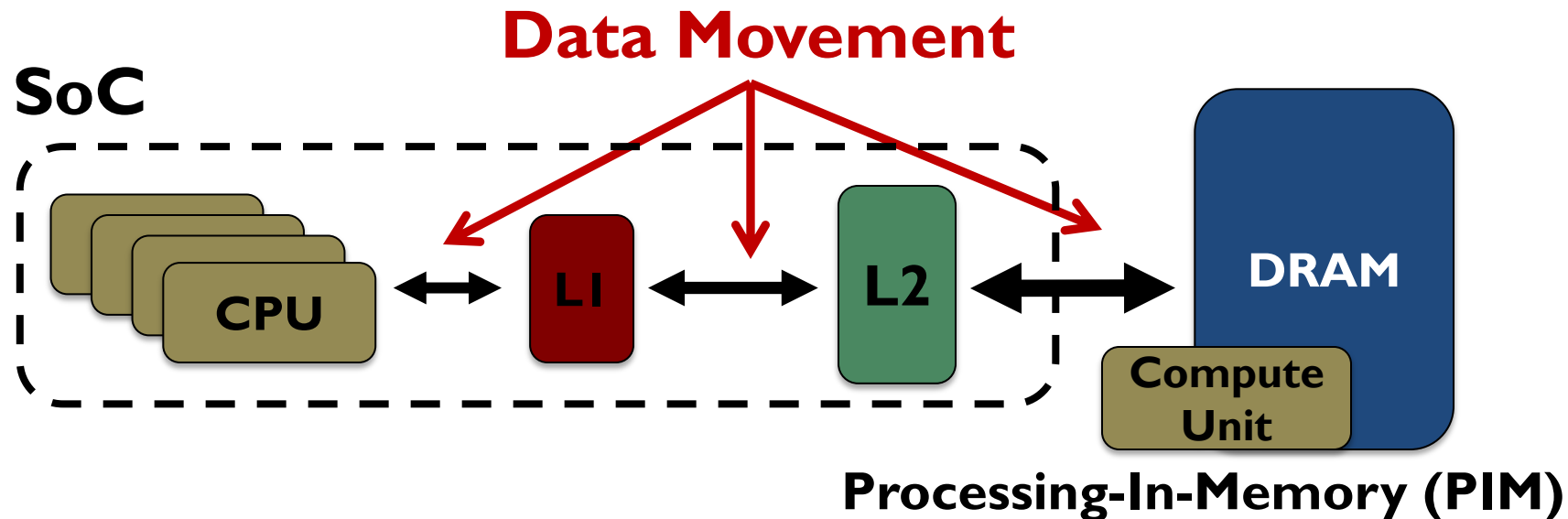


Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

Energy Cost of Data Movement

1st key observation: **62.7%** of the total system energy is spent on **data movement**



Potential solution: move computation **close to data**

Challenge: limited area and energy budget

Using PIM to Reduce Data Movement

2nd key observation: a significant fraction of the **data movement** often comes from **simple functions**

We can design lightweight logic to implement these simple functions in **memory**

Small embedded
low-power core



Small fixed-function
accelerators



Offloading to PIM logic reduces energy and improves performance, on average, by 2.3X and 2.2X

Workload Analysis



Chrome

Google's web browser



TensorFlow Mobile

Google's machine learning
framework



Video Playback

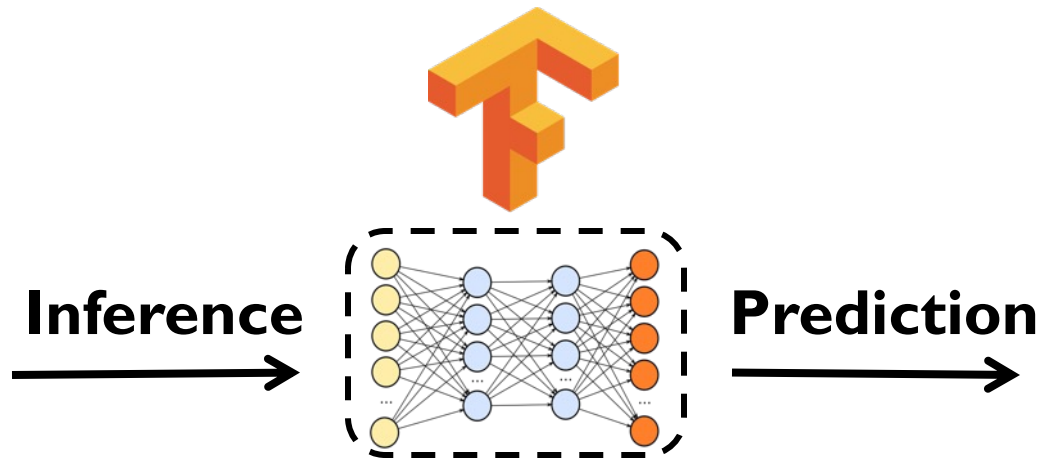
Google's **video codec**



Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

TensorFlow Mobile



57.3% of the inference energy is spent on data movement



54.4% of the **data movement** energy comes from packing/unpacking and quantization

More on PIM for Mobile Devices

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu,

"Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"

Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.

[[Slides \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)] [[Lightning Session Slides \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)] [[Poster \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)]

[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (2 minutes)]

[[Full Talk Video](#) (21 minutes)]

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand¹

Saugata Ghose¹

Youngsok Kim²

Rachata Ausavarungnirun¹

Eric Shiu³

Rahul Thakur³

Daehyun Kim^{4,3}

Aki Kuusela³

Allan Knies³

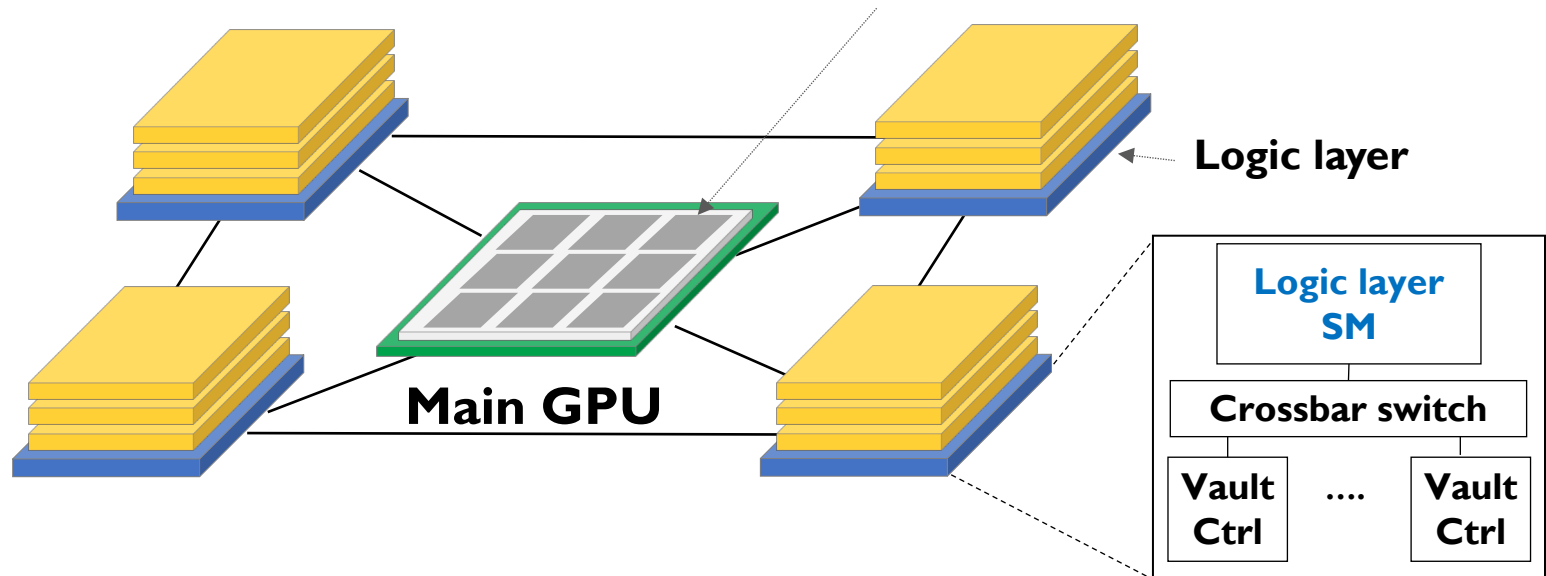
Parthasarathy Ranganathan³

Onur Mutlu^{5,1}

Truly Distributed GPU Processing with PIM

**3D-stacked memory
(memory stack)**

SM (Streaming Multiprocessor)



```
__global__
void applyScaleFactorsKernel( uint8_T * const out,
                             uint8_T const * const in, const double *factor,
                             size_t const numRows, size_t const numCols )
{
    // Work out which pixel we are working on.
    const int rowIdx = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    const int colIdx = blockIdx.y;
    const int sliceIdx = threadIdx.z;

    // Check this thread isn't off the image
    if( rowIdx >= numRows ) return;

    // Compute the index of my element
    size_t linearIdx = rowIdx + colIdx*numRows +
                      sliceIdx*numRows*numCols;
```

Accelerating GPU Execution with PIM (I)

- Kevin Hsieh, Eiman Ebrahimi, Gwangsun Kim, Niladrish Chatterjee, Mike O'Connor, Nandita Vijaykumar, Onur Mutlu, and Stephen W. Keckler, **"Transparent Offloading and Mapping (TOM): Enabling Programmer-Transparent Near-Data Processing in GPU Systems"**

Proceedings of the 43rd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Seoul, South Korea, June 2016.

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[Lightning Session Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

Transparent Offloading and Mapping (TOM): Enabling Programmer-Transparent Near-Data Processing in GPU Systems

Kevin Hsieh[‡] Eiman Ebrahimi[†] Gwangsun Kim* Niladrish Chatterjee[†] Mike O'Connor[†]
Nandita Vijaykumar[‡] Onur Mutlu^{§‡} Stephen W. Keckler[†]

[‡]Carnegie Mellon University [†]NVIDIA ^{*}KAIST [§]ETH Zürich

Accelerating GPU Execution with PIM (II)

- Ashutosh Pattnaik, Xulong Tang, Adwait Jog, Onur Kayiran, Asit K. Mishra, Mahmut T. Kandemir, Onur Mutlu, and Chita R. Das,
"Scheduling Techniques for GPU Architectures with Processing-In-Memory Capabilities"
Proceedings of the 25th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT), Haifa, Israel, September 2016.

Scheduling Techniques for GPU Architectures with Processing-In-Memory Capabilities

Ashutosh Pattnaik¹ Xulong Tang¹ Adwait Jog² Onur Kayiran³
Asit K. Mishra⁴ Mahmut T. Kandemir¹ Onur Mutlu^{5,6} Chita R. Das¹

¹Pennsylvania State University ²College of William and Mary
³Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. ⁴Intel Labs ⁵ETH Zürich ⁶Carnegie Mellon University

Accelerating Linked Data Structures

- Kevin Hsieh, Samira Khan, Nandita Vijaykumar, Kevin K. Chang, Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
["Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation"](#)
Proceedings of the 34th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (ICCD), Phoenix, AZ, USA, October 2016.

Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation

Kevin Hsieh[†] Samira Khan[‡] Nandita Vijaykumar[†]
Kevin K. Chang[†] Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[†] Onur Mutlu^{§†}
[†]Carnegie Mellon University [‡]University of Virginia [§]ETH Zürich

Accelerating Dependent Cache Misses

- Milad Hashemi, Khubaib, Eiman Ebrahimi, Onur Mutlu, and Yale N. Patt, **"Accelerating Dependent Cache Misses with an Enhanced Memory Controller"**

Proceedings of the 43rd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Seoul, South Korea, June 2016.

[Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

[Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

Accelerating Dependent Cache Misses with an Enhanced Memory Controller

Milad Hashemi*, Khubaib[†], Eiman Ebrahimi[‡], Onur Mutlu[§], Yale N. Patt*

**The University of Texas at Austin [†]Apple [‡]NVIDIA [§]ETH Zürich & Carnegie Mellon University*

Accelerating Runahead Execution

- Milad Hashemi, Onur Mutlu, and Yale N. Patt,
"Continuous Runahead: Transparent Hardware Acceleration for Memory Intensive Workloads"
Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Taipei, Taiwan, October 2016.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)] [[Lightning Session Slides \(pdf\)](#)] [[Poster \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]

Continuous Runahead: Transparent Hardware Acceleration for Memory Intensive Workloads

Milad Hashemi*, Onur Mutlu[§], Yale N. Patt*

**The University of Texas at Austin* [§]*ETH Zürich*

Accelerating Climate Modeling

- Gagandeep Singh, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Christoph Hagleitner, Juan Gómez-Luna, Sander Stuijk, Onur Mutlu, and Henk Corporaal,
"NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling"
Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Field-Programmable Logic and Applications (FPL), Gothenburg, Sweden, September 2020.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (23 minutes)]
Nominated for the Stamatis Vassiliadis Memorial Award.

NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling

Gagandeep Singh^{a,b,c} Dionysios Diamantopoulos^c Christoph Hagleitner^c Juan Gómez-Luna^b
Sander Stuijk^a Onur Mutlu^b Henk Corporaal^a
^aEindhoven University of Technology ^bETH Zürich ^cIBM Research Europe, Zurich

Accelerating Approximate String Matching

- Damla Senol Cali, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Zulal Bingol, Can Firtina, Lavanya Subramanian, Jeremie S. Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gomez-Luna, Amirali Boroumand, Anant Nori, Allison Scibisz, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu, **"GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis"**
Proceedings of the 53rd International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Virtual, October 2020.
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (1.5 minutes)]
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Talk Video](#) (18 minutes)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis

Damla Senol Cali^{†⋈} Gurpreet S. Kalsi[⋈] Zülal Bingöl[▽] Can Firtina[◇] Lavanya Subramanian[‡] Jeremie S. Kim^{◇†}
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[⊙] Mohammed Alser[◇] Juan Gomez-Luna[◇] Amirali Boroumand[†] Anant Nori[⋈]
Allison Scibisz[†] Sreenivas Subramoney[⋈] Can Alkan[▽] Saugata Ghose^{*†} Onur Mutlu^{◇†▽}
[†]Carnegie Mellon University [⋈]Processor Architecture Research Lab, Intel Labs [▽]Bilkent University [◇]ETH Zürich
[‡]Facebook [⊙]King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok ^{*}University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Accelerating Sequence-to-Graph Mapping

- Damla Senol Cali, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Joel Lindegger, Zülal Bingöl, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Ziyi Zuo, Can Firtina, Meryem Banu Cavlak, Jeremie Kim, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Gagandeep Singh, Juan Gomez-Luna, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Mohammed Alser, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
"SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping"
Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), New York, June 2022.
[[arXiv version](#)]

SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping

Damla Senol Cali¹ Konstantinos Kanellopoulos² Joël Lindegger² Zülal Bingöl³
Gurpreet S. Kalsi⁴ Ziyi Zuo⁵ Can Firtina² Meryem Banu Cavlak² Jeremie Kim²
Nika Mansouri Ghiasi² Gagandeep Singh² Juan Gómez-Luna² Nour Almadhoun Alserr²
Mohammed Alser² Sreenivas Subramoney⁴ Can Alkan³ Saugata Ghose⁶ Onur Mutlu²

¹Bionano Genomics ²ETH Zürich ³Bilkent University ⁴Intel Labs
⁵Carnegie Mellon University ⁶University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign

Accelerating Basecalling + Read Mapping

- To appear at MICRO 2022

GenPIP: In-Memory Acceleration of Genome Analysis via Tight Integration of Basecalling and Read Mapping

Haiyu Mao¹ Mohammed Alser¹ Mohammad Sadrosadati¹ Can Firtina¹ Akanksha Baranwal¹
Damla Senol Cali² Aditya Manglik¹ Nour Almadhoun Alserr¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹*ETH Zürich*

²*Bionano Genomics*

Accelerating Time Series Analysis

- Ivan Fernandez, Ricardo Quisiant, Christina Giannoula, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez-Luna, Eladio Gutiérrez, Oscar Plata, and Onur Mutlu,
"NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis"
Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (ICCD), Virtual, October 2020.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (10 minutes)]
[[Source Code](#)]

NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis

Ivan Fernandez[§]

Ricardo Quisiant[§]

Christina Giannoula[†]

Mohammed Alser[‡]

Juan Gómez-Luna[‡]

Eladio Gutiérrez[§]

Oscar Plata[§]

Onur Mutlu[‡]

[§]*University of Malaga*

[†]*National Technical University of Athens*

[‡]*ETH Zürich*

Accelerating Graph Pattern Mining

- Maciej Besta, Raghavendra Kanakagiri, Grzegorz Kwasniewski, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Jakub Beránek, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Kacper Janda, Zur Vonarburg-Shmaria, Lukas Gianinazzi, Ioana Stefan, Juan Gómez-Luna, Marcin Copik, Lukas Kapp-Schwoerer, Salvatore Di Girolamo, Nils Blach, Marek Konieczny, Onur Mutlu, and Torsten Hoefler,

"SISA: Set-Centric Instruction Set Architecture for Graph Mining on Processing-in-Memory Systems"

Proceedings of the 54th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Virtual, October 2021.

[[Slides \(pdf\)](#)]

[[Talk Video](#) (22 minutes)]

[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (1.5 minutes)]

[[Full arXiv version](#)]

SISA: Set-Centric Instruction Set Architecture for Graph Mining on Processing-in-Memory Systems

Maciej Besta¹, Raghavendra Kanakagiri², Grzegorz Kwasniewski¹, Rachata Ausavarungnirun³, Jakub Beránek⁴, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos¹, Kacper Janda⁵, Zur Vonarburg-Shmaria¹, Lukas Gianinazzi¹, Ioana Stefan¹, Juan Gómez-Luna¹, Marcin Copik¹, Lukas Kapp-Schwoerer¹, Salvatore Di Girolamo¹, Nils Blach¹, Marek Konieczny⁵, Onur Mutlu¹, Torsten Hoefler¹

¹ETH Zurich, Switzerland
Thailand

²IIT Tirupati, India

³King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok,
⁴Technical University of Ostrava, Czech Republic

⁵AGH-UST, Poland

Accelerating HTAP Database Systems

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu,
"Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design"
Proceedings of the 38th International Conference on Data Engineering (ICDE),
Virtual, May 2022.
[[arXiv version](#)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Short Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design

Amirali Boroumand[†]
[†]*Google*

Saugata Ghose[◇]
[◇]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign*

Geraldo F. Oliveira[‡]
[‡]*ETH Zürich*

Onur Mutlu[‡]

Accelerating Neural Network Inference

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
"Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT), Virtual, September 2021.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (14 minutes)]

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand^{†◇}

Geraldo F. Oliveira^{*}

Saugata Ghose[‡]

Xiaoyu Ma[§]

Berkin Akin[§]

Eric Shiu[§]

Ravi Narayanaswami[§]

Onur Mutlu^{*†}

[†]Carnegie Mellon Univ.

[◇]Stanford Univ.

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[§]Google

^{*}ETH Zürich

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Onur Mutlu

PACT 2021

SAFARI

Carnegie Mellon



UNIVERSITY OF
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URBANA-CHAMPAIGN



ETH zürich

Executive Summary

Context: We extensively analyze a state-of-the-art edge ML accelerator (Google Edge TPU) using 24 Google edge models

- Wide range of models (CNNs, LSTMs, Transducers, RCNNs)

Problem: The Edge TPU accelerator suffers from **three challenges:**

- It operates **significantly below** its peak throughput
- It operates **significantly below** its theoretical energy efficiency
- It **inefficiently** handles memory accesses

Key Insight: These shortcomings arise from **the monolithic design** of the Edge TPU accelerator

- The Edge TPU accelerator design does not account for **layer heterogeneity**

Key Mechanism: A new framework called **Mensa**

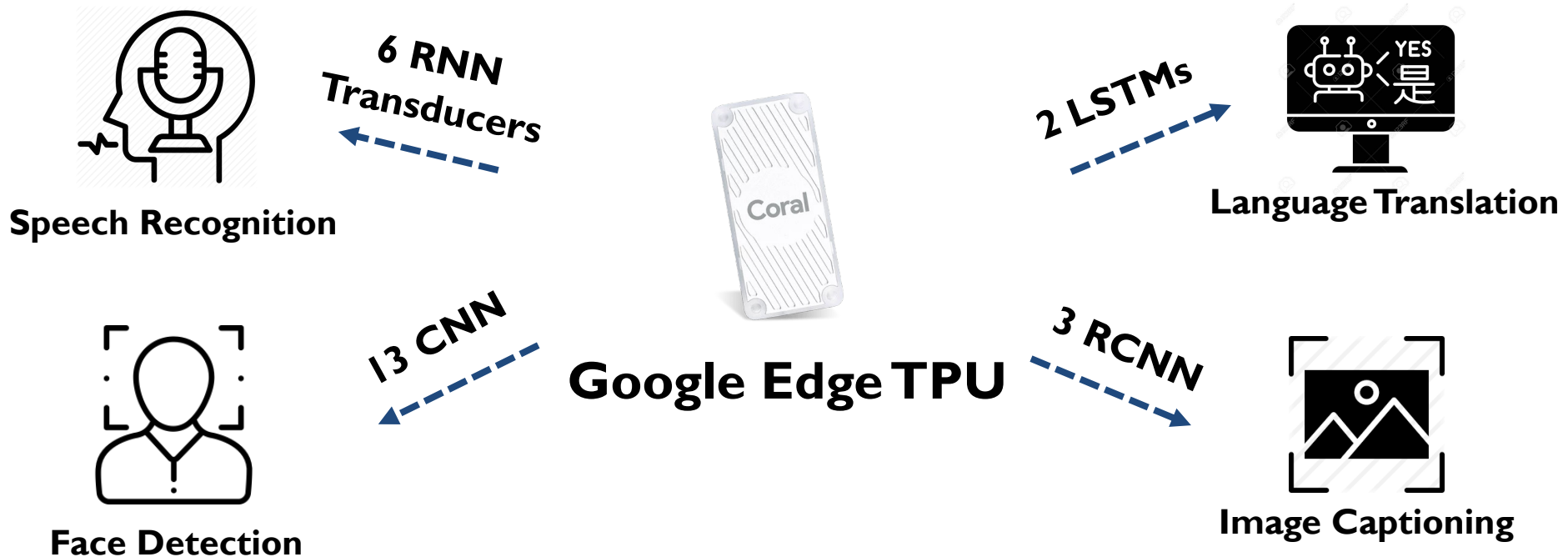
- Mensa consists of heterogeneous accelerators whose dataflow and hardware are specialized for specific families of layers

Key Results: We design a version of Mensa for Google edge ML models

- Mensa improves performance and energy by **3.0X** and **3.1X**
- Mensa reduces cost and improves area efficiency

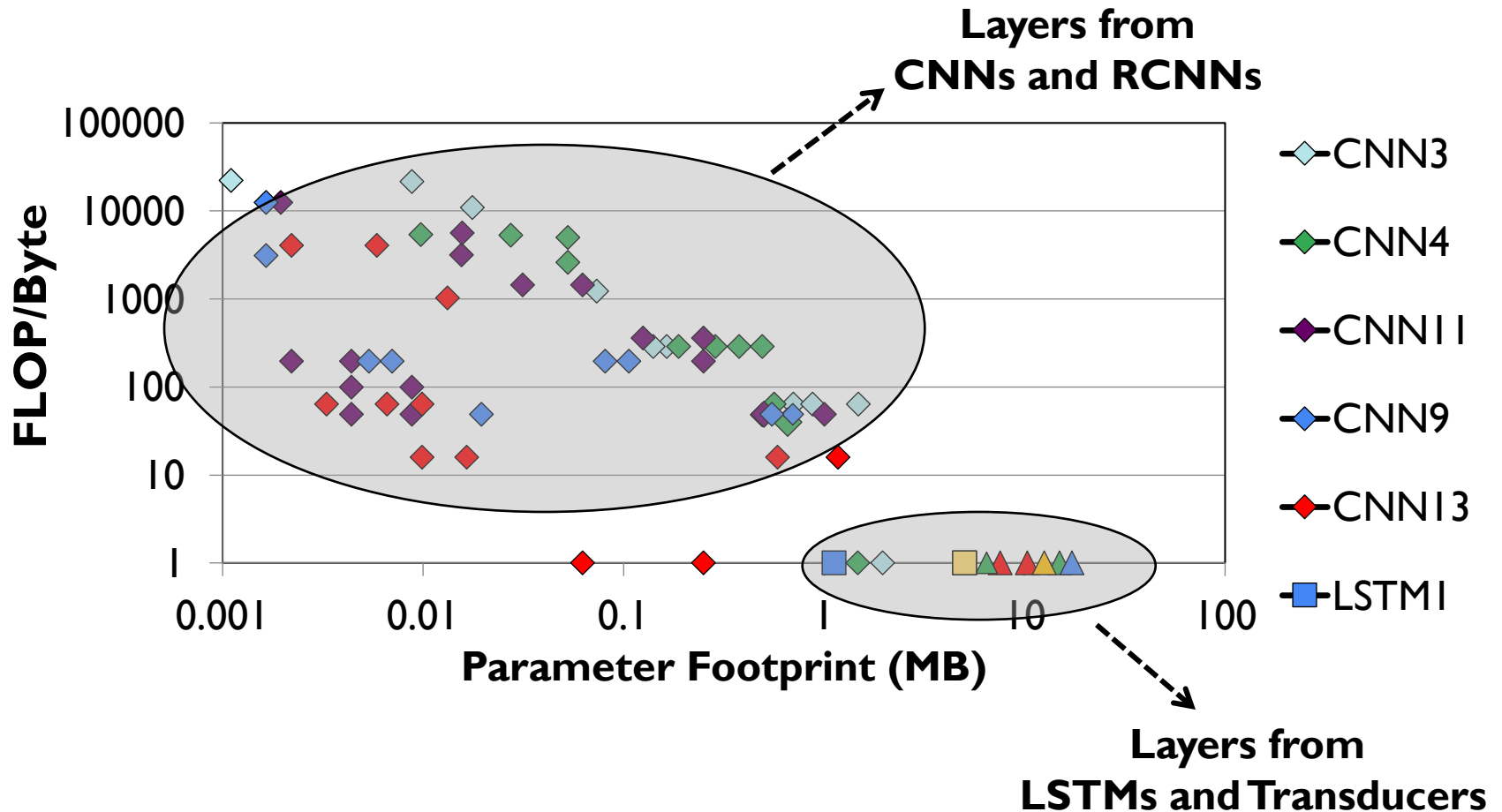
Google Edge Neural Network Models

We analyze inference execution using 24 edge NN models



Diversity Across the Models

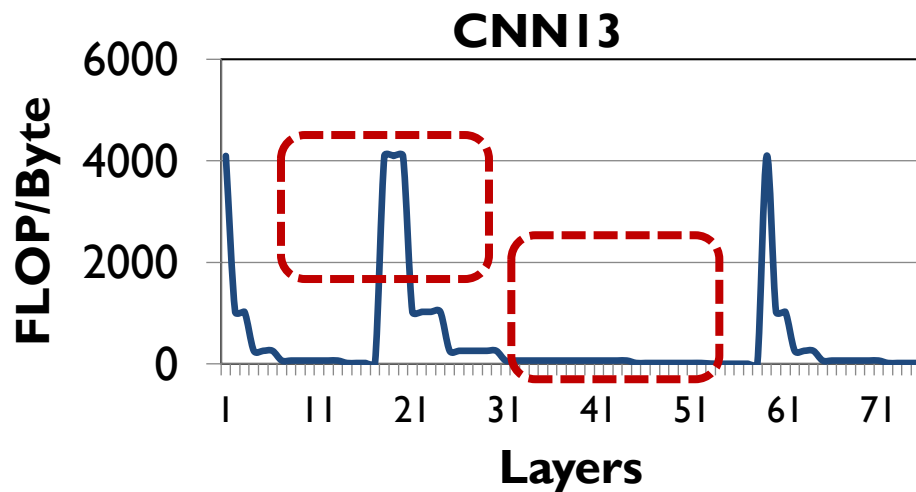
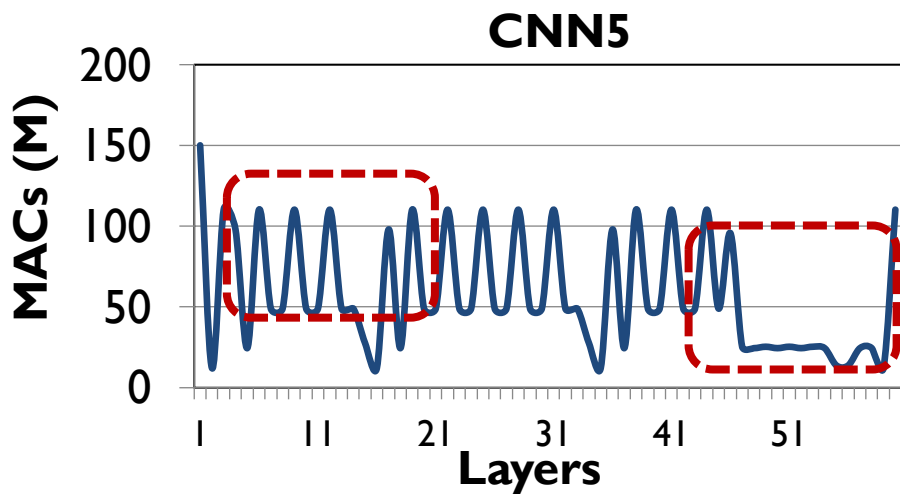
Insight 1: there is **significant variation** in terms of layer characteristics **across the models**



Diversity Within the Models

Insight 2: even **within** each model, layers exhibit **significant variation** in terms of layer characteristics

For example, our analysis of edge **CNN** models shows:



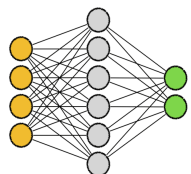
Variation in **MAC intensity**: up to **200x** across layers

Variation in **FLOP/Byte**: up to **244x** across layers

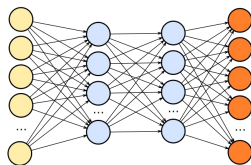
Mensa High-Level Overview

Edge TPU Accelerator

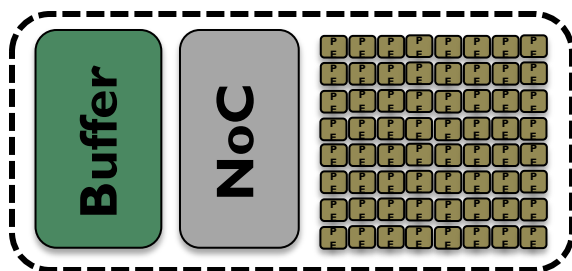
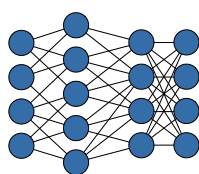
Model A



Model B



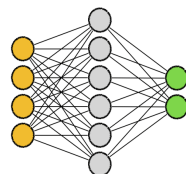
Model C



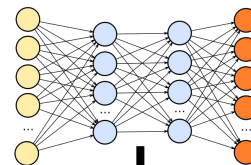
Monolithic Accelerator

Mensa

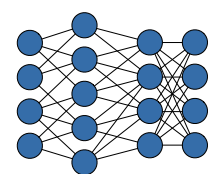
Model A



Model B

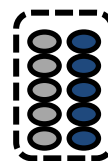


Model C

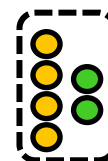


Runtime

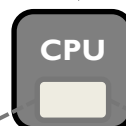
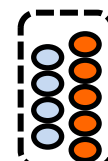
Family 1



Family 2



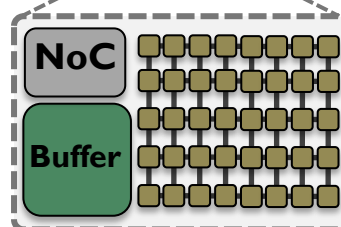
Family 3



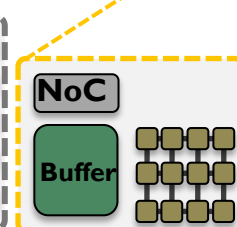
CPU



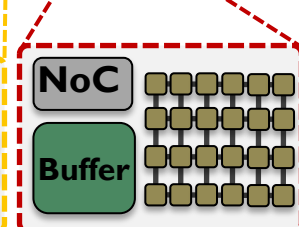
3D-Stacked DRAM



Acc. 1



Acc. 2

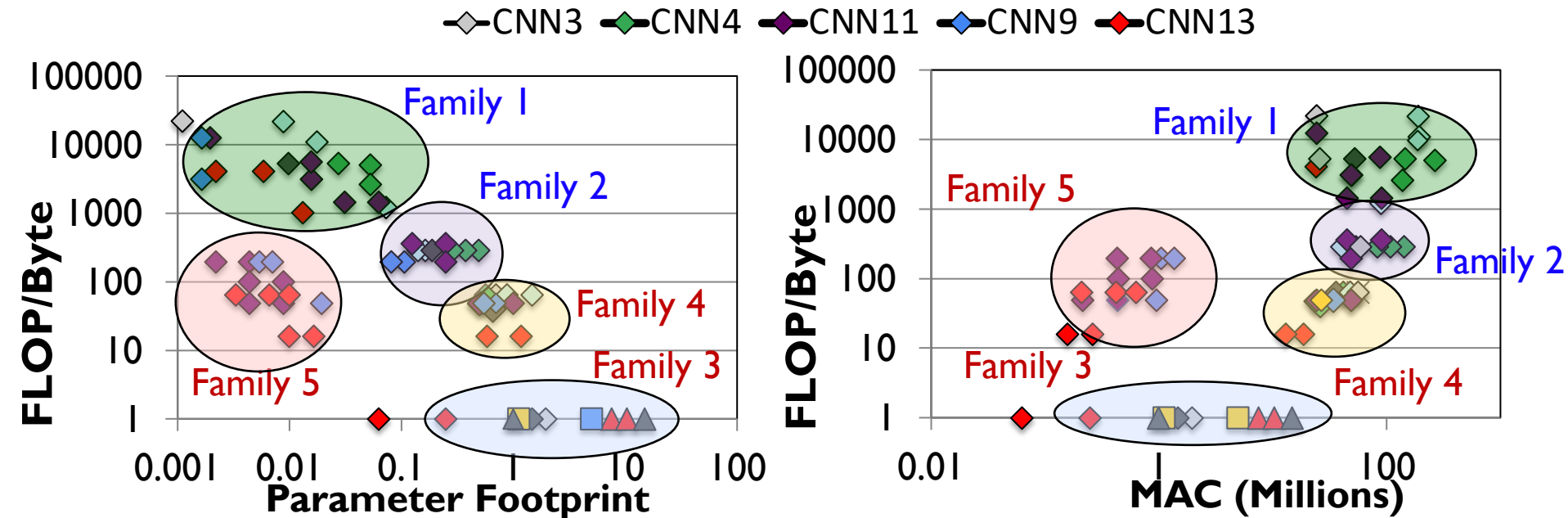


Acc. 3

Heterogeneous Accelerators

Identifying Layer Families

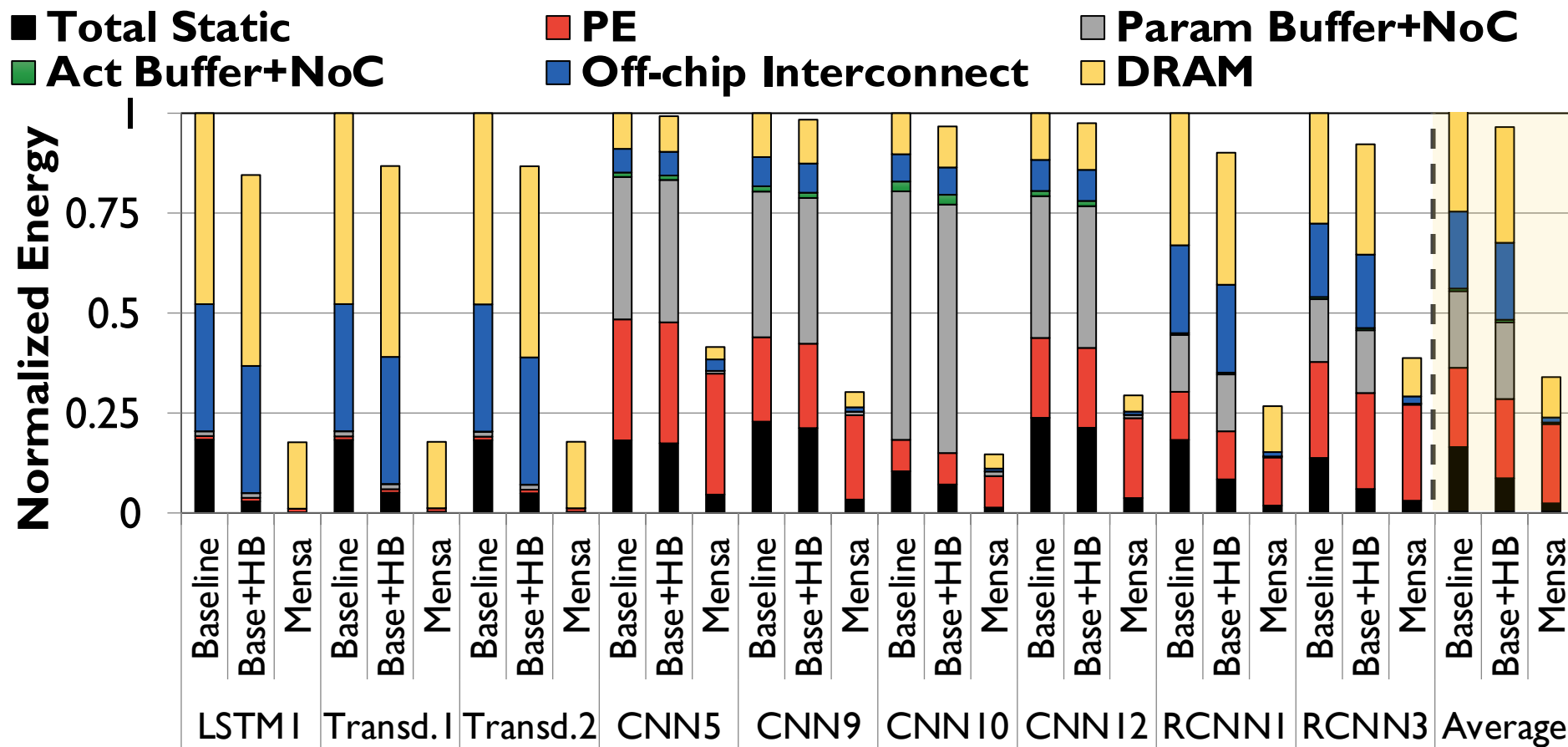
Key observation: the majority of layers group into a small number of layer families



Families 1 & 2: low parameter footprint, high data reuse and **MAC intensity**
→ compute-centric layers

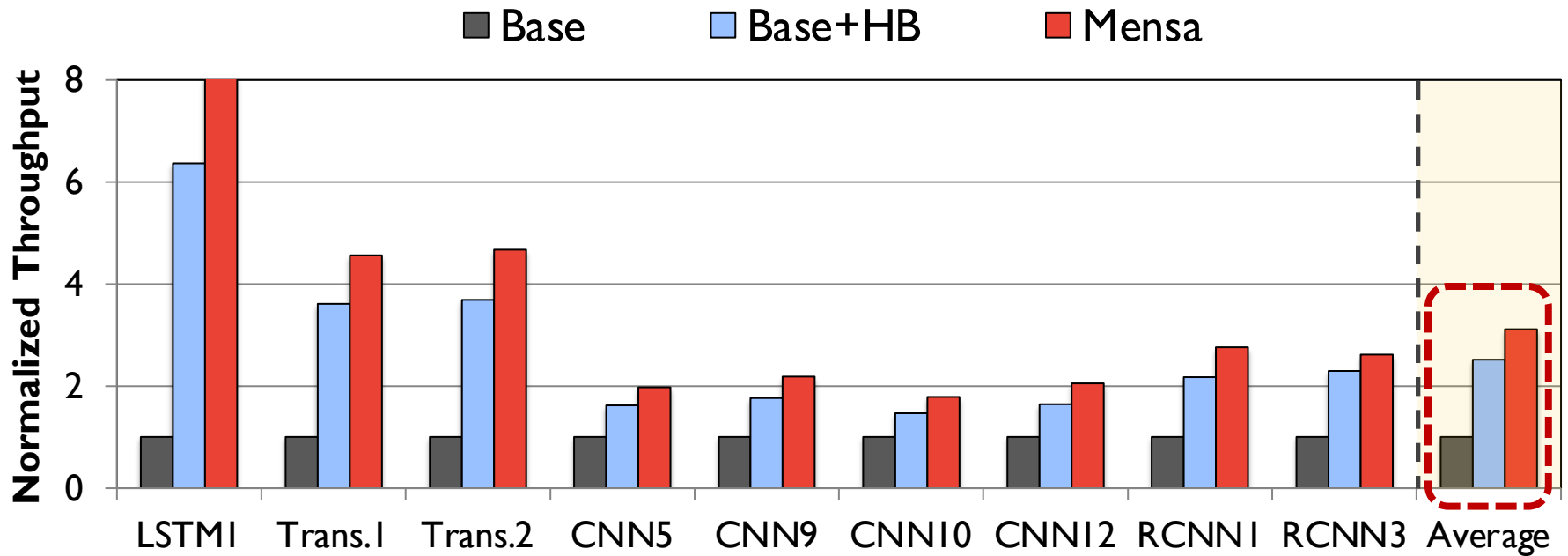
Families 3, 4 & 5: high parameter footprint, low data reuse and **MAC intensity**
→ data-centric layers

Mensa: Energy Reduction



Mensa-G reduces energy consumption by 3.0X
compared to the baseline Edge TPU

Mensa: Throughput Improvement



Mensa-G improves inference throughput by 3.1X
compared to the baseline Edge TPU

Mensa: Highly-Efficient ML Inference

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
"Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT), Virtual, September 2021.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (14 minutes)]

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand^{†◇}

Geraldo F. Oliveira^{*}

Saugata Ghose[‡]

Xiaoyu Ma[§]

Berkin Akin[§]

Eric Shiu[§]

Ravi Narayanaswami[§]

Onur Mutlu^{*†}

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.*

[◇]*Stanford Univ.*

[‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign*

[§]*Google*

^{*}*ETH Zürich*

FPGA-based Processing Near Memory

- Gagandeep Singh, Mohammed Alser, Damla Senol Cali, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Juan Gómez-Luna, Henk Corporaal, and Onur Mutlu, ["FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications"](#) *IEEE Micro* (**IEEE MICRO**), 2021.

FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications

Gagandeep Singh[◇] Mohammed Alser[◇] Damla Senol Cali[✕]

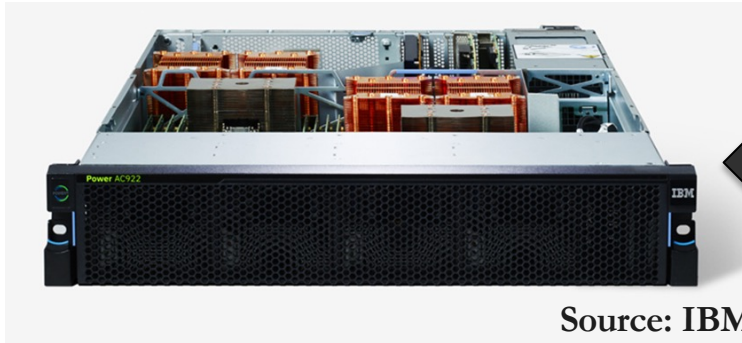
Dionysios Diamantopoulos[▽] Juan Gómez-Luna[◇]

Henk Corporaal^{*} Onur Mutlu^{◇✕}

[◇]*ETH Zürich* [✕]*Carnegie Mellon University*

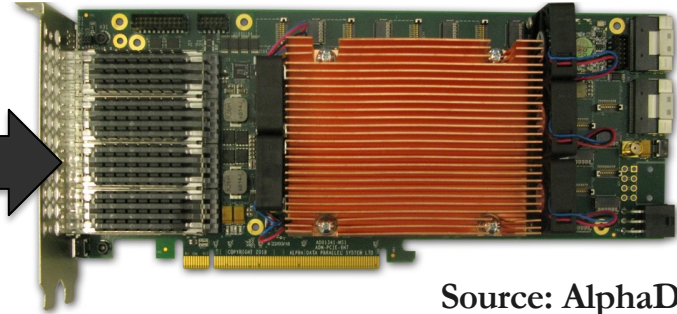
^{*}*Eindhoven University of Technology* [▽]*IBM Research Europe*

Near-Memory Acceleration Using FPGAs



Source: IBM

IBM POWER9 CPU



Source: AlphaData

HBM-based FPGA board

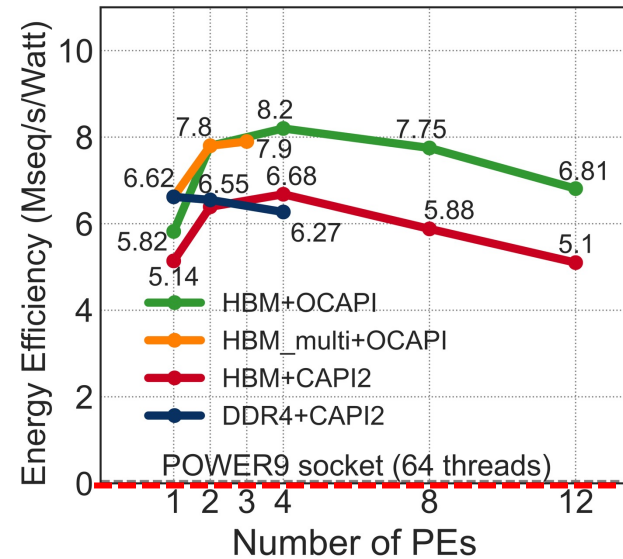
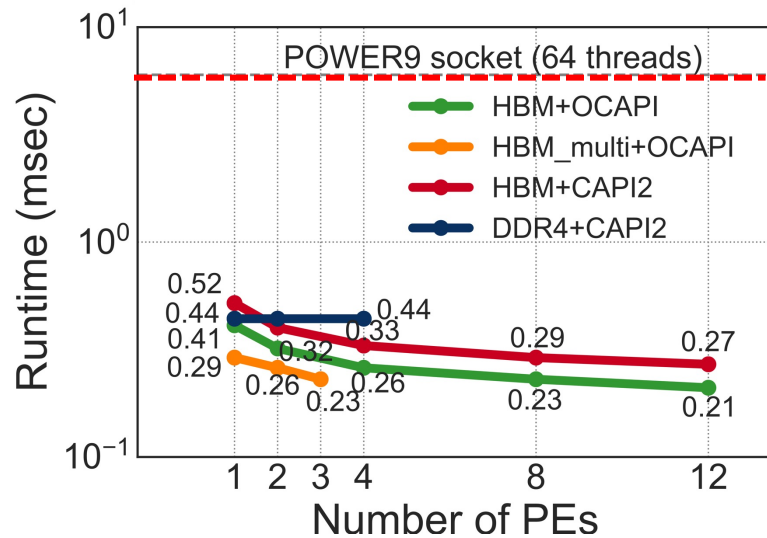
Near-HBM FPGA-based accelerator

Two communication technologies: CAPI2 and OCAPI

Two memory technologies: DDR4 and HBM

Two workloads: Weather Modeling and Genome Analysis

Performance & Energy Greatly Improve

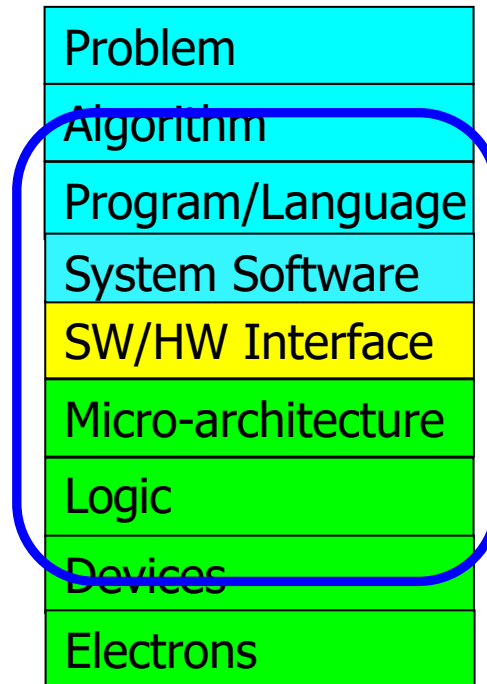


5-27× performance vs. a 16-core (64-thread) IBM POWER9 CPU

12-133× energy efficiency vs. a 16-core (64-thread) IBM POWER9 CPU

HBM alleviates memory bandwidth contention vs. DDR4

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

PIM Review and Open Problems

A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory

Onur Mutlu^{a,b}, Saugata Ghose^{b,c}, Juan Gómez-Luna^a, Rachata Ausavarungnirun^d

SAFARI Research Group

^a*ETH Zürich*

^b*Carnegie Mellon University*

^c*University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign*

^d*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok*

Onur Mutlu, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Rachata Ausavarungnirun,

"A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory"

*Invited Book Chapter in **Emerging Computing: From Devices to Systems - Looking Beyond Moore and Von Neumann**, Springer, to be published in 2021.*

PIM Review and Open Problems (II)

A Workload and Programming Ease Driven Perspective of Processing-in-Memory

Saugata Ghose[†] Amirali Boroumand[†] Jeremie S. Kim^{†§} Juan Gómez-Luna[§] Onur Mutlu^{§†}

[†]*Carnegie Mellon University*

[§]*ETH Zürich*

Saugata Ghose, Amirali Boroumand, Jeremie S. Kim, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu,

"Processing-in-Memory: A Workload-Driven Perspective"

Invited Article in IBM Journal of Research & Development, Special Issue on Hardware for Artificial Intelligence, to appear in November 2019.

[Preliminary arXiv version]

Processing in Memory: Adoption Challenges

1. Processing using Memory
2. Processing near Memory

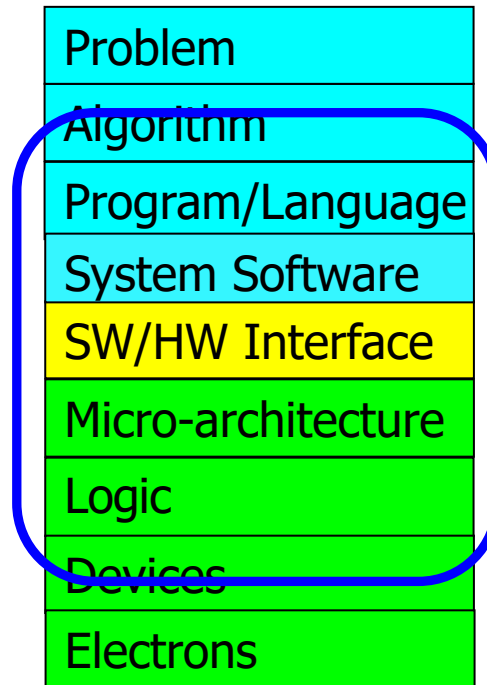
How to Enable Adoption of Processing in Memory

Potential Barriers to Adoption of PIM

1. **Applications & software** for PIM
2. Ease of **programming** (interfaces and compiler/HW support)
3. **System** and **security** support: coherence, synchronization, virtual memory, isolation, communication interfaces, ...
4. **Runtime** and **compilation** systems for adaptive scheduling, data mapping, access/sharing control, ...
5. **Infrastructures** to assess benefits and feasibility

All can be solved with change of mindset

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (I)

- Mohammed Alser, Zülal Bingöl, Damla Senol Cali, Jeremie Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, and Onur Mutlu,
["Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey"](#)
[IEEE Micro \(IEEE MICRO\)](#), Vol. 40, No. 5, pages 65-75, September/October 2020.
[[Slides \(pptx\)\(pdf\)](#)]
[[Talk Video \(1 hour 2 minutes\)](#)]

Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey

Mohammed Alser
ETH Zürich

Zülal Bingöl
Bilkent University

Damla Senol Cali
Carnegie Mellon University

Jeremie Kim
ETH Zurich and Carnegie Mellon University

Saugata Ghose
University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign and
Carnegie Mellon University

Can Alkan
Bilkent University

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zurich, Carnegie Mellon University, and
Bilkent University

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (II)

- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
"GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Virtual, February-March 2022.
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] ([pdf](#))
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (90 seconds)]

GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi¹ Jisung Park¹ Harun Mustafa¹ Jeremie Kim¹ Ataberk Olgun¹
Arvid Gollwitzer¹ Damla Senol Cali² Can Firtina¹ Haiyu Mao¹ Nour Almadhoun Alserr¹
Rachata Ausavarungnirun³ Nandita Vijaykumar⁴ Mohammed Alser¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²Bionano Genomics ³KMUTNB ⁴University of Toronto

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (III)

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungpack Hong, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoungh Choi,
"A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing"
Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Portland, OR, June 2015.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.

A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing

Junwhan Ahn Sungpack Hong[§] Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu[†] Kiyoungh Choi
junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungpack.hong@oracle.com, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr

Seoul National University [§]Oracle Labs [†]Carnegie Mellon University

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (IV)

- Maciej Besta, Raghavendra Kanakagiri, Grzegorz Kwasniewski, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Jakub Beránek, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Kacper Janda, Zur Vonarburg-Shmaria, Lukas Gianinazzi, Ioana Stefan, Juan Gómez-Luna, Marcin Copik, Lukas Kapp-Schwoerer, Salvatore Di Girolamo, Nils Blach, Marek Konieczny, Onur Mutlu, and Torsten Hoefler,

"SISA: Set-Centric Instruction Set Architecture for Graph Mining on Processing-in-Memory Systems"

Proceedings of the 54th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Virtual, October 2021.

[[Slides \(pdf\)](#)]

[[Talk Video](#) (22 minutes)]

[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (1.5 minutes)]

[[Full arXiv version](#)]

SISA: Set-Centric Instruction Set Architecture for Graph Mining on Processing-in-Memory Systems

Maciej Besta¹, Raghavendra Kanakagiri², Grzegorz Kwasniewski¹, Rachata Ausavarungnirun³, Jakub Beránek⁴, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos¹, Kacper Janda⁵, Zur Vonarburg-Shmaria¹, Lukas Gianinazzi¹, Ioana Stefan¹, Juan Gómez-Luna¹, Marcin Copik¹, Lukas Kapp-Schwoerer¹, Salvatore Di Girolamo¹, Nils Blach¹, Marek Konieczny⁵, Onur Mutlu¹, Torsten Hoefler¹

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²IIT Tirupati, India

³King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok,
⁴Technical University of Ostrava, Czech Republic

⁵AGH-UST, Poland

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (V)

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
"Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT), Virtual, September 2021.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (14 minutes)]

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand^{†◇}

Geraldo F. Oliveira^{*}

Saugata Ghose[‡]

Xiaoyu Ma[§]

Berkin Akin[§]

Eric Shiu[§]

Ravi Narayanaswami[§]

Onur Mutlu^{*†}

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.*

[◇]*Stanford Univ.*

[‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign*

[§]*Google*

^{*}*ETH Zürich*

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (VI)

- Gagandeep Singh, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Christoph Hagleitner, Juan Gómez-Luna, Sander Stuijk, Onur Mutlu, and Henk Corporaal,

"NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling"

Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Field-Programmable Logic and Applications (FPL), Gothenburg, Sweden, September 2020.

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[Talk Video](#) (23 minutes)]

Nominated for the Stamatis Vassiliadis Memorial Award.

NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling

Gagandeep Singh^{a,b,c} Dionysios Diamantopoulos^c Christoph Hagleitner^c Juan Gómez-Luna^b

Sander Stuijk^a

Onur Mutlu^b

Henk Corporaal^a

^aEindhoven University of Technology

^bETH Zürich

^cIBM Research Europe, Zurich

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (VII)

- Ivan Fernandez, Ricardo Quisiant, Christina Giannoula, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez-Luna, Eladio Gutiérrez, Oscar Plata, and Onur Mutlu,
"NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis"
Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (ICCD), Virtual, October 2020.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (10 minutes)]
[[Source Code](#)]

NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis

Ivan Fernandez [§]	Ricardo Quisiant [§]	Christina Giannoula [†]	Mohammed Alser [‡]
Juan Gómez-Luna [‡]	Eladio Gutiérrez [§]	Oscar Plata [§]	Onur Mutlu [‡]
[§] <i>University of Malaga</i>	[†] <i>National Technical University of Athens</i>	[‡] <i>ETH Zürich</i>	

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (VIII)

- Damla Senol Cali, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Zulal Bingol, Can Firtina, Lavanya Subramanian, Jeremie S. Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gomez-Luna, Amirali Boroumand, Anant Nori, Allison Scibisz, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu, **"GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis"**
Proceedings of the 53rd International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO), Virtual, October 2020.
[[Lighting Talk Video](#) (1.5 minutes)]
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Talk Video](#) (18 minutes)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis

Damla Senol Cali^{†⋈} Gurpreet S. Kalsi[⋈] Zülal Bingöl[▽] Can Firtina[◇] Lavanya Subramanian[‡] Jeremie S. Kim^{◇†}
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[○] Mohammed Alser[◇] Juan Gomez-Luna[◇] Amirali Boroumand[†] Anant Nori[⋈]
Allison Scibisz[†] Sreenivas Subramoney[⋈] Can Alkan[▽] Saugata Ghose^{*†} Onur Mutlu^{◇†▽}
[†]Carnegie Mellon University [⋈]Processor Architecture Research Lab, Intel Labs [▽]Bilkent University [◇]ETH Zürich
[‡]Facebook [○]King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok ^{*}University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (IX)

- Damla Senol Cali, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Joel Lindegger, Zülal Bingöl, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Ziyi Zuo, Can Firtina, Meryem Banu Cavlak, Jeremie Kim, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Gagandeep Singh, Juan Gomez-Luna, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Mohammed Alser, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
"SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping"
Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), New York, June 2022.
[[arXiv version](#)]

SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping

Damla Senol Cali¹ Konstantinos Kanellopoulos² Joël Lindegger² Zülal Bingöl³
Gurpreet S. Kalsi⁴ Ziyi Zuo⁵ Can Firtina² Meryem Banu Cavlak² Jeremie Kim²
Nika Mansouri Ghiasi² Gagandeep Singh² Juan Gómez-Luna² Nour Almadhoun Alserr²
Mohammed Alser² Sreenivas Subramoney⁴ Can Alkan³ Saugata Ghose⁶ Onur Mutlu²

¹Bionano Genomics ²ETH Zürich ³Bilkent University ⁴Intel Labs

⁵Carnegie Mellon University ⁶University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (X)

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu,
"Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design"
Proceedings of the 38th International Conference on Data Engineering (ICDE),
Virtual, May 2022.
[[arXiv version](#)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Short Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design

Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[◇] Geraldo F. Oliveira[‡] Onur Mutlu[‡]
[†]*Google* [◇]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign* [‡]*ETH Zürich*

Adoption: Accelerating Key Applications (XI)

- To appear at MICRO 2022

GenPIP: In-Memory Acceleration of Genome Analysis via Tight Integration of Basecalling and Read Mapping

Haiyu Mao¹ Mohammed Alser¹ Mohammad Sadrosadati¹ Can Firtina¹ Akanksha Baranwal¹
Damla Senol Cali² Aditya Manglik¹ Nour Almadhoun Alserr¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹*ETH Zürich*

²*Bionano Genomics*

Adoption: How to Keep It Simple?

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoungh Choi, **"PIM-Enabled Instructions: A Low-Overhead, Locality-Aware Processing-in-Memory Architecture"** *Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA)*, Portland, OR, June 2015.
[[Slides \(pdf\)](#)] [[Lightning Session Slides \(pdf\)](#)]

PIM-Enabled Instructions: A Low-Overhead, Locality-Aware Processing-in-Memory Architecture

Junwhan Ahn Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu[†] Kiyoungh Choi

junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr

Seoul National University

[†]Carnegie Mellon University

Adoption: How to Maintain Coherence? (I)

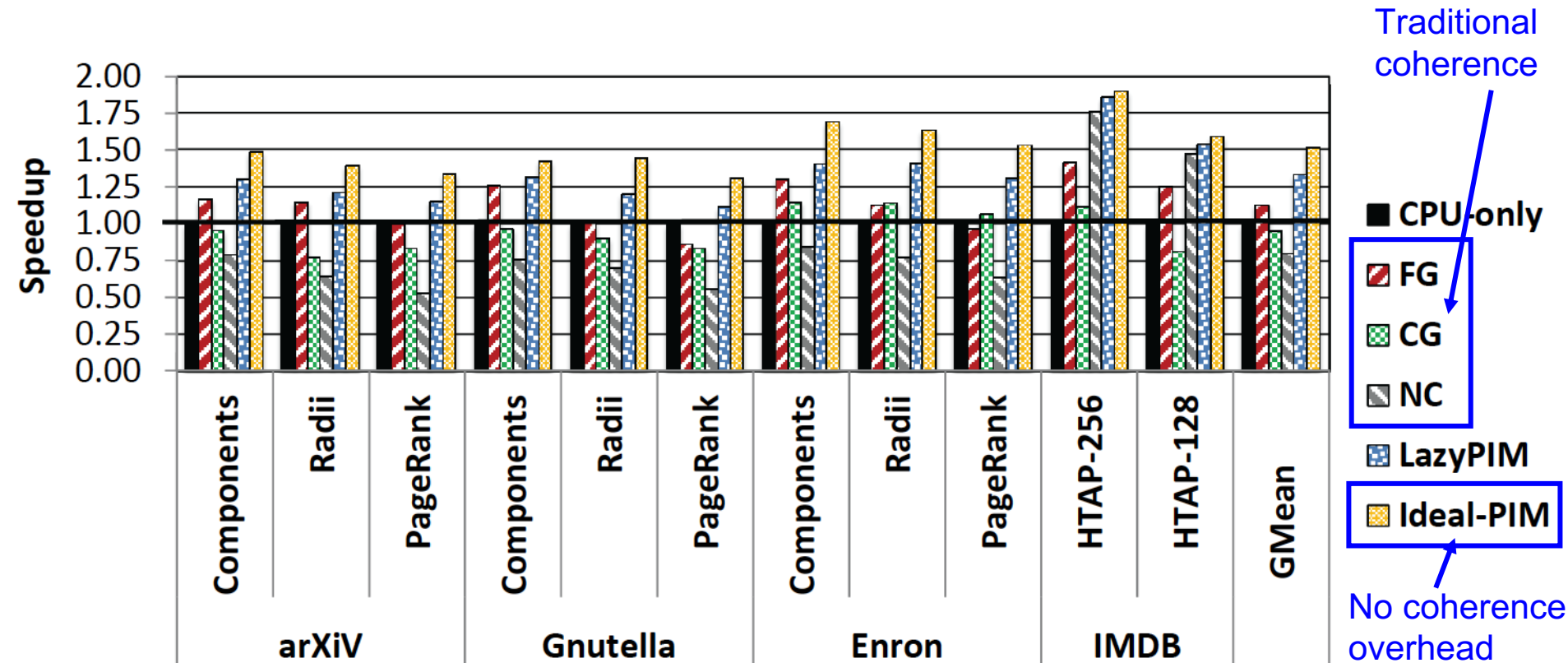
- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, Brandon Lucia, Kevin Hsieh, Krishna T. Malladi, Hongzhong Zheng, and Onur Mutlu,
"LazyPIM: An Efficient Cache Coherence Mechanism for Processing-in-Memory"
IEEE Computer Architecture Letters (**CAL**), June 2016.

LazyPIM: An Efficient Cache Coherence Mechanism for Processing-in-Memory

Amirali Boroumand[†], Saugata Ghose[†], Minesh Patel[†], Hasan Hassan^{†§}, Brandon Lucia[†],
Kevin Hsieh[†], Krishna T. Malladi^{*}, Hongzhong Zheng^{*}, and Onur Mutlu^{††}

[†]Carnegie Mellon University ^{*}Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. [§]TOBB ETÜ [‡]ETH Zürich

Challenge: Coherence for Hybrid CPU-PIM Apps



Adoption: How to Maintain Coherence? (II)

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, Brandon Lucia, Kevin Hsieh, Krishna T. Malladi, Hongzhong Zheng, and Onur Mutlu,
"CoNDA: Efficient Cache Coherence Support for Near-Data Accelerators"

Proceedings of the 46th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Phoenix, AZ, USA, June 2019.

CoNDA: Efficient Cache Coherence Support for Near-Data Accelerators

Amirali Boroumand[†]

Saugata Ghose[†]

Minesh Patel[★]

Hasan Hassan[★]

Brandon Lucia[†]

Rachata Ausavarungnirun^{†‡}

Kevin Hsieh[†]

Nastaran Hajinazar^{◇†}

Krishna T. Malladi[§]

Hongzhong Zheng[§]

Onur Mutlu^{★†}

[†]Carnegie Mellon University

[★]ETH Zürich

[‡]KMUTNB

[◇]Simon Fraser University

[§]Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.

Adoption: How to Support Synchronization?

- Christina Giannoula, Nandita Vijaykumar, Nikela Papadopoulou, Vasileios Karakostas, Ivan Fernandez, Juan Gómez-Luna, Lois Orosa, Nectarios Koziris, Georgios Goumas, Onur Mutlu, **"SynCron: Efficient Synchronization Support for Near-Data-Processing Architectures"**
Proceedings of the 27th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA), Virtual, February-March 2021.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Short Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (21 minutes)]
[[Short Talk Video](#) (7 minutes)]

SynCron: Efficient Synchronization Support for Near-Data-Processing Architectures

Christina Giannoula^{†‡} Nandita Vijaykumar^{*‡} Nikela Papadopoulou[†] Vasileios Karakostas[†] Ivan Fernandez^{§‡}
Juan Gómez-Luna[‡] Lois Orosa[‡] Nectarios Koziris[†] Georgios Goumas[†] Onur Mutlu[‡]
[†]*National Technical University of Athens* [‡]*ETH Zürich* ^{*}*University of Toronto* [§]*University of Malaga*

Adoption: How to Support Virtual Memory?

- Kevin Hsieh, Samira Khan, Nandita Vijaykumar, Kevin K. Chang, Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
["Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation"](#)
Proceedings of the 34th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (ICCD), Phoenix, AZ, USA, October 2016.

Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation

Kevin Hsieh[†] Samira Khan[‡] Nandita Vijaykumar[†]
Kevin K. Chang[†] Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[†] Onur Mutlu^{§†}
[†]Carnegie Mellon University [‡]University of Virginia [§]ETH Zürich

DAMOV Analysis Methodology & Workloads

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

LOIS OROSA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

SAUGATA GHOSE, University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign, USA

NANDITA VIJAYKUMAR, University of Toronto, Canada

IVAN FERNANDEZ, University of Malaga, Spain & ETH Zürich, Switzerland

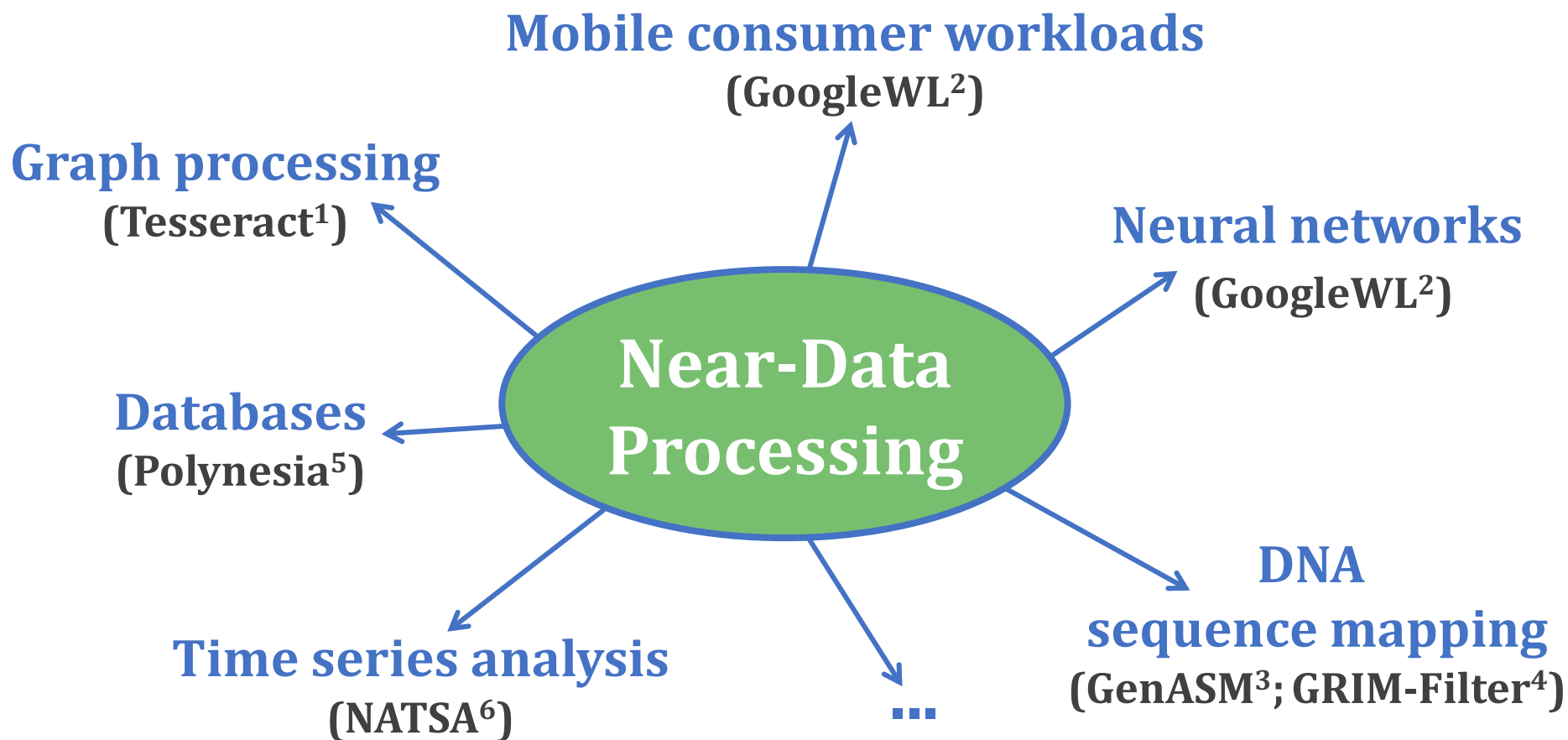
MOHAMMAD SADROSADATI, Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Iran & ETH Zürich, Switzerland

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Data movement between the CPU and main memory is a first-order obstacle against improving performance, scalability, and energy efficiency in modern systems. Computer systems employ a range of techniques to reduce overheads tied to data movement, spanning from traditional mechanisms (e.g., deep multi-level cache hierarchies, aggressive hardware prefetchers) to emerging techniques such as Near-Data Processing (NDP), where some computation is moved close to memory. Prior NDP works investigate the root causes of data movement bottlenecks using different profiling methodologies and tools. However, there is still a lack of understanding about the key metrics that can identify different data movement bottlenecks and their relation to traditional and emerging data movement mitigation mechanisms. Our goal is to methodically identify potential sources of data movement over a broad set of applications and to comprehensively compare traditional compute-centric data movement mitigation techniques (e.g., caching and prefetching) to more memory-centric techniques (e.g., NDP), thereby developing a rigorous understanding of the best techniques to mitigate each source of data movement.

With this goal in mind, we perform the first large-scale characterization of a wide variety of applications, across a wide range of application domains, to identify fundamental program properties that lead to data movement to/from main memory. We develop the first systematic methodology to classify applications based on the sources contributing to data movement bottlenecks. From our large-scale characterization of 77K functions across 345 applications, we select 144 functions to form the first open-source benchmark suite (DAMOV) for main memory data movement studies. We select a diverse range of functions that (1) represent different types of data movement bottlenecks, and (2) come from a wide range of application domains. Using NDP as a case study, we identify new insights about the different data movement bottlenecks and use these insights to determine the most suitable data movement mitigation mechanism for a particular application. We open-source DAMOV and the complete source code for our new characterization methodology at <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/DAMOV>.

When to Employ Near-Data Processing?



[1] Ahn+, "A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing," ISCA, 2015

[2] Boroumand+, "Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks," ASPLOS, 2018

[3] Cali+, "GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis," MICRO, 2020

[4] Kim+, "GRIM-Filter: Fast Seed Location Filtering in DNA Read Mapping Using Processing-in-Memory Technologies," BMC Genomics, 2018

[5] Boroumand+, "Polynesia: Enabling Effective Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Specialized Hardware/Software Co-Design," arXiv:2103.00798 [cs.AR], 2021

[6] Fernandez+, "NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis," ICCD, 2020

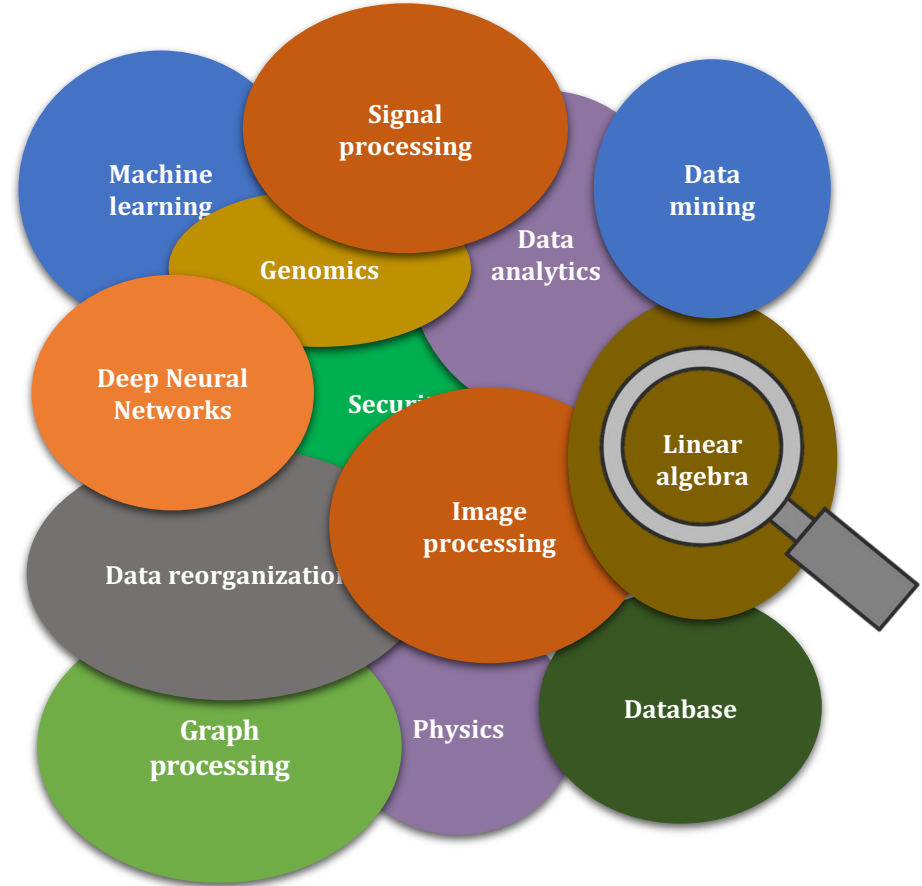
Step 1: Application Profiling

- We analyze 345 applications from distinct domains:

- Graph Processing
- Deep Neural Networks
- Physics
- High-Performance Computing
- Genomics
- Machine Learning
- Databases
- Data Reorganization
- Image Processing
- Map-Reduce
- Benchmarking
- Linear Algebra

...

SAFARI



Step 3: Memory Bottleneck Analysis

**Six classes of
data movement bottlenecks:**

each class $\leftrightarrow$ data movement
mitigation mechanism

Memory Bottleneck Class

1a: *DRAM
Bandwidth*

1b: *DRAM Latency*

1c: *L1/L2
Cache Capacity*

2a: *L3 Cache
Contention*

2b: *L1 Cache
Capacity*

2c: *Compute-Bound*

DAMOV is Open Source

- We open-source our **benchmark suite** and our **toolchain**

CMU-SAFARI / DAMOV

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About



DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing. Described by Oliveira et al. (preliminary version at <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03725.pdf>)

Readme

Releases

No releases published
[Create a new release](#)

Packages

No packages published
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Languages



omutlu Update README.md

ce1b4ea 17 days ago 5 commits

simulator

Cleaning

19 days ago

README.md

Update README.md

17 days ago

get_workloads.sh

DAMOV -- first commit

19 days ago

README.md



DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing.

The DAMOV benchmark suite is the first open-source benchmark suite for main memory data movement-related studies, based on our systematic characterization methodology. This suite consists of 144 functions representing different sources of data movement bottlenecks and can be used as a baseline benchmark set for future data-movement mitigation research. The applications in the DAMOV benchmark suite belong to popular benchmark suites, including [BWA](#), [Chai](#), [Darknet](#), [GASE](#), [Hardware Effects](#), [Hashjoin](#), [HPCC](#), [HPCG](#), [Ligra](#), [PARSEC](#), [Parboil](#), [PolyBench](#), [Phoenix](#), [Rodinia](#), [SPLASH-2](#), [STREAM](#).

DAMOV-SIM

DAMOV
Benchmarks

SAFARI

DAMOV is Open Source

- We open-source our [benchmark suite](#) and our [toolchain](#)

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About

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a

Get DAMOV at:

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/DAMOV>

README.md

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

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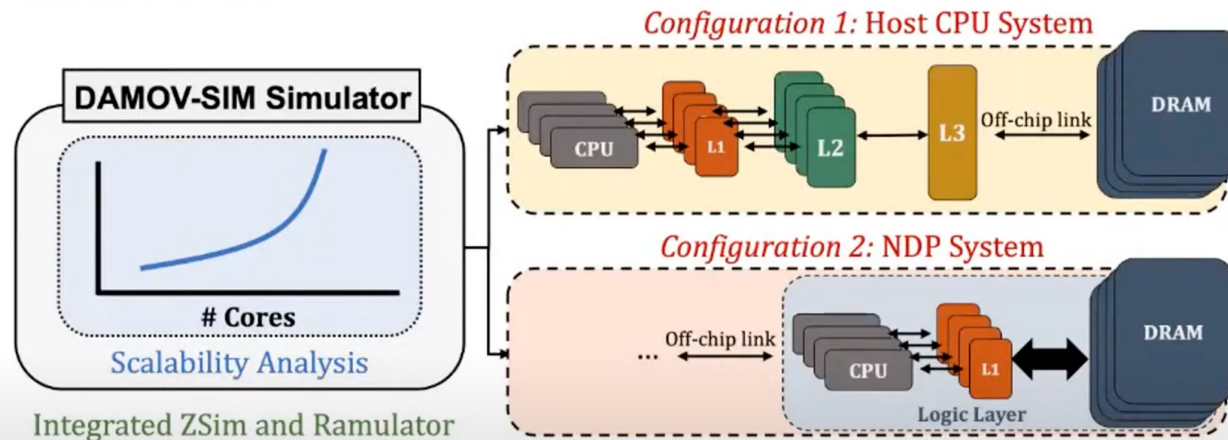
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Languages

More on DAMOV Analysis Methodology & Workloads

Step 3: Memory Bottleneck Classification (2/)

- **Goal:** identify the specific sources of data movement bottlenecks



- **Scalability Analysis:**
 - 1, 4, 16, 64, and 256 out-of-order/in-order host and NDP CPU cores
 - 3D-stacked memory as main memory

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More on DAMOV Methods & Benchmarks

- Geraldo F. Oliveira, Juan Gomez-Luna, Lois Orosa, Saugata Ghose, Nandita Vijaykumar, Ivan fernandez, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu,
"DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks"
IEEE Access, 8 September 2021.
Preprint in arXiv, 8 May 2021.
[[arXiv preprint](#)]
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[[DAMOV Suite and Simulator Source Code](#)]
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DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

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